SPECIAL EXTRA

The Irish Times.

PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1922. VOL. LXIV. NO. 20,478.

SDAY, 6th DECEMBER.
E SALE OF SEMI-DETACHED
SEHOLD RESIDENCES.
RM AND ROSLYN,
URE ROAD, RATHGAR,
ith Clear Possession.
N and SON have been instructed
BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
ove attractive Residences,
NARM and ROSLYN,
e dated 1st December, 1876, for
29th September, 1976, at the yearly
ach House will be Sold subject to
he said rent of £16, and clear pos-
given to purchasers. The Houses
ion rooms, 6 bedrooms, breakfast
d kitchen, with close range and
scullery), h. and c., excellent
dation, two with sinks h. and c.;
avatory, h. and c.; also drying
's, vinery, summerhouse, side and
and very long gardens front and
Houses are very substantial and
-date, and are on the tram line.
d Interest on the Premises GLEN-
lock sharp. Purchasers to pay
ion Fees.
after the Sale of the Houses, the
e and Modern Household Furniture
ding—Upright Iron Grand Piano,
e, by Justin Browne, London; 6ft.
-back Sideboard, Ebonized China
Mahogany Side Table, Dining-
nut Davenport, Six-piece Drawing
velvet; Antique Mahogany Hall
Chairs, Umbrella Stand, Carved
es, Settees, Walnut Led Tables,
e Mahogany Presses, Milner's Safe,
with Circular Saw Attachment, in
nantity of Deals, Wall
and Overmantel Mirrors; Oriental
of Books, Bookcases, Marble Clock
Mahogany Round Pedestal
tures, etc.
Furniture comprises—Double and
sted Bedsteads, Spring and Hair
ers, and Pillows, Fumed Oak and
droom Suites, Mahogany Chest of
ing Gent's Wardrobes, Marble-top
et Tables and Glasses, Ware, Com-
Chairs, Bamboo Tables, Fenders,
Kitchen, Furniture and Cooking
Glass, Delph, etc.; Gas Stove, Meat
oorbarrow, Lawn Mower, Garden
Plants, Garden Tools, etc.
day, 5th December, 1922. Admis-
d. to avoid overcrowding.
p.m. sharp. Purchasers to pay
on Fees.
e of Sale apply to
DO P. BEATER, Esq., Solicitor,
Leinster street.
Houses to be obtained from
ALLEN & SON,
tioneers and Valuers,
ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN.
RSDAY, 14th DECEMBER, 1922,
F SPACIOUS RESIDENCE,
rivate Hotel or Boarding House,
PARADE, CLONTARF
N and SON have been instructed by
to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION
disposal of the Lease of
VERNON PARADE, CLONTARF,
for a residue of 92 years at the
£5, and containing seven bedrooms,
drawing-room (with folding doors
rs), breakfast room, hot and cold
n, kitchen, large garden front and
, entrance, motor garage. The
stifully situate, facing Dublin Bay,
tarf tram line, within easy reach
and are on gravel soil. Also
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
hich will appear in future advertise-
ers so pay five per cent. Auction
hold Interest on the premises at
Share immediately after.
articulars and Conditions of Sale
ALLEN & SON, Auctioneers,
ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN.
T PRELIMINARY NOTICE.
ARAGE-OWNERS,
S, MILL-OWNERS, &c.
OMERY and SON are instructed
BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
TUESDAY and THURSDAY,
TH DECEMBER NEXT,
THE STORES,
FORD PLACE, DUBLIN.
nt Collection, ENGINEERING
OLS, LATHES, DRILLING
INDERS, Milling Machines, Lathe
el; WOOD-WORKING MACHINE
ss, Planers, Boring, Dovetail, and
s; Saw Benches and small Tools;
ORLIS, Vulcanisers, Ferodo Brake
Gears, Mechanical Stokers, Jacks,
Kits, Lamps, 1,000 PULLEYS, in
ar, Hydraulic Jacks, 30 cwt. to
cks, suitable for Contractors; and
Steel Sashes; Smith's Tools, in
rges, and Swage Blocks; Copper-
bers; Tools in cases; Bolts, Nuts,
ricators, etc., etc.
ulars in future advertisements,
ch are in course of preparation.
NTGOMERY & SON
oneers and Valuers,
OUSE, 24 SUFFOLK STREET,
DUBLIN.
CATTLE SALES
SSIA STREET, DUBLIN,
Y THURSDAY.
LOW, LTD.,
NTINUATION OF
AND HOUSES AND
SEE PAGE 11.
C WHITE
White Lead for
rnal or internal
nd is more eco-
t has equal den-
greater covering
te or ready to use.
on application.
KRELL
ED CO., LIMITED.
rge's St., Dublin
ervois 4 tins and private
change.

FURNITURE.

MILLAR & BEATTY.

Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 2d.

ROLL OF HONOUR.
(1914-1918).
IN MEMORIAM.

GIBSON—In loving memory of our dear son, Harry, Second Lieutenant, Royal Dublin Fusiliers, who died of wounds received in action, France, November 27, 1916. "Be thou faithful unto death and I will give thee the crown of life." Rev. ii., 10.

BIRTHS.

BURN—November 16, 1922, at 39 Upper Mount st., Dublin, the wife of Captain F. Burn, Indian Army, of a daughter.

CLEEVE—November 20, 1922, at Ivanhoe, Lansdowne rd., to Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Cleeve, of Broadlawn, Limerick, a son.

de SALES LA TERRIERE—November 21, 1922, at Killiran Castle, co. Tipperary, the wife of F. J. R. de Sales La Terriere, M.F.H., of a son.

KERNAN—November 22, 1922, to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Kernan, 15 Sallymount av., Losson Park, a son.

SIMPSON—November 12, 1922, at Funing, Fahkien, S. China, to Rev. R. W. and Mrs. Simpson, a daughter.

DEATHS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this Column will be found on Page 4.

BEWLEY—November 25, 1922, at Sandford Grove, Dublin, after a long illness, William Frederick Bewley, aged 75 years. Funeral (private) at Temple Hill, at 10 a.m., on Wednesday. No flowers, by request.

GOODALL—November 24, 1922, at 103 The Mount, Belfast, Emily, wife of W. A. Goodall, Killybegs, Co. Donegal. Deeply regretted by husband and children. Funeral to Killybegs to-day (Monday), 27th, by first train.

GORMAN—November 25, 1922, at St. Columba's, Drumcondra, Dublin, Venerable Timothy Archdeacon Gorman, P.P. R.I.P. Requiem Office and High Mass, at 11 a.m., to-morrow (Tuesday), 28th inst. His Grace the Archbishop will preside.

GRAVES—November 24, 1922, at Worthing, Sussex, William, eldest son of the late Major Arthur Preston Graves, and grandson of the late William Graves, Secretary, Bank of Ireland. Deeply regretted by his sorrowing wife and family.

HILLIARD—November 25, 1922, at his residence, 3 Coulson av., Rathgar, Robert Richard Williams, youngest son of the late William Hilliard, 2 Denny st., Tralee, dearly-loved husband of Bessie Hilliard (nee Todd). Funeral to-day (Monday), 10 o'clock, to Mount Jerome Cemetery.

JOHNSTON—November 25, 1922, at the residence of his nephew, Kilcannadon, Enniscorthy, Samuel R. Johnston, aged 78 years, formerly of Ballinash, Co. Wexford. Funeral, at 11.30 o'clock, to-day (Monday) for Kilcormack.

KENNEDY—November 24, 1922, very suddenly, Edward de Vere Kennedy, of Westown, Straffan, co Kildare, aged 65. Funeral at Straddally, Co. Waterford.

LAMBERT—November 23, 1922, in Dublin, Thomas Drummond Lambert, M.R.C.V.S., Annefield, Clonsilla, and Store st., Dublin, dearly-loved husband of Mrs. R. Lambert, eldest son of the late Thomas Drummond Lambert and Mrs. Lambert, of Mount Anthony, Rathmines. Funeral will leave Mount Anthony, Ardee rd., Rathmines, for Mount Jerome this (Monday) morning at 9 o'clock.

LYNCH—November 26, 1922, at his residence, 162 Clonliffe rd., Drumcondra, Bernard Lynch, aged 83 years. R.I.P. Funeral, at 10 a.m., Wednesday, 29th inst. No flowers.

LYNCH—At the residence of her mother, 49 High st., Kilkenny, Christina, only daughter of the late Mr. J. P. Lynch and Mrs. Lynch. R.I.P. Funeral to Danesfort, at 12.30, to-day (Monday), November 27th.

MOFFITT—November 22, 1922, at her residence, The Donegal House, West End, Bendoran, Mary, second daughter of the late G. F. S. Moffitt.

MURRAY—November 26, 1922, suddenly, at Westbourne, Ennis, Helena, daughter of the late Anthony Murray, of Cork. Deeply regretted, R.I.P.

STEEN—November 24, 1922, at 30 College Gardens, Belfast, Elizabeth Jane, widow of the late John C. Steen, Edinburgh, in her 90th year.

WYBRANTS—November 23, 1922, suddenly, at Cheltenham, Charles Wybrants. Higginbotham-Wybrants, elder son of the late Lieutenant-Colonel C. Higginbotham, of Grosvenor rd., Dublin.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Mrs. Codd, Drumcondra rd., in tendering her sincere thanks to all friends for their kindness during the illness and death of her late husband and the numerous friends for their kind sympathy in her bereavement, trusts all will accept this acknowledgment as individual response would be impossible at present.

IN MEMORIAM.

MOORE—In loving memory of Henry Johnstone Moore, who died November 26th, 1920. Inserted by his loving wife, sons, and daughters.

MURPHY—Faithful and ever-loving memory of my dear husband, Thomas Murphy, who died at his residence, "Ard-na-Chree," Thurles, 27th November, 1916. Deartly loved and deeply mourned. Sweet Jesus, have mercy.

NORTON—In loving memory of my dear father, George Norton, who fell asleep November 27th, 1921, at his late residence, 5 Rutland square, East, Dublin. "At the going down of the sun and in the morning I remember you."—M. Patterson.

TYRRELL—In loving memory of Angelina Tyrrell, Clayton, Carbury, died November 26th, 1921. "Safe in the arms of Jesus."

NICHOLS'
'Phone—276. 'Phone—276.
FUNERAL AND CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT,
Lombard street (Westend Row), Coffins, Hearses, and Every Requisite Economy and Punctuality.

FUNERAL REQUISITES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
WALLER,
49 and 50 DENZILLE STREET (Merrion square).
SALOON HORSE HEARSE.
Private Mortuary.
'Phone—131. Wires—"Undertaker, Dublin."

FARRELL'S
FUNERAL and CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT.
SALOON MOTOR HEARSE.
66 MARLBOROUGH STREET. Telephone—711.
MOTOR FUNERALS SUPPLIED.
MILLER & CO., BRAY.
MOTOR HEARSE. MOTOR AMBULANCE.
Telegrams—Collier, Bray. 'Phone—Bray 116 (2 lines).

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
KATHLEEN CLARE GIBBS, late of Prospect House, Rathdrum, in the County of Wicklow, Widow, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be Creditors, or otherwise having any claim or demand against the Estate or Assets of the said Kathleen Clare Gibbs, deceased, who died on the 25th day of December, 1921, are hereby required, on or before the 15th day of December, 1922, to furnish (in writing) particulars of such claims and demands to the undersigned Solicitors for Major John Tate Gibbs, the Administrator, to whom Letters of Administration of the personal Estate and Effects of the said Deceased were granted by the Principal Registry of the King's Bench Division (Probate) of the High Court of Justice in Southern Ireland on the 14th day of August, 1922. And in default thereof, the said Administrator will proceed to distribute the Assets of the said Deceased, having regard only to the claims of which notice and particulars shall have been given as above required.

Dated this 23rd day of November, 1922.
COLLIS and WARD, Solicitors for the Administrator, 15 Clare street, Dublin.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE IN SOUTHERN IRELAND.
KING'S BENCH DIVISION.
In the Goods of
MARY ANNE JANE LAMBERT, formerly of Alameda City, and late of the City of Oakland, both in the said County of Alameda State of California, Widow, Deceased.

TO ALL PERSONS CONCERNED:

Take Notice that we intend to apply for a Grant of Letters of Administration with the Will annexed of the personal estate of the above-named Deceased, and that on the expiration of eight days from this date the Grant may issue unless a Caveat be entered in the Principal Registry of the above Division at the King's Inns, Henrietta street, Dublin.

Dated this 27th day of November, 1922.
MOLLOY, FAYLE and CO., Solicitors for Gerald S. Fayle, intended Administrator, 18 Eustace street, Dublin.

Notice of Sitting for Proof of Debts.—21.
IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE IN SOUTHERN IRELAND.
KING'S BENCH DIVISION.—IN BANKRUPTCY.
In the Matter of
WILSON CARGILL, of The Hollow, Aghaloughan, Glaslough, County Monaghan, Farmer, a Bankrupt.

A Public Sitting in this Matter will be held before the Chief Registrar at the Bankruptcy Buildings, King's Inns, Henrietta street, Dublin, on Friday, the 15th day of December, 1922, at the hour of eleven o'clock, forenoon, for the Proof and Admission of Debts and for the vouching of the Official Assignee's account.

A creditor may prove his debt at the sitting, or send his Affidavit of Debt in the prescribed form or his detailed account to the undernamed Official Assignee, four days previously to the Sitting in order to have the same admitted.

Dated this 25th day of November, 1922.
C. B. CLARKE, Deputy Registrar.
A. G. HOLLINSHEAD, Official Assignee, Bankruptcy Buildings, King's Inns, Henrietta street, Dublin.
BENNETT THOMPSON and EDWARDS, Solicitors, 12 Molesworth street, Dublin.

THE FIRST RECORD of Irish Events, with up-to-date Illustrations for home and overseas readers will be found in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." Price Twopence.

MISCELLANEOUS.

INFORMATION WANTED.
MRS. ANNIE KENNEDY (nee Hoare), stated to be to live, or have lived, in Dublin, or her personal Representative or her Next-of-Kin, may hear of something to their advantage on communicating with
LAURENCE J. O'NEILL, Solicitor, 55 Molesworth street, Dublin.

FOR SALE, very comfortable Residence, with 97 Statute Acres, close to Dublin, subject to £30 a year and small tithe only. Particulars from Messrs. Maxwell Weldon, Solicitors, North Great George's street, Dublin.

OFFICES WANTED.
WANTED near Dame street, large, roomy Offices, capable of accommodating a staff of 100 clerks. One room must be sufficiently large to hold 50 clerks. Advertiser will consider the renting of a whole Building. Apply, giving full particulars, rent, etc., to
Z 1681, this office.

ARTIST—First-class Work. Posters, Show Cards, Headings, Labels, etc.—WALTER TILL, 11 Dame street, Dublin. 'Phone 4458

ELGIN ROAD—Attractive House for Sale, with possession in January.—N. L. MORAN, 19 Eustace street.

FRANCO-IRISH TRADE.
WHOLESALE Buyers invited to inspect large display of French Produce and Manufactured Goods, or write 61 Lower O'Connell street, Dublin. SHOWROOMS PERMANENTLY OPEN.

"TAMILSE," the Tea for FLAVOUR. Packed in ¼, ½, and 1 lb. Packets. Ask for it.

FURNITURE AUCTIONS CONDUCTED.—James H. North and Co., Auctioneers, Grafton street. Established 1829.

WHY PAY MORE? The Cheapest and Best Luncheon in Dublin. 2-Course Luncheon, 1/6; 3-Course, 2/-. Oysters fresh daily.—RED BANK RESTAURANT, D'Olier street.

TIME-KEEPERS.
CHANCELLOR and SON,
Celebrated Watches and Clocks.
7 GRAFTON STREET

CYLINDER AND END OVER END CHURNS.
JOHN C. PARKES and SONS, LTD.,
COOMBE, DUBLIN.

ELVERY & CO., LTD.,
Agents for DICK'S BALATA BELTING.
ELEPHANT HOUSE, DUBLIN, CORK & LONDON.

BROOKS, THOMAS AND CO., LTD., DUBLIN.
CORNELL WOOD BOARD.
Excels for Walls, Ceilings, and Partitions.
4½d. per square foot.

VALUATIONS OF FURNITURE, HOUSE Property, etc., made for Probate and all purposes.—James H. North and Co., Valuers, Grafton street.

EXCHANGE BUILDINGS, LTD., 54 South King street.
VISIT OUR SHOWROOMS, and inspect Latest Novelties in Bathroom Fittings, Electrical Domestic Appliances, Fancy Shades, etc.

OVERCOATS Turned successfully. Booklet and Price List. Write Invisible Repair Co., Dept. I.T., St. Martin's Ch., Ledgate Hill, London, E.C.4.

ASK your Grocer for "ANNE LYNCH'S TEA." If unable to obtain locally drop a post-card to The Cairo, Ltd., 54 South King street, Dublin.

PAINTING and DECORATING by Skilled Experienced Tradesmen. Moderate Charges. Estimates Free.—M. J. Greene and Sons, Mount Eden road, Donnybrook.

PRETTY WALLPAPERS
Make healthy, cheerful rooms. Large Stock at considerably reduced prices.
Samples Free.
DOCKRELL, LIMITED, Dublin.

MORIA RESTAURANT,
TRINITY STREET (COLLEGE GREEN).
Two minutes from Trinity College.
Charcoal Grill.
P. NUGENT, Proprietor.

8TH CO. P.M. Draw—Winning Nos., 348, 249, 840.

HEATING STOVES, Household Ironmongery.—THOMAS HENSHAW and CO., LTD., Christchurch place.

CARSON'S LIQUID PAINTS.—Write for Colour-Card and Prices.—Carson's 32 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin.

INCOME TAX Recovered; Returns Filled; Super Tax Statements Prepared.—J. T. WALLACE, Expert, 10 Nassau street, Dublin. 'Phone 1585.

PARTNERSHIP.

WANTED, Gentleman, with £5,000 to £10,000, to take up active or sleeping interest in Old Established Manufacturing Concern in Ireland. The Firm is one of the best known in the country, and holds a long record of success. The new capital is required for an extension of operations in order to meet the growing demand for home manufactured articles. This is a genuine opportunity for any young gentleman to acquire a third share of the business, and to learn the trade.
Principals and those with capital only need apply.
D 776, this office.

ALL Travelling Goods, Bags, Suit Cases, Trunks, Toys, Dumb-bells, Fishing, Golf, Footballs.—William A. Moore, 7 Aston's quay, Dublin.

ARTISTIC WALLPAPERS. Cheapest Rooms in this Line in Dublin.—JONES AND SONS, LTD., 41 STEPHEN'S GREEN.

HOW MONEY IS MADE.
£5, £10, £20, £50, £100
MAY BE DOUBLED IN A WEEK.
by Dealing in Active Shares.
Full particulars, with current price list, sent gratis and post free by the London Share and Investment Co., 14-16 Cockspur st., London, S.W. 1.

THE NATIONAL MATERNITY HOSPITAL,
HOLLES STREET.

The Governors of the National Maternity Hospital wish to thank the Rev. John Hannon, P.P., for his eloquent appeal on behalf of the Hospital on the 15th October, 1922, those who made so generous a response to it, and the kind friends who sent contributions since the 1st April, 1922.

Response to sermon and Governors' subscriptions—

John P. Butler	£5	5	0
Sir Andrew Horne	5	0	0
Captain Grant, R.N.	5	0	0
Mrs. Frank Martin	5	0	0
Joseph H. Murphy	5	0	0
Mrs. Christopher Tierney	3	3	0
Daniel O'Connell Miley	3	3	0
Peter Murphy	3	3	0
Patrick Lynch, K.C.	3	3	0
Mrs. Ray	3	3	0
Colonel Comyn	2	2	0
Henry C. Lynch	2	2	0
The Right Hon. the Master of the Rolls	2	2	0
Mrs. O'Reilly	2	2	0
Mrs. Gerald Mooney	2	2	0
The Dublin Steam Shipping Co.	2	2	0
The Right Rev. Monsignor Dunne, P.P., V.G.	2	2	0
The Rev. Thomas McNevin, C.C.	2	2	0
The Rev. John Hatton, P.P.	2	2	0
A Governor	2	2	0
Dr. White	2	2	0
Mrs. White	2	2	0
Dr. M. F. Cox	2	2	0
Miss Boland	2	2	0
The Rev. Chas. Ridgeway, P.P.	2	2	0
Philip Little	2	2	0
The Rev. T. P. Byrne, P.P.	2	2	0
The Bloomfield Laundry	2	2	0
Mrs. Joseph Mooney	2	2	0
Edmund Lupton, K.C.	2	2	0
Surgeon McArdle	2	2	0
Mrs. McArdle	2	2	0
Collected by Mr. Quigley, Coal Department Gas Company	2	17	6
The Very Rev. Canon Walshe, P.P.	2	0	0
Lady Grace	2	0	0
Ralph Byrne	2	0	0
W. Eustace	2	0	0
The Most Rev. Dr. Gilmartin	2	0	0
Surgeon Blayney	2	0	0
A Lady Friend	2	0	0
Anonymous, per the Rev. W. Farrell, Adm.	2	0	0
Mrs. Molloy	1	1	0
Mrs. Finegan	1	1	0
William Murphy	1	1	0
Angoymous, per Dr. White	1	1	0
Sir George Roche	1	1	0
James MacLoone, K.C.	1	1	0
Mrs. Carton	1	1	0
Dr. John Cunningham	1	1	0
Nurse Doyle	1	1	0
Mrs. Mills McDonnell	1	1	0
M. F. Fanning	1	0	0
A. F. Gallagher	1	0	0
T. Mcleady	1	0	0
Mrs. Byrne	1	0	0
Mrs. Bodkin	1	0	0
Maurice Doe	1	0	0
M. Dunne	1	0	0
Burke and Son (Mrs. Moran)	1	0	0
Dr. Tierney	1	0	0
George Colles	1	0	0
Dr. Kennedy Cahill	1	0	0
The Hon. Mrs. Farrell	1	0	0
"A Friend"	1	0	0
M.A.B.	1	0	0
The very Rev. Canon Keown, P.P., V.G.	1	0	0
"N. R. B."	1	0	0
Brooks Thomas, Messrs.	1	0	0
Arnott and Co., Messrs.	1	0	0
Bolands, Ltd.	1	0	0
Miss Norman	1	0	0
Joseph Sullivan	1	0	0
Miss Redington Roche	1	0	0
D. Murphy	1	0	0
Mrs. Kavanagh	0	10	6
The following gave 10/- each:—Dolland's, Ltd.; John O'Grady, P. McCartan, M. Power, Mrs. Stoker, John Byrne, Mr. and Mrs. Laurence Greene, Mr. McDonald, 7/6—Mrs. McLoughlin, 6—Mrs. Kerrigan, 5—Mrs. Bestor, Mrs. Murphy, Mrs. the Misses Smythe, Mrs. Collins, Mrs. Flynn, A Friend, 2/6—Mrs. Warden, M. O'S. Collected by the Nurses in Westland row, £44 18/6. Collected by the Nurses in Rathmines, £25 2/4.			

PREVIOUS SUBSCRIPTIONS.

The Port and Docks Board	5	5	0
Messrs. Jacob and Co.	5	0	0
Henry J. Monaghan	5	3	0
Francis S. Sheridan	3	3	0
Dr. Alfred Smith	3	3	0
Patrick Marlow	3	0	0
Thomas Brindley	3	2	0
Patrick J. Reddy	2	2	0
Sir Joseph Downes	2	2	0
P. O'Reilly	2	2	0
Mrs. Hobbinson	2	2	0
Mrs. Fitzgerald Lombard	2	0	0
The Rev. John Leonard, P.P.	2	0	0
Anonymous	1	2	0
The Rev. W. Beacken, P.P.	1	0	0
Mrs. Rose Maguire	1	0	0
Anonymous	0	11	0
Mrs. Brennan	0	5	0

The Governors trust that their many friends who have not yet sent their usual annual subscriptions will do so, and that further support will be sent to enable them to carry out the improvements necessary for the comfort of the patients.

THE TRIPP,
THE WORLD'S LIGHT-WEIGHT
MOTOR CYCLE,
24 Gns.
(Carriage PAID).
200 MILES PER GALLON OF PETROL
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.
DEMONSTRATIONS GLADLY GIVEN.
HIBERNIAN MOTOR CO., LTD.,
9 NASSAU STREET, DUBLIN.
'Phone—931. Wires—"Hibmoco, Dublin."

LIBERTY BAZAAR
NOW OPEN.
Immense Variety of Dainty, Useful and Inexpensive Articles, suitable for Xmas Gifts.
PIM BROTHERS, LTD.,
EXCHEQUER STREET.

WARM FLANNEL SHIRTS.
FRESH DELIVERY.
SMART PATTERNS.
7/6, 10/6, 12/6.
Reliable Goods.
GRANDY, Stephen's Green, DUBLIN.

CARPETS SHAKEN AND CLEANED.
Our New Rotary and Air Process removes all Dust, raises the Pile, and Revives the Fabric.
HOUSEHOLD GOODS AND WEARING APPAREL CLEANED AND DYED.
ANDERSON, STANFORD, & RIDGEWAY, LTD., 22/25 GRAFTON STREET.

HOTELS & HEALTH RESORTS.

MORAN'S HOTEL,
DUBLIN.
RE-OPENED.
BUSINESS AS USUAL.
Telephone—No. 914. P. A. MORAN, Proprietor.

SALTHILL HOTEL,
MONKSTOWN, CO. DUBLIN.
WINTER TERMS ON APPLICATION.
Residents have the option of taking meals at the Royal Hibernian Hotel, Dublin.
Salthill is one minute from train and tram.

THE SHELBOURNE,
THE LEADING DUBLIN HOTEL.
REDUCED RATES EN PENSION
NOVEMBER TO MARCH.
BANQUETS and RECEPTIONS A SPECIALITY.
CHOICEST CUISINE AND WINES.

KINGSTOWN
HOTEL CARLISLE.
Magnificently situated over East Pier, commanding beautiful views of Dublin Bay, Howth. Most Comfortable. Adjacent to Golf Links. Lounge, in which dances are held; also Billiard and Writing Rooms recently added. One minute from Station. Mail Steamers and Baths. Free Garage. Apply Proprietress. 'Phone 119 Kingstown.

BLACKPOOL IMPERIAL HYDROPATHIC HOTEL.
IN OWN GROUNDS, FACING THE SEA. 300 ROOMS. TURKISH, RUSSIAN, and SALT WATER PLUNGE BATHS. GARAGE. 'Phone 291. Telegrams—"Imperial." Tariff apply Manager.

LLANDUDNO.
MARINE HOTEL.
CENTRE OF PROMENADE.
Under Entirely New Management.
EXCELLENT CUISINE AND SERVICE.
FULLY LICENSED.
EN PENSION, 4½ guineas per week. Tariff on application to MANAGER.

LLANDUDNO—CRAIGSIDE HYDRO. An ideal Resort. 2 dining rooms, 3 lounges, 100 bedrooms, electric lift to all floors, ballroom, 2 covered tennis courts, garage for 40 cars. Motor bus meets trains. R. R. MUNRO, Manager.

LLANDUDNO—"ORMSCLIFFE." Prom. First-class, comfortable Hotel. Terms from 7½ guineas. 250 Dance and entertainment each evg. Mod.

LLANDUDNO, BODLONDEB Residential Hotel, Church Walks, 3 min. Pier & Concerts, Sheltered position. Close golf links. Spacious lounge and bar.

HARROGATE—SPA HYDRO, King's rd. (Tel. 409), overlooking Royal Hall, nr. Baths and Pump Rooms. Special Winter Residential Terms. Book now for Xmas and New Year Festivities.

BOARDING AND HOTELS.

AT Ray's, Fitzwilliam place, Dublin. En Pension terms. 'Phone, 4600.

A'T Dublin—Powe's Hotel, Kildare st., fully licensed; central; moderate. Telephone, 408. 31 T

COLWYN Bay—"Larchwood," Marine road, West End—Board Residence, 6½ per week; 1 min. pier, R.C. Church; perfect cuisine, tariff.—Prop. 36 11

COLWYN Bay—Spend your Christmas Holidays at Bowden's Boarding Establishment, East Parade. Write special terms. 23 C

LIVERPOOL—Business or Pleasure, stay at Knott's Boarding-house; Bed and Breakfast 3/- and 4/-. 7 Aubrey street. 22 A

CONTRACTS.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

ERECTION OF 11 WORKMEN'S HOUSES (PARLOUR TYPE), UNDER THE HOUSING OF THE WORKING CLASSES ACTS.

THE ATHLONE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL invite Tenders for the Erection of 11 Houses (Two Blocks of 4 Houses and One Block of 3 Houses), and the Construction of Roads, Sewers, and Watermains in connection therewith, under the Housing of the Working Classes Acts, at the Woollen Mills Field, Athlone, in accordance with the Plans and Specifications for same prepared by T. F. McNamara, M.R.I.A.I., Architect, 193 Great Brunswick street, Dublin, and P. J. O'Loughlin, B.E., C.E., Engineer, the Courthouse, Athlone, and which may be seen at the Office of the Architect, Dublin, or the Engineer, Athlone, between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m.

The person whose Tender is accepted will be required to enter into a Written Contract, and also into a Bond, with two solvent sureties, in double the amount of the Contract, for the due performance of same. The Form of the Contract can be seen at the Offices of either the Architect or the Engineer.

Tenders must be made out on the special Tender Form, and be accompanied by the Contractor's own Bill of Quantities, priced in detail, showing how the Bulk Sum is arrived at. The Bill of Quantities to be enclosed in a separate envelope with the Tender Form. Tenders not complying with this requirement will be rejected.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the "Presiding Chairman, Town Hall, Athlone," endorsed "Tender for Houses," and sent by Registered Post, will be received by me up to, but not later than, 5 o'clock p.m. on Wednesday, the 20th day of December, 1922.

Tenders not sent by Registered Post will be rejected.

The Council do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender, and may reduce the number of houses to be built.

P. V. C. MURTAGH,
Clerk of the Council.
Town Hall, Athlone.

DUBLIN PORT AND DOCKS BOARD.
ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT.

The Dublin Port and Docks Board invite TENDERS for—

Section.
1. ROTARY CONVERTER PLANT.
2. TRANSFORMERS.
3. SWITCH BOARDS, SWITCH GEAR AND ACCESSORIES.

Copies of Specification and General Conditions can be obtained from the undersigned.

A Deposit of £3 3/-, in respect of each Specification is required—returnable as soon as the Contract is let, provided a bona fide Tender is submitted, and not withdrawn.

Sealed Tenders endorsed "Tender for Rotary Converters," "Tender for Transformers," and "Tender for Switch Boards, Switch Gear and Accessories," respectively, addressed to the undersigned, must be delivered, prepaid, by post, before Monday, the 18th December, 1922.

The Board do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.
(Signed)
J. MALLAGH, M. Inst. C.E.I., Engineer-in-Chief.
Port Engineer's Office, East Wall, Dublin.
Dated 23rd November, 1922.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

THE Town Commissioners of Mullingar will, at their meeting, to be held on TUESDAY, 5th DECEMBER, 1922, receive and consider Tenders for constructing new Sewers and erecting new Lavatories at St. Patrick's terrace and St. Loman's terrace, Mullingar.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Commissioners' Office any day between the hours of 10 a.m. and 6 o'clock p.m.

T. J. CARROLL, Town Clerk.
Town Commissioners' Office, Mullingar.

CUIRASS
ANTI-CORROSIVE PAINT
FOR CORRUGATED ROOFS.
PLATE, SHEET, and ORNAMENTAL GLASS.
HOYTE & SON, LTD.,
Glass and Paint Merchants,
21 MARLBOROUGH STREET.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH & IRISH S.P. CO., LTD.
Sailings from 27 SIR JOHN ROGERSON'S QUAY.
PLYMOUTH, SOUTHAMPTON, AND LONDON.
PASSENGER AND CARGO SERVICE
EVERY SATURDAY AT 2 p.m.
LONDON.
EVERY TUESDAY at 5 p.m. (Cargo only).
LIVERPOOL.
Passenger, Cargo, and Live Stock Sailings from NORTH WALL.
MONDAY, 27th NOVEMBER... 7 P.M.
TUESDAY, 28th NOVEMBER... 7 P.M.
WEDNESDAY, 29th NOVEMBER... 7 P.M.
THURSDAY, 30th NOVEMBER. 7 P.M.
MANCHESTER.
TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, and SATURDAYS (Cargo and Live Stock only).
PRESTON.
THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS (Cargo and Live Stock only).
Passengers, Cargo, and Live Stock carried subject to conditions specified in Company's Sailing Bills.
27 SIR JOHN ROGERSON'S QUAY, DUBLIN
Tel. 4921. Telegs.—" Ladyships."
Passenger Booking Office, 16 Westmoreland street. Telephone No. 1039

CLYDE SHIPPING CO., LTD.
DUBLIN TO WATERFORD AND CORK.
TUESDAY (Cargo and Passengers).
TO LIMERICK.
TUESDAY (Cargo Only).
Goods received for shipment on Monday and to 1 p.m. Tuesday subject to Company's Conditions of Transport.
George's quay, 25/11/'22.

at
Barnardo's
21 Grafton Street, Dublin

You will find a most exquisite selection of the Highest Grade Fur Garments expressing the latest idea in London and Parisian Fashions at very moderate prices and ideal for Yuletide Gifts . . .

From a unique selection of Fur Coats we illustrate a particularly attractive model Coat beautifully fashioned in
Beaver Coney
FROM 19 GUINEAS.
INSPECTION INVITED.

TODD, BURNS & CO., LTD.
EXTENSIVE HOUSE FURNISHING STORES.
UNIQUE VARIETY.
BEDROOM & DRAWINGROOM SUITES
AT MODERATE PRICES.
MARY STREET, DUBLIN.

PRESCOTT'S
FOR
PERFECTION
IN
DYEING & CLEANING.
Telephone Nos.—571 and 2856. (1)

IRISH CIVIL SERVICE BUILDING SOCIETY
(Open to the General Public.)
25 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.
LOANS GRANTED TO ASSIST IN BUILDING OR PURCHASING HOUSES IN DUBLIN AND SUBURBS.
TOTAL ASSETS, £360,000.
Deposits received at the following rates of Interest:—
At Call ..... 2 per cent. per annum.
For One or Two Years ..... 3 " "
For Three Years ..... 3½ " "
ALL FREE OF INCOME TAX.
For Prospectus and all information apply to ALFRED H. MERCER, Secretary.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH & IRISH STEAM PACKET CO., LTD.
DUBLIN AND CORK.
PASSENGER AND CARGO SERVICE.
EXPRESS STEAMER.
"LADY CARLOW" OR "BANDON" WILL SAIL DAILY AT 5 P.M.
(Sundays excepted)
FROM SIR JOHN ROGERSON'S QUAY.
Passengers, Cargo, and Live Stock carried subject to the conditions specified in Company's Sailing Bills.
27 Sir John Rogerson's quay, Dublin.

NEW MORRIS SIX PRICES.

17.9 MORRIS 6-cylinder 2-seater car £475
17.9 MORRIS 6-cylinder 4-seater car £500
17.9 MORRIS 6-cylinder Cabriolet (4-seater) ... £575
17.9 MORRIS 6-cylinder Coupé (2-seater)... ... £550
17.9 MORRIS 6-cylinder chassis, complete ... £375

Sole Morris Car Agents:

G. A. BRITTAIN, LTD., HATCH STREET, DUBLIN. 98

MOTOR MATTERS, BICYCLES, ETC.

MOTOR CARS.

CALCOTT 2/3 SEATERS, 10.5 h.p., dynamo lighting and starting, all-weather body and dickey £325

WALLEN, TRINITY STREET GARAGE, DUBLIN. T

A. F. Woods', Westland Row, big reductions; B.S.A. Cars from £250. T

CHOOSE A CHEVEROLET at £235, or Hollyhead, and you will choose the best value for money in the motor world. Ask anyone who owns a "Chev." what he thinks about it.
Distributors for South of Ireland,
LINCOLN MOTOR COMPANY,
LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN. T

1922 4-Seated Calthorpe, Shopsedan, cost £595. Price £240
1921 4-Seated Calthorpe, Demonstration, cost £490. Price £235
1922 4 cr 2-Seated Rhode, Demonstration, cost £285. Price £210
KEATING & LUNDY, 206 Gt. Brunswick st., Dublin. X

1923 SINGER, 2 or 4 Seater ..... 230 Gns.
1923 SINGER 14/6 LUXE, 2 or 4 Seater. 280 Gns.
All Weather £290
1923 GREY CAR £290
Call and see them for yourself.
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.
35 Miles to Gallon.

CUMMING AND DILLON'S AUTO SERVICE, 4 LOWER ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN. T

8 H.P. ROVER CARS

TWO SEATER £180
FOUR SEATER £190
TWO SEATER DE LUXE £200
FOUR SEATER DE LUXE £210
Ex Works.

THE ROVER CO., LTD., LORD EDWARD STREET. X

1923 VAUXHALL CARS.
14 hp. 25/60 hp. and 30/98 hp. Models.
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY. Sole Agents.
DISTANCE NO OBJECT
EXCHANGES. Full value allowed for your car.
BAMBERS LTD., 55 Liverpool Road, BIRKDALE.
'Phone 44 Birkdale (5 lines).

1923 DAIMLER CARS.
12 hp., 21 hp., 30 hp. and 45 hp. Models.
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY. Sole Agents.
DISTANCE NO OBJECT
EXCHANGES. Full value allowed for your car.
BAMBERS LTD., 55 Liverpool Road, BIRKDALE.
'Phone 44 Birkdale (5 lines).

MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE.
Comprehensive Policy, including
BURGLARY, HOUSEBREAKING, and THEFT.
Ask for quotations from
FRANK GIBSON-LLOYD and CO., LTD.,
50 Anglesea street, Dublin. X

AUCTION of Motors every Friday, 2.15 p.m., at the Nassau Motor Co. Showrooms, 25 Nassau st. Cars always on view. T

AUSTIN Car, 15 h.p., 1913, with 2 bodies, open and landaulette. Car absolutely first class condition, £500.—Gardiner and Duffner, Ballybrack road, Dublin. 24 C

BEAN 11.9, 2 Seater, double dicker, special coach-built body, exceptionally good condition, done 4,000 miles; £260.—D 663, this office. 23 B

FOR Sale, Dunlop, 12/16, four seater, in running order; price £50—Automobile Garage, Lemon street. 23 A

FORD Touring Car, first class order, newly painted. Address "Z 1641, Ford," this office. 23 A

FORD Sale, two Secondhand "Carburon" Stoves, 507. and £22 each; perfect running order. Apply Proprietor, Tonge's Seed Warehouse, 1 Aston quay, corner of Lord Clarion st. 24 A

FORD Two Seater, with self-starter, new condition; £185. Sell cheap. Address "Z 1688, Ford," this office. 25 B

HUMBERETTE Two Seater, good order, newly painted and upholstered.—Chilcot and Sons, Westland Row. 23 A

HANDSOME 4 Seater 1916 Perry Car, 11.9, for Sale, in perfect condition; price £275.—D 635, this office. 23 A

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS, ETC.

WANTED

WANTED immediately for County Dublin, experienced Chauffeur, single, strict T.T.; good mechanic, all summer engine, good references. Apply with copies discharges, stating wages required, all found. D 619, this office. T

WANTED Motor Mechanic for garage, with wide experience; state wages expected, experience, and enclose copies of references. Address "Z 1657, Mechanic," this office. 24 A

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED.

MORRIS Cowley 2 Seater, Gidley, self starter, speedometer, etc.; arrived; first cheque £255 and carriage secures.—M. and J. Dawson, Maynooth. 25 C

OVERLAND CARS.
From £268.

OVERLAND REPAIRS.

OVERLAND SPARE PARTS.
Head Agents and Distributors:
W. B. CRAWFORD, 29 and 30 Dawson st., Dublin. T

R.C.H. Two Seater, in good running order; bargain. Apply D 720, this office. 24 C

SAXON 1918 2 Seater, 4 cylinder, dynamo lighting, self starter, mechanically perfect, £90.—Marlborough 1914 2 Seater and dickey, mechanically sound, £50.—Coventry Premier, 1921 model, little used, £110.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green. 20 X

WOLSELEY 7, 10, 14, 15, and 20 h.p. Models, from £255, upwards, at Grafton Motor Co., 43 Grafton street, Dublin. T

WOLSELEY Touring Car, wire detachable wheels, new tyres; splendid condition; make excellent Taxi; Sell cheap.—18 Harcourt st.

MOTOR CYCLES.

"A1"—COME and see the largest stock and the best value in Ireland—Scabbard, Lewis, New Imperial, P. and M., Harley Davidson, Diamond, Les Francis, Sparkbrook, etc. Numerous Secondhand Machines at give away prices.—Wayte Bros., Lemon street. T

TRIUMPH MOTOR CYCLES.

New Prices; Belt and Chain Model, £95; All Chain Drive Model, £105.

WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE, DUBLIN. X

TRIUMPH 1923 PRICES.

TYPE H, 4 h.p., 3 speed, chain cum belt model, with magdyno lighting and Lucas bulb horn, etc. £84 10/-
TYPE L, 2½ h.p., two stroke, two speed, with kick starter and hand-controlled clutch, magdynette, Lucas horn, etc. £52 10/-

WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE, DUBLIN.

A STOUNDING Value—B.S.A., 23, £57 15/-; 3½ Sports £70, 4½ £72, 6 Twin £85.—Woods, Westland Row. T

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels.—Gorman, Pawnbroker, Winetavern st. (opposite Four Courts); new garage. T

ENFIELD, 2¼ h.p., 2 stroke, 2 speed, almost as new, for bargain, immediate purchaser; seen appointment, £6 5s. Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 25 D

NORTON Combination, December, 1921, with spare valves, tyre, tube, etc.; guaranteed in perfect mechanical order; best offer over £285 secures.—D 5480, this office. 23 B

NEW Imperial 24 Stroke Bicycle, 1919 model, brand new carriage, perfect order, £35, seemed offer.—Alexandra House, Greystones.

SUN, 2 stroke, 2 speed and clutch. Seen 27 Nassau st. Bachelor's Walk; what offers? 23 A

3½ RUDGE Multi, thoroughly overhauled, new pulley and tyre, £35; Sidecar, if wanted.—D 598, this office. 23 A

LORRIES, VANS; MOTOR AND STEAM HAULAGE.

WANTED, Ford Van Truck, also Ford Taxi and Ford Landaulette Body.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green. 21 X

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

NEW Motor Tyres and Tubes, all sizes; cheap to clear.—Stritch's Taxis, 1 South Circular road. 27 C

TYRE Repair Specialists, Covers and Tubes Vulcanised upon receipt; Broken Rims etc., remodelled; tyres new, guaranteed; Retreads, all sizes. Covers, by latest moulding process; ready three days; lowest quotations.—Smith's Vulcanising Works, Upper Liffey street, Dublin. 24 C

FOR Sale, Dunlop, 12/16, four seater, in running order; price £50—Automobile Garage, Lemon street. 23 A

FORD Touring Car, first class order, newly painted. Address "Z 1641, Ford," this office. 23 A

FORD Sale, two Secondhand "Carburon" Stoves, 507. and £22 each; perfect running order. Apply Proprietor, Tonge's Seed Warehouse, 1 Aston quay, corner of Lord Clarion st. 24 A

FORD Two Seater, with self-starter, new condition; £185. Sell cheap. Address "Z 1688, Ford," this office. 25 B

HUMBERETTE Two Seater, good order, newly painted and upholstered.—Chilcot and Sons, Westland Row. 23 A

HANDSOME 4 Seater 1916 Perry Car, 11.9, for Sale, in perfect condition; price £275.—D 635, this office. 23 A

BICYCLES.

"A1" CYCLES at Reduced Prices.—Sunbeam, B.S.A., Swift, Raleigh, Centaur, Swift, Dunlop, etc. Repairs and general overhauls under personal supervision of proprietors.—Wayte Bros., Ltd., Lemon street. 'Phone 5010 T

RALEIGHS, 1923, from £8; wonderful value.—Price Brothers, Chatham street (immediately off Grafton street). T

WANTED.

WANTED, Gentleman's Secondhand Bicycle, 3 speed; state make, price, particulars.—D 825, this office. 24 B

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS, CONTINUED.

DISENGAGED.

CHAUFFEUR, married, wants situation; any city; sidecar; mechanic; all repairs; good references.—P. Foord, Ballycotton, Co. Cork. 26 E

EXPERIENCED Motor Engineer will overhaul your car, repair, adjust engine, good references, satisfaction guaranteed; prices moderate; own tools.—D 587, this office. T

GROOM Chauffeur, disengaged, well suited; married, 6 or one child; good driver, running repairs, oil engine; good papers recommended. Address "Z 1650, Chauffeur," this office. 24 A

EMPLOYMENT WANTED CONTINUED.

SECRETARIAL, with 11 years' experience in Wholesale Soft Goods and Small Trade, wishes to hear of vacancy in Dublin house; presently engaged; highest references.—D 2699, Kenny's, Irish Advertising Headquarters, Dublin.

WELL educated young Lady desires post as Book-keeping, having no previous experience, desires post; can be well recommended.—706, Irish Times Branch Office, Cork.

YOUNG Well educated Girl desires post as Junior in Office or Cash Desk; some experience and well recommended.—D 770, this office. 24 A

YOUNG wages £22.

EX-SERVICE MEN WANTING PLACES.

EX-LEADING Seaman, Royal Navy, seeks Clerical employment; shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping, and general business knowledge; excellent testimonials. Apply to the Central Advisory Committee, 53 Dawson st., Dublin. 24 B

MALE SERVANTS WANTED.

MARRIED Couple, with Daughter, or Niece, or Friend Wanted for same; good references; quiet part. Wicklow; as plain gardener, cook housekeeper, and maid; dairy and fowl. Address "Z 1682, Gardener," this office. T

WANTED, Trappers, with or without gear; good terms.—Burns, Moneypull, Clonskeagh. 23 B

WANTED, Houseman (married) to train as cycle agent's clerk; copies discharges.—A. E. Kinahan, Molyneux, Aungier street. 24 A

WANTED, for Month (indoor), Farm Workman; wages £3 per month, and all found. Send copies of discharges to D 785, this office. 24 C

MALE SERVANTS DISENGAGED.

BUTLER Valet, single; can be highly recommended. Address "Z 1655, Butler," this office. 22 B

GROOM, married, take post, understands stallions, 7 years' last place; married, wife trust; young family, Graham's Coffee-shop, Wexford. 17 B

GENERAL Man, single, disengaged; undertake vines, fruit, flowers, vegetables, horse, cow; light farming. Hawker's Agency, Limerick. 22 A

GROOM and General Man, married, no family, requires situation; excellent references.—Ferguson's Repository, Carlow. 23 B

HOTEL and Restaurant Officials and Servants Registry and Employment Bureau (free to Visitors) under special heading following Situations Vacant. T

MARRIED Man, Protestant, desires position; all duties; good gardener; highly recommended. Address "Z 1670, Gardener," this office. 25 B

LADY'S Companion, refined, sociable, musical, highly recommended, open to engagement; comfortable home more than salary.—D 682, this office. 23 B

MRS. Stratford Tuite, Orby House, Greystones, highly recommended as lady of companion or any position at trust.

SECRETARY, Lady, desires post; good shorthand typist, typewriting, bookkeeping, and business methods.—D 769, this office.

SHORTHAND Typist desires position; experienced.—D 844, this office. 26 D

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

WANTED, good Cook General, two in family; Mrs. Hope Johnstone, Malahide, Co. Dublin. 22 A

WANTED, a thoroughly trustworthy single-handed Cook; 2½ in family; experienced in all branches; four in family; three maids kept; all washing sent out; small dairy. Reply, enclosing copies of discharges, stating age, wages required, to Mrs. Algernon Odlum, Kilgobbin, Portarlington, Queen's County. 23 B

WANTED, experienced Cook (General); dairy and fowl; other maid kept; no washing; wages £256.—McKeever, Stackillen, Ardee, Co. Louth. 23 B

WANTED, Cook General for Irish family in London; wages £30-£36 to well trained, trustworthy Girl; Copies of testimonials and wages expected to Matron, Irish Times Registry. 23 A

WANTED, superior Cook General, South suburbs; wages £30; small family. Address "Z 1695, General," this office. 25 D

WANTED at once, Cook General and Nurse Housemaid; two young country girls; Sallsgap; send copies, state wages.—D 812, this office.

WANTED, good Cook General, for England; two in family; wages £50.—D 660, Irish Times Branch Office, Blackrock. 23 X

GENERALS WANTED.

A WELL trained General Servant Wanted, outdoor; good references essential.—D 1, Dalkey road, Ballsbridge. 25 D

A WELL recommended General Wanted for Delkey, Dublin; five in family; moderate washing; wages £24. Apply, sending copies of discharges, to 79, c/o Winnett's Registry Office, Dalkey. 25 D

A STEADY General; good references. Apply 147 Rathgar road. T

A RELIABLE General Servant Wanted. Apply after 5, to-day or Wednesday, 18 Claremont road, Sandymount.

GENERAL; small house, family two; £24; County Dublin. Address "Z 1645, General," this office. 23 B

GENERAL Wanted, near Ballsbridge; good plain cook and small family; £30; copies discharges. T

GENERAL Wanted; R.C.; plain cooking; small washing; accustomed to children; wages £24; good outings; Protestant Family in Dublin. Apply D 1, this office. 24 C

PROTESTANT General, over 30; England (country); one lady; good wages.—17 Waterloo road, after 7. 24 C

WANTED, a strong young General for Howth road; good wages to suitable girl.—D 577, this office. 24 A

WANTED for Aillebury road, superior General or Cook General (young); small family; second maid kept; good wages.—D 651, this office. 24 A

WANTED, trained General, Yorkshire Village; family two; wages £25, with references.—Orpen, Marshlands, Oxenhope, Keighley. 24 C

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS WANTED.

CAN Lady recommend Head or Housemaid of two? country, near Dublin. Apply in person, Adams, Irish Times Registry Office. 24 C

HOUSE Parlourmaid Wanted, middle age, quiet place, Co. Kildare; wages £24. Send copies to Box 710, Eason's Advertising Service, Dublin. 22 A

HOUSE Parlourmaid Wanted, middle age, quiet, trained would suit; family two; country, near town; wages £22, £25.—D 748, this office. 24 C

WANTED, Parlourmaid, Protestant, trained; apply Mrs. Browne-Clayton, Browne's Hill, Carlow. 23 B

WANTED for North Wales, experienced House Parlourmaid, not under 30. Protestant; comfortable place; good wages.—Waller, Kinlet. 26 B

NURSES WANTED.

AGENT for NURSES, MAIDS, and ATTENDANTS. Miss Cullingham Todd, 5 Grafton st., Dublin. Interviews 2 to 5. 'Phone No. 5258. T

EXPERIENCED Nurse required, all duties, three months old; Reply, copies references, wages expected. D 564, this office.

WANTED, young Protestant Nurse for baby five months old; must be thoroughly used to Dublin's town. Address "Z 1655, Nurse," this office. 23 B

WANTED, thoroughly reliable Nurse, baby 6 months; wages £30-£36 to well trained, trustworthy Girl; Copies of testimonials and wages expected to Matron, Irish Times Registry. 23 A

WANTED, superior Cook General, South suburbs; wages £30; small family. Address "Z 1695, General," this office. 25 D

WANTED at once, Cook General and Nurse Housemaid; two young country girls; Sallsgap; send copies, state wages.—D 812, this office.

WANTED, good Cook General, for England; two in family; wages £50.—D 660, Irish Times Branch Office, Blackrock. 23 X

KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, ETC., WANTED.

KITCHENMAID required December 9th; good reference essential; wages £26. Lady Fry, Government House, Isle of Man. 23 D

KITCHENMAID Wanted; girl not out before might suit; wages £20.—Mrs. Fitz-Wentworth, Lucanhouse, O'Callaghan's Mills, Co. Clare. 26 B

DOMESTICS DISENGAGED.

APPLY—Cooks, Parlours, Housemaids, Nurses, Kitchenmaids, General.—Kennedy's, 68 Sackville st. (over Lipton's). T

CHARWOMAN—Lady can strongly recommend respectable Woman as Caretaker or Charwoman. Apply 18 Rutland square. T

CHARWOMAN, good laundress, housework, disengaged (Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays); wages expected 4/- daily. Address c Castlewood terrace, Rathmines.

DAILY Worker wanted; good, good housework and laundress.—D 838, this office.

RESPECTABLE Woman wants Morning or Evening Work; would caretake or keep office; can be highly recommended by lady. Apply D 853, this office.

WORKING Housekeeper, R.C., desires engagement; excellent cook; manage dairy; recommended.—D 851, this office.

SERVANTS REGISTRY,
21 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN
HOURS: 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Servants.
" 11 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Ladies.
Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. T

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS DISENGAGED.

COOK General or General disengaged; good references. Annie Mullen, Higginstown, Athboy, Meath. 24 C

EXPERIENCED Dairymaid disengaged, seeks situation; well recommended.—Wheatley's, Servants' Registry, 7 Dawson st. T

EXCELLENT Cook General, Protestant; highly recommended. Seen to-day, 11-4, 24 Main st. Blackrock.

GOOD young Cook wishes post, temporary or permanent.—D 850, this office.

PROTESTANT Cook, Plain Cook, desires situation in England; good papers.—D 831, this office.

YOUNG Cook General; good plain cook; England; good wages.—D 832, this office. 24 A

YOUNG Cook disengaged; Pembroke district.—D 849, this office.

2 SISTERS require situations together as Cook and General or House Parlourmaid; excellent references.—Ferguson's Registry, Carlow. 24 C

GENERALS DISENGAGED.

A NUMBER (Several), Cook Generals, Cooks—Kennedy's (over Purcell's), 68 Sackville st. T

GENERAL; plain cooking, small washing; city, country; excellent references.—D 856, this office.

RESPECTABLE Person, General, one or two ladies; no home more than wages; highest references.—M. 11 Malahide road, Clontarf.

YOUNG General, also House Parlourmaid, require situations, city, suburbs.—A., Windsor terrace, Edenderry.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS DISENGAGED.

EXPERIENCED Upper Housemaid or Housemaid and Caretaker, or Parlourmaid is quiet place. Wants re-engagement. Address "Z 1694, Maid," this office.

EXPERIENCED House Parlourmaid or Housemaid disengaged; good references.—D 840, this office.

RESPECTABLE young country girl, R.C., wishes for situation as Housemaid, Single or Second; highly recommended by last mistress. Apply Mrs. Hearne, Ballymassa, Stradbally, Laxi.

YOUNG girl (21), R.C., desires situation, Dublin. A Housemaid or Kitchenmaid; excellent references. Apply Miss Lucan, wishes to recommend Estate Steward thoroughly practical knowledge farming.

YOUNG Parlourmaid, experienced, desires post as Steward or Manager of gentleman's Farm or Estate. Thoroughly understands all branches of farming, rearing of cattle, etc., and breaking young horses. Highest reference. Address "Z 1659, Steward," this office. 23 B

SPECIFIC ARTICLES WANTED.

ANTIQUE Silver Cups, Candlesticks, Salvers, Sugar Bowls, etc.; also Diamond Ornaments, Precious Stones, and Old Gold; highest prices given.—West and Son, Grafton House, Grafton street. T

BOOKS, Magazines, all kinds Bought; highest prices. D 327, this office. 24 C

DOLL'S House Wanted, Antique Silver, Miniatures, etc., Purchased for cash.—Edmond Johnson, Ltd., 94 Grafton street. T

DOLL'S House, large Teddy, Tricycle (boy 5) Wanted; good condition. Address "Z 1501, Pram," this office.

FEATHER BEDS WANTED
Highest Prices Given.
Will send to examine in city.
MISS FEATHERSTONE, 4A, LAD LANE, DUBLIN.
IRISH FIRM. 'Phone, 661 T

WANTED, all kinds of clean Novels, Magazines.—Thom's, 87 Middle Abbey street. T

WANTED, a Harmsworth Atlas.—Archdale, Clondalkin. 23 B

MACHINERY.

ACHER, for Repairs to Steam and Gas Engines, Petrol and Steam Motor Lorries, Portable and Traction Engines, Boilers and Machinery of every description; prompt attention; moderate charges. Sole agents for Cochran Patent Boilers.—City of Dublin Engineering Works and Saw Mills, New Wapping st., Dublin. 'Phone, 1902. Telegrams, Superfine.

ENGINE, 2 h.p., Petrol; seen working.—D 792, this office. 25 D

FOR Sale, owner leaving sold estate, 10 h.p. Portable Engine, Shanesbridge, Kells; will be sold cheap; also Circular Saw, with quantity of fire for burning waste timber, sawdust or inferior fuel; full equipment of all usual fittings and accessories; also 2 Sets of Wrought Iron and Push Bench. For particulars apply G. W. Taylor, Shanesbridge, Kells.

HOP Clipper and Screening Machine, latest improvements, capacity 25 bush. per hour; Friction Hoist, 2 cwt., nearly new; Engineering Co. of Ireland, Ltd., 21-22 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin.

OIL Engines, Grinding Mills, Root Crafters; Repairs to all classes.—Malcolm and Spence, Engineering Co. of Ireland, Ltd., 21-22 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin.

TELEPHONES—Unbreakable Hand Combination Transmitter and Receiver, listed at £5 5/-, carriage paid, 15/- brand new.—Electrical Works, 75 Lower Abbey street, Dublin. 20 B

TIMBER.

GOOD clean Oak Butts Wanted, also Oak standing if clean. Address "Z 1697, Butts," this office.

GARDEN, FARM, BEES, ETC.

ALL Owners of Gardens to examine best results ever known; Drumsticks, Mowers, Hoes, Seeds; awarded over 1,000 First Prizes since 1900.—W. Drummond and Sons, 57 and 58 Dawson street. T

LARGE Assortment of Ornamental Bulb Bowls, all colours; also Material for Bulb Culture.—Drummond's, Dawson street. 24 T

ALSO First Prize Shrubs, Roses, Flowering Trees, Rhinlark Plants, Seakale, etc.—Drummond's, Dawson street. 24 T

APPLE Trees—Great Clearance Sale of 20,000 Apple Trees. The above are chiefly Bramleys, the most profitable of all apples, but I can give 100 Fine Fruiting Trees of Other Varieties if required. All hardy healthy trees. Write for price lists, with carriage paid terms. Mr. Fox, Portadown. 24 C

CROSS Cocker Irish Terriers, both parents pure bred, two best weeds; fifteen shillings.—William Gilpin, Rosevale. 22 A

COCKER Pups, famous Field Trial and Show Blood; also Cocker Bitch, 2 years old.—Apply Superintendent, Irish Times Branch Office, Dublin. 24 C

COCKERS for Sale, beauties, three months old, strong and healthy, pure bred. Address "Z 1634, Cockers," this office. 24 A

COCKERS—Cocker Puppies, various ages, colours; also youngsters, "Dizzie's Pride."—Pottinger, Easthenge. T

FOR Sale, female Blue Roan Cocker Spaniel; lost puppies, no more; makes excellent breeder; reason sale.—D 791, this office. 24 A

FOR Sale, Kerry Blue Puppies, also Adults.—Gilmore, South Dock st., Dublin. 26 D

FOR Sale, Scottish Terrier Puppies. Seen to-day, Miss Feirce, 5 Ormond road, Rathmines, Dublin.

TWO beautiful Alsatian Puppies for Sale, 3½ months old; parents watchdogs. Address "Z 1662, Alsatian Dogs," this office. 24 A

WANTED, 5 to 7 Cocker Puppies. Reply, giving full particulars, "Z 1627, Puppies," this office. 22 B

WANTED, Cocker Spaniel Dog or Retriever, thoroughly trained, lead and wear; about 10 months old; trial required.—W. Fowler, Treasure House, Tramore. 24 C

POULTRY, ETC., CONTINUED.

FOWL Houses for Sale, sectional, in good condition.—41 Mountpleasant square, Ranelagh. 22 A

FOWL Feeding—Biscuit Waste, suitable, 12/- per cwt., free on rail or tram, Dublin; carriage forward or at factory.—Jacob and Co., Bishop street, Dublin. 24 C

GAME Fowl, Spangle Cock and Hen, April, best pit fowl, guaranteed; £3; also 4 Pullets, May, 47 each.—Bailey, Mountown, Tralee.

GUARANTEED New Laid first grade Eggs, buttered; terms on application.—Mrs. Barrow, Milestown Poultry Farm, Castleshellingham.

JACKSON'S Poultry Houses are the best obtainable. Write for Rete, Jackson's Poultry Appliance Works, Bray. T

KHAKI Campbell Drakes, few mis-marked from first class laying strain, perfect for crossing to improve egg production, 10/6 each, carriage paid; Speckled Sussex Pullets and Hens from 5/- each.—Mrs. Barrow, Milestown, Castleshellingham. 22 A

KHAKI Campbell Drakes, pure bred, for Sale, 10/- each.—Brown, Drumfaldrig, Ballyboy. 25 D

MRS. Fox, Christ Church Vicarage, Kingstown, obtained 75% of eggs in six months from 6 hens on Kerswood Poultry Spice containing ground insects, shells, meat, etc. 1/3, 2/3lb.; bags 4/3; and Kerswood Meal.—Delany, 119 Thomas street, and Blanchardstown. 16 23

MILLER Incubator, 100 egg, for Sale.—Claremont, Milestown, Castleshellingham. 22 A

NEW Laid Eggs daily, 4/- dozen.—3 Gilford road, Sandymount.

PURE White Leghorn Cockerels for Sale, April hatched, cheap to clear; overstocked.—Aberdeen, Rosmoyle.

PHIPPS hot air Incubator, 70 egg, Brooder, Coop.—161 Rathgar road. 24 C

POULTRY Peat—Reduced price 5/ per cwt., delivered city, free on rail or tram, Dublin; carriage forward or at factory.—Jacob and Co., Bishop street, Dublin. 24 C

POULTRY Feeding—Biscuit Waste, suitable, 12/- per cwt., free on rail or tram, Dublin; carriage forward or at factory.—Jacob and Co., Bishop street, Dublin. 24 C

QUAIL Fowl, Spangle Cock and Hen, April, best pit fowl, guaranteed; £3; also 4 Pullets, May, 47 each.—Bailey, Mountown, Tralee.

GUARANTEED New Laid first grade Eggs, buttered; terms on application.—Mrs. Barrow, Milestown Poultry Farm, Castleshellingham.

JACKSON'S Poultry Houses are the best obtainable. Write for Rete, Jackson's Poultry Appliance Works, Bray. T

KHAKI Campbell Drakes, few mis-marked from first class laying strain, perfect for crossing to improve egg production, 10/6 each, carriage paid; Speckled Sussex Pullets and Hens from 5/- each.—Mrs. Barrow, Milestown, Castleshellingham. 22 A

KHAKI Campbell Drakes, pure bred, for Sale, 10/- each.—Brown, Drumfaldrig, Ballyboy. 25 D

MRS. Fox, Christ Church Vicarage, Kingstown, obtained 75% of eggs in six months from 6 hens on Kerswood Poultry Spice containing ground insects, shells, meat, etc. 1/3, 2/3lb.; bags 4/3; and Kerswood Meal.—Delany, 119 Thomas street, and Blanchardstown. 16 23

MILLER Incubator, 100 egg, for Sale.—Claremont, Milestown, Castleshellingham. 22 A

NEW Laid Eggs daily, 4/- dozen.—3 Gilford road, Sandymount.

PURE White Leghorn Cockerels for Sale, April hatched, cheap to clear; overstocked.—Aberdeen, Rosmoyle.

PHIPPS hot air Incubator, 70 egg, Brooder, Coop.—161 Rathgar road. 24 C

POULTRY Peat—Reduced price 5/ per cwt., delivered city,

Switzers

Wonderful TOY & GIFT Exhibition

Don't fail to bring the Kiddies to see the big lion in his den, this week. Nothing so life-like can be imagined, and it will delight them.

In our Gift Section you will find such a choice of dainty, beautiful and useful articles as will make it an easy matter to secure the right thing for everyone to whom you wish to send a memento of the joyous season.

Our dainty Tea-Room, just reconstructed and artistically decorated, is a most charming place in which to enjoy "the cup that cheers." Our Soda Fountain will be found replete with every dainty novelty of refreshment you can desire.

Switzer & Co., Ltd., Grafton St., Dublin.

FANCY DRESS.

COSTUMES THAT CAN BE MADE AT HOME.

CHRISTMAS is really very near, and we are all trying to cheer ourselves up now that the elections are over and we think our troubles are finished, instead of just having started.

Everyone is talking of parties, dances, and charity bazaars, and a few ideas for fancy-dress costumes, which can be carried out fairly easily at home, are not unseasonable.

(1) The ever-popular pierrot or pierrette costume would look very well indeed carried out in some of the new jazz cotton materials. They are very cheap, and the neck ruffles could be made of plain material in the colour predominating in the jazz pattern.

(2) A white or cream summer frock can be converted quite easily into an Oriental dress, by the addition of deep-coloured fringe round the skirt. Cut off the sleeves and lower the bodice, stitching round some brilliant beading or trimming. A long girdle of beads, and a bead head-dress to match, are all that is needed to make a quite effective Eastern costume.

(3) A dress, slightly more elaborate, but quite within the power of the home dress-maker to make, is that of the "lampshade" frock. This idea would look more effective done in any bright colour for the foundation. Make this with a tight-fitting bodice, and a fairly-full, fairly-long skirt, gathered at the waist.

Then make a very large lampshade with the top to fit the waist, and the bottom fluting out just above the knees. A contrasting colour should be used, or a plain black would look well with scarlet. You can easily get the stretched-out effect by seeing that the material is pulled tightly between the wiring, and a heavy tassel caught at the end of each wire.

Painted figures would look well on each panel of the shade. A hat, consisting of a smaller lampshade, carried out in the same colour, would make a delightful finish.

Fruit and Flowers.

(4) Fruit, autumn leaves, and poppy costumes are all very effective and quite simple to do. For the fruit dress, make a plain loose evening frock, with low waistline and uneven hem. Use apricot or flame-coloured georgette over green or grey underslip; then have clusters of fruits of all sorts round the waist and in the hair, and smaller clusters on the hem of the frock.

Carry out a similar design for the autumn leaf dress, but make the foundation of the dress in brown, and have a light golden brown georgette for the overdress, with bright beautifully-coloured leaves in the hair, round the waist, and a continuous line round the edge of the skirt.

Use scarlet for both the under and the over skirt of the poppy dress, and sew little poppies round the hem of the skirt. Make a girdle of them, leaving a few hanging for the waist and a wreath for the hair. I always think the poppy dress looks particularly striking on a dark girl.

A. K. S.

***

CURE FOR COLDS.

When feeling heavy with a bad cold and absolutely without appetite try the prescription of the famous chef of the Savoy Hotel Café Parisien—Monsieur Emile Granjon.

Very often a perfect cure, and one I specially recommend for bad colds, is this special chicken broth. It soothes, appetises, is easy and delightful to eat, and easy to prepare. Here it is:—

Chicken Broth Granjon.—Cut up a young chicken. Put in a saucepan with water, salt, mushrooms, carrots, onions, celery, cloves, and a little mace.

When the chicken is cooked drain it, and cut off any pieces of skin which may be loose.

Strain broth, skim it, and add one or two handfuls of rice, washed and boiled up.

When the rice is ready it is added to the broth, as well as the flesh of the chicken, which has been taken off the bones and cut into small pieces.

If you care to follow this with baked apples, so much the better.

WOMAN AND HER HOME.

Notes from Paris: *Green and Red Wigs Again.*

PARIS, Nov. 24.

YESTERDAY was a pleasant day, and the streets of Paris were characteristic of autumn days, when, as evening falls, their glamour appears more fascinating than at any time of the year. Oh, what a city of joy and beauty—Paris! Everywhere a vista with something good to see at the end of it. Everyone looks gay, never were clothes smarter, and woman more attractive.

Well muffled up, it is a real pleasure to walk leisurely along and admire the displays in the shop windows. There are jewellers' windows, with flashing stones and distracting temptations in pearls; the art dealers, with rare pieces of furniture; artists in glass-ware, with Murano glass in delicate tints, by Cappeli and Venini; collections of Russian dolls, highly amusing in character, and extremely beautiful in work and finish; artificial flowers, a blaze of bold colour; and all the intoxicating daintiness of the artist in handbags, the designer of cravates or of dancing shoes, to say nothing of the milliner, who sets a couple of thousand francs' worth of feathers on her newest hat.

In the Streets.

The people in the street are amusing, too. There is a girl in a rabla coat steering her swift, open car through the rue de la Paix, and another in a tight-fitting black coat-frock with chinchilla collar and cuffs, flesh-coloured stockings, and bronze shoes, who is watching the windows. There is the smart lady, of the "fair, fat, and forty" type, with a brilliant wig, carmine lips, and too much rouge on her rather fat face, who will insist upon toddling along on shoes a size too small for her.

Beside these stumpy little shoes, walks a pair of slim feet, encased in black silk stockings, with black shoes and red heels, and further on, a pair of satin "mules," which have apparently strayed from the bed-room into the street.

Shoes have, in fact, achieved a liberty, almost a licence, which their wearers revel in. It is now *a la mode* to wear, with a fur coat, silk stocking of a gossamer fineness, and that, in spite of cold weather. Sometimes, when the real frosts are with us, it is a curious thing to see a slender pair of Parisian ankles blue with cold under this flimsy haze of silk.

Gloves Banned.

Hats are utterly out of favour with Parisiennes this year, with evening dress, and gloves are practically banned, so, with her costly and striking dresses, Madame adopts a head-dress of some special colour and style, and covers her arms with bangles of glittering jewels.

Some of the models designed for public or for larger private dinners affect the diadem form introduced by the Russian ballets. One is of fine light jet work, with cut steel ornaments, but others have high springing sprays in vivid green or orchid mauve, set in a jewelled wire frame that clasps the head without hiding the hair.

Still another imitates the high Spanish comb, but is made of bright rose velvet, slightly twisted, and very striking in appearance, and many of them are accompanied by tiny hand-bags or fans to match, calling for much inventiveness.

These novel devices have ousted the tiny garland of frosted leaves or tiny roses that have been so popular, but a drooping feather, set beside the ear, is still affected by women with faces of the tragic order.

A vague tentative idea has been made to induce us to adopt a lopsided effect in *décolletés*. A little sleeve, and drapery that swathes half the bust, and ends at the waist, leaving the other shoulder entirely bare—but no one, it seems, cares to cover up anything, not even one single lonely poor little solitary shoulder. The little, tight bodice, however, seems to have come to stay.

The fuller and loopier the skirts, the skimpier and tighter the bodice. A bodice for evening, be it for dining, jassing, or for sitting in the front seat of a box at the opera, is now merely a thing of beads, straps—and imagination.

Coloured Wigs.

Before the war, coloured wigs had been occasionally suggested by the more adventurous among those who control the vagaries of fashion. But the idea did not please, and the mode died a natural death. Now, however, Parisiennes are once more trying to bring this queer idea into vogue, i.e., that of adopting wigs of various colours to harmonise with evening dress.

At a recent dance there were three sisters who were one, an emerald green frock, with a wig to match, another, a brilliant yellow, and a third a brilliant scarlet. I must say this Neapolitan effect was rather a mistake. They were such vivid shades that they killed each other.

The idea, if it were generally popular, would be productive of some alarming situations. For instance, the girl who danced divinely, and always with the same partner, on Monday evening, when her hair was pale violet, and her dress to match, would certainly not be recognised on Tuesday, and probably be cut dead by her former admirer, who would find her entirely transformed by a wine-coloured tulle dress, and a coiffure of wine-coloured curls to match. The new wigs have been made either of wire or of silk, and they are very fantastic. The hair with gold and silver in powder form is also pmctised.

The vexed question of dress is one which some people despise as frivolous, and others look upon as all important. The thing to do is to find a middle pathway. That a woman should dress well, as her means allow, may be taken as a starting point.

For her pleasure and self respect, for the pleasure and pride of her family and friends, for the honour of her country, a woman should learn how to choose and wear her clothes. More mistakes are made through buying too many clothes than too few. Neatness has been preached since the beginning of the world, and yet is too little practised.

The use of lace, which seems destined to be a feature of the new modes, may be seen on this frock of brown crêpe Marocain, with its wide insets Bounce of tarnished silver lace, which is lined with coral pink mousseline-de-soie.

STANDARD DRESS.

"B.M." AND A LUDICROUS SUGGESTION.

IT is with amazement that one contemplates the idea of standardisation of women's dress, as recently suggested by a contributor. If emancipation of women in the future means that they no longer take an interest in personal adornment it will indeed be a sorry world to look forward to.

The suggestion that the women, like men, should have a standard frock for festivities—"one which they could wear. . . . . for years" is ludicrous. There are very few women, however advanced their mental equipment, who will look with anything but hatred on a garment, however beautiful, that they know has to last them for years.

Hats, above every item in a woman's dress, are least of all adapted for standardisation. Where is the woman who will tolerate even one copy, not to speak of hundreds, of her own pet selection in hats!

What——?

What would happen to our plays and comedies, our race meetings and evening parties? Stripped of the interesting and decorative variety of women's dress they would, indeed, lack charm and beauty.

Certainly our humbler amusements and our every day humdrum existence would suffer considerably without the cheering effect of a few new fal-lals and fripperies.

How dull and boring never to be able to display individually those delicate, delicious nuances, as now expressed by women's dress.

Even men in the limited latitude allowed show their desire for change by their innumerable varieties of socks, shirts, and ties. How much more would the eternal feminine revolt if restricted!

Are women so weak that they must have standardisation to protect them from fashion's exaggerations? Those who wish for an acknowledged standard need not penalise the others to their selfish view. They have already the coat and skirt, they need never go beyond that, and if they aspire to an evening dress to last for years—durable material may be chosen, even now, that would meet their requirements.

Joy in Clothes.

The whole joy that the average woman gets from her clothes is the change and variety she can afford. There is no need to go in for "pathetic" exaggeration to attain this. A sensible woman knows how to dress herself effectively without going in for extremes.

All extremes are to be deplored. But it is the height of folly to remove one, only to replace it by another—namely, to remove the extreme of variety, as dictated by fashion's exaggerations and replace it by the extreme of non-variety as dictated by standardisation. The Elysian era would be anything but Elysian if the standard of women's dress became universal. But we may comfort ourselves with the thought that such conditions will never be tolerated.

The vote may come and the vote may go, but women's interest in variety of dress will go on for ever.

B. M.

***

FOR THE COOK.

EGG CUTLETS.

Boil three eggs hard, shell them and chop up very fine. Make a quarter of a pint of stiff white sauce, season well, and stir in the chopped eggs. Shape into cutlets, brush over with milk, dip in breadcrumbs, and fry in hot fat. Drain well, and serve with spinach.

APRICOT PUDDING.

Place in a buttered mould a layer of sponge cakes, then a layer of stewed apricots (tinned ones will do), add another layer of sponge cake, and go on until the mould is full. Beat up two eggs in one and a half pints of milk, pour slowly over the pudding, steam for one and a half hours, and serve. Pour sweet wine sauce round, and, for garnish, stick well-blanched almonds over.

CHARMING MODEL

Party Frocks

Smart Taffeta Frock, as sketch, in all shades; size 30 inches.... (Rising 2/6 Size.) **49/6**

Dainty Net Frock, lined coloured Jap silk, as trimmed Val lace, as sketch; size 24 inches.... (Rising 2/6 Size.) **39/6**

Special Purchase of Children's Tweed Coats, lined polonaise, black velvet collars, perfectly tailored; sizes, 18 to 27 inches; various colours. Worth 5 Gns. To Clear **39/6**

Exquisite Evening Dress, in White Cire Lace, picot coloured crepe-de-chene, lined white Jap silk, as sketch; size 35 inches..... (Rising 5/- Size.) **3 GNS.**

Children's Winter Millinery to be cleared at greatly Reduced Prices.

FORREST & SONS, Ltd. 100 & 101 Grafton St. DUBLIN.

BEST VALUE IN DUBLIN

In Silks, Velveteens, Velours, Coatings, &c.,

At "THE WAREHOUSE."

Special Velveteen Offers

36-Inch **CHIFFON VELVETEEN**, guaranteed fast pile and dye, in the following colours: Nigger, Mid-Brown, Mole, Rust, Grey, Saxe, Navy, Wine, Purple, and Black. A smart dress fabric for present wear, with all the appearance of a 16/6 Chiffon Velvet. Our Price, Yard **7/11**

27-Inch **CORDED VELVETEEN.** A hard-wearing quality made expressly for children's winter wear; Rose, Mid-Brown, Mole, Rust, Navy, and Dark Brown. Per Yard **2/9**

22-Inch **VELVETEEN**, Chiffon Finish, Cardinal, Nigger, Fawns, Mid-Brown, Olive, Golden Brown, Mole, Purple, Mid-Navy, Emerald, Dark Navy, and Black. For Blouses, Jumpers, and Dresses. - Yard **2/11**

"Satins and Silks at Special Prices."

MOROCAIN SATIN, Double Width, for evening wear; very effective; bright finish, and most adaptable for any style of gown; Yellow, Apricot, Grey, Sky, Mole, Navy, Rust, Saxe, Pink, Champagne, Light Navy, Mid-Mole, Mid-Brown, Ivory and Black. Special Price, Yard **8/11**

SCHAPPE CREPE DE CHINE, Double Width, a hard-wearing Pure Silk Dress Fabric; Saxe, Helio, Apricot, Salmon, Sky, Lemon, Coral, Jade, Champagne, Navy, Grey, Flame, Beige, and Ivory. Per Yard **5/6**

(French Manufacture).

PENNETTE, Double Width, a pure Silk suitable for Evening Frocks, Jumpers, or Blouses, in a good range of colours, including Mid-Grey, Apricot, Helio, Saxe, Peacock, Sky, Mole, Rose, Royal, Mid. Light, and Dark Navy, Mid-Brown, Flame, Champagne, Ivory, and Black. Per Yard ... **5/11**

CREPE FRAGONARD, 32-inch wide.—A pure Silk, close weave, recommended for Jumpers, Blouses, or Underclothing. Apricot, Mid-Navy, Sky, Peach, Lemon, Rosepink, Coral, and Black. Per Yard **4/6**

36-Inch JAPANESE SILK, in a variety of beautiful colours, suitable for Lamp Shades, Linings, and Fancy Work. Deep Rose, Cardinal, Helio, Rosepink, Navy, Old Gold, Emerald, Yellow, Sky, and White. Per yd. **3/11**

Dresses

BLANKET and FLEECE COATINGS, 54 ins. wide, all-wool, in a variety of shades, suitable for warm winter Coats. Yard **3/11 & 4/11**

BLANKET VELOUR, 56 ins. wide, All-Wool, stocked in all the leading shades, including Grey, Beaver, Mole, Pastel Blue, Saxe, Crimson, Fawn, Navy, and Nigger. Yard **5/11**

FRENCH VELOUR, Suede finish, suitable for Stylish Wrap Coats, in an extensive range of new colourings, such as Tan, Russet, Mole, Beaver, Kingfisher, Fawn and Nigger. Yd. **8/11, 10/11 & 13/11**

NAVY COATING NAP, 54 ins. wide, fast Indigo Dye, suitable for Ladies' and Children's Coats. **6/11 & 10/6** Yard .....

COLOURED ASTRACHAN and CURL CLOTH, 54 inches wide, suitable for Stylish Coats, stocked in all the new shades. **10/9 & 12/9** Yard .....

Patterns on request. Postage extra.

Grand Xmas Bazaar Now In Full Swing.

HENRY STREET WAREHOUSE CO., LTD. DUBLIN

THREATS IN A LETTER.

EX-IRISH POLICEMAN IN THE DOCK.

Robert Crooks (60), who was said to have been formerly in the Royal Irish Constabulary, was remanded on Saturday on bail at Colchester, on a charge of having uttered a letter demanding £50 by menaces of Frederick Thomas Nettleinghame on November 15.

THE LETTER.

The prosecutor, who described himself as a financial organiser, said that he became acquainted with Crooks years ago in Ireland, and later knew him in Wales and Birmingham. He did not know Crooks's handwriting, but he paid a surcharge on a letter which reached him at Wivenhoe Hall on November 15 signed William Crooks. It stated:—

"I wonder it your mind ever travels backward and does you survey the havoc you have caused in lots of homes. Ours is one. Your entry into our lives has been the curse of all time, and now I approach you to give us back part of our money, which you were the sole cause of our losing. Your father-in-law and confederate, Mr. Morgan, alias Langton, etc., has directly had the bulk, but you indirectly have had a good deal. I understand you have quite recently been through the Bankruptcy Court. Nevertheless you have money, and I will be content at present with £50, and shall expect the same within three days. You are at Wivenhoe Hall whilst you should be here in this county to answer charges to Mr. Snazelle yourself.

"What a life for a young man? I would rather have a hangman's rope round my neck than I would have so many souls destroyed through my evil doings. I shall pay a visit to Wivenhoe if I don't hear in the stated time. I want this money to buy bread and clothing for the children you have robbed. I have lost through yourself indirectly round about £12,000. I shall expect interest from you until the principal is returned to me by your partners in crime. Kindly take heed to what I write. You are dealing with a desperate man."

Mr. Nettleinghame added that he and his wife went in fear of violence in view of the fact that Crooks attempted to strangle a man at Birmingham and was bound over on that charge.

"Is it a fact," asked the Clerk of the Court, "that defendant or his wife have lost money in a company you introduced to him?"

"I believe," answered the witness, "he has lost a considerable sum in a company he was introduced to through knowing me, and that the company owes a considerable sum now."

FINGER PRINTS.

Constable Grice described the arrest at Birmingham at the Central lock-up that morning, and said that the defendant remarked: "I did not write the letter nor know it was written till it was shown to me by the inspector."

Crooks was remanded on bail if he consented to have his finger-prints taken.

THE OFFENDING BABY.

TENANT'S COMPLAINT TO MAGISTRATE.

A weeping woman complained to the Willesden magistrate that her landlord had given her and her husband notice to quit because she was going to have another baby.

The Magistrate (Mr. Luke)—"I know landlords object to children, and yet you ought really to be awarded a medal for having them. No Court would uphold an application for ejectment if such a reason as you allege were given. Your intention is a laudable one. Still, be conciliatory before you and your landlord go definitely to war."

FOOTBALL FOR THE POSTMAN.

Public authorities in many parts of the Black Country are being asked to consent to the suspension of the evening deliveries of letters on Saturdays, in order that the postal workers may have an opportunity of seeing football matches. In some cases consent has been given.

MOTOR CYCLING.

RAMBLERS' HILL CLIMB.

The handicap hill climb of the Ramblers' Motor Cycle Club was held on Saturday last on a hill of easy gradient near Cornel's Court. A very favourable afternoon was vouchsafed for the event, and interesting sport was seen in all the classes. Proceedings commenced promptly, and the events were run off expeditiously, so that, despite the large number of entries, the competition concluded in good time. In the two-stroke class the best performances on time were made by Dunbar, 2¼ h.p. Enfield, and W. Hewett, 2¼ h.p. Enfield. The former won on handicap. S. Woods, 2¼ h.p. Cotton, did a notable performance in the 250 c.c. class by clocking 3-5 secs., which, incidentally, was the fastest time of the day, and won him the special award offered for that distinction. C. C. Callaghan, 3½ h.p. Norton, and J. Hamilton, 2¾ h.p. Hamber, tied for first place on handicap in the 351-650 c.c. class. In addition to these contined events, there were two open handicaps. In the solo class—unlimited as to capacity—W. Hewett, 2¼ h.p. Enfield, was the winner; and on the sidecar class D. Allen, on a 3½ h.p. Norton, the sidecar class D. Allen, on a 3½ h.p. Norton, added to his numerous successes he has secured the sidecar championship during the season by a narrow margin. The times were as follow:—

CLASS I. (Confined).—Two-stroke solos, up to 275 c.c.—1, H. Phillipson, 2¼ h.p. Enfield (3-5 secs.) (scr. time 30 4-5 secs.); 2, W. Hewett, 2¼ h.p. Enfield (scr.), 31 2-5 secs.; 3, R. Le Fanu, h.p. Enfield, (scr.), 33 3-5 secs.; 4, R. Hill, 2¼ h.p. Enfield (3-5 secs.), 33 3-5 secs.; 5, S. Hill, 2¼ h.p. Velocette (1 sec.), 35 4-5 secs.; 6, Miss B. Moran, 2¼ h.p. Levis (1 sec.) 56 secs.; 7, Dr. T. F. Broderick, 2¼ h.p. Levis (1 sec.), 44 3-5 secs.; 7, H. Goodwille, 2¼ h.p. Clyno (1 3-5 secs.), 50 secs.

CLASS II. (Confined).—All types up to 350 c.c.—1, S. Woods, 2¼ h.p. Cotton (scr.), 1 min. 19 3-5 secs.; 2, W. Hewett, 2¼ h.p. Enfield (10 secs.), 19 4-5 secs.; 3, R. Hill, 2¼ h.p. Velocette (1 sec.), 25 2-5 secs.; 4, Miss B. Moran, 2¼ h.p. Levis (11 secs.), 26 1-5 secs.; 5, H. Ellerker 2¼ J.A.S. (7 secs.), 28 3-5 secs.

CLASS III. (Confined).—All types from 351 c.c. to 650 c.c.—1, C. Callaghan, 3½ h.p. Norton, (scr.), (scr. time 22 1-5 secs.); 2, J. Hamilton, 4½ h.p. Humber (5 secs.), 22 1-5 secs.; 3, C. Pitman, 3½ h.p. Sunbeam (scr.), 22 2-5 secs.; 4, H. Garvill, 4½ h.p. B.S.A. (1 sec.) 24 1-5 secs.; 5, W. J. Irvine, 3½ h.p. Bradbury (3 secs.), 25 3-5 secs.; 6, M. Muller, 3½ h.p. Douglas (4 secs.), 26 2-5 secs.; 7, R. G. D'Oller, 3½ h.p. Sunbeam (scr.), 26 3-5 secs.; 8, W. Smyth, 4 h.p. Triumph (2 28 1-5 secs.; 10, W. Smyth, 4 h.p. Triumph (2 secs.), 34 1-5 secs.

CLASS IV. (Open).—Unlimited c.c.—1, W. Hewett, 2¼ h.p. Enfield (13 secs.), (scr. time 18 secs.); 2, T. W. Murphy, 2¼ h.p. Coventry Eagle (9 secs.), 18 4-5 secs.; 3, C. C. Callaghan, 3½ h.p. Norton (3 secs.), 19 secs.; 4, S. Woods, 2¼ h.p. Cotton (3 secs.), 19 1-5 secs.; 5, T. E. Greene, 2¼ h.p. Douglas (5-5 sec.), 19 3-5 secs.; 6, C. Pitman, 3½ h.p. Sunbeam (5 secs.), 20 secs.; 7, C. Callaghan, 3½ h.p. Norton (3 secs.), 20 3-5 secs.; 8, H. G. D'Oller, 3½ h.p. Sunbeam (3 secs.), 20 3-5 secs.; 9, R. Pearson, 7-9 h.p. Indian (4 4-5 secs.), 20 4-5 secs.; 10, R. Ellerker, 2¼ h.p. A.J.S. (5 secs.), 21 1-5 secs.; 11, R. Hill, 3½ h.p. Norton (3 3-5 secs.), 21 3-5 secs.; 12, J. Carvill, 3½ h.p. Norton (3 3-5 secs.), 21 3-5 secs.; 13, A. Wyer, 3½ h.p. Sunbeam (scr.), 21 2-5 secs.; 14, J. McVittie, 2¼ h.p. New Imperial (9 secs.), 22 1-5 secs.; 15, Bosworth, 2¼ h.p. New Imperial (9 secs.), 22 1-5 secs., 16, F. B. Fuller, 5 h.p. (9 secs.), 22 1-5 secs., 16, F. B. Fuller, 5 h.p. Zenith (2 secs.), 22 3-5 secs.; 18, Weldon, 2¼ h.p. Triumph (7 secs.), 23 3-5 secs.; 19, J. Walshe 3½ h.p. James (3 3-5 secs.), 23 2-5 secs.; 19, J. Irvine, 3½ h.p. Bradbery (8 secs.), 23 secs.; 20, J. Coard, 3½ h.p. Norton (3 3-5 secs.), 23 1-5 secs.; 21, J. Wallace, 3½ h.p. Norton (3 3-5 secs.), 23 4-5 secs.; 22, H. B. Evans, 2¼ h.p. Douglas (10 secs.), 24 2-5 secs.; 23, Miss B. Moran, 2¼ h.p. Levis (13 secs.), 24 4-5 secs.; 24, C. D. Maguire, 8 h.p. Matchless (4-5 secs.), 25 secs.; 25, J. Taylor 2¼ h.p. James (13 secs.), 26 secs.; 26, J. Irvine, 2¼ h.p. Velocette (5 secs.), 26 1-5 secs.; 27, J. G. Burney, 2¼ h.p. Enfield (6 secs.), 28 1-5 secs.; 28, R. Humphreys, 2¼ h.p. Velocette (8 secs.), 29 3-5 secs.

CLASS V. (Open).—Sidecars and light cars up to 1,100 c.c.—1, D. Allen, 3½ h.p. Norton (1 sec.), (scr. time 1 min. 2 secs.); 2, D. Maguire, 8 h.p. Matchless (scr.), 29 1-5 secs.; 3, J. A. Carvill, 4½ h.p. B.S.A. (3 secs.), 30 secs.; 4, H. T. McAuley 8 h.p. Ruge (6 secs.), 31 1-5 secs.; 5, W. Smyth, 3½ h.p. Zenith-Bradshaw (5 secs.), 32 Waters, 3½ h.p. Keatinge, 4½ h.p. Quadrant (10 secs.), 38 1-5 secs.; 7, Nesbitt, 3½ h.p. (scr.), 38 1-5 secs.; 8, A. R. Ellis, 9 h.p. Norton (1 5-5 secs.), 56 secs.; 8, A. R. Ellis, 9 h.p. Rowston (5 secs.), 57 4-5 secs.; 9, J. Gibson, h.p. Rowston (5 secs.), 40 secs.; 10, W. T. 9-5 h.p. B.S.A. (5 secs.), 40 secs.; 11, W. Malmesbury, 8½ h.p. G.N. (5 secs.), 42 1-5 secs.; 11, A. Orr 9 h.p. Belsize-Bradshaw (5 secs.), 45 secs.

EARLY MISSIONARY WORK.

DIFFICULTIES IN CENTRAL AFRICA.

Recalling the circumstances under which the pioneers of foreign missions had arisen to answer the call of God, Bishop Wald, who preached on behalf of the Moravian Foreign Missions at the Moravian Church, Lower Kevin street, Dublin, yesterday, said that it had been little dreamt that he who was to plant the standard of their Church in Central Africa was a little boy working in a Nottingham factory, studying when he could from books concealed behind the machinery. The boy was David Livingstone, whose eyes were turned to Africa, the land of mystery. In Central Africa Livingstone found thousands of heathens, and a heathen in Central Africa in those times was a "gruesome thing." Living stone sent his call to them in the homeland, and God said, "Who shall I send?" The first to hear the call was the London Missionary Society, which had originally sent out Livingstone.

But now the Society had no money.

Then a strange thing happened. The necessary money was provided by a man who had been living as a hermit's life, but who had "heard the call." The Bishop went on to describe the journeyings of the first missionaries, the difficulties of travel that they experienced, and finally their arrival at Nurambo, where they toiled for many a day at first, and "caught nothing."

The preacher gave an interesting summary of those early missionary efforts, pointing out the difficulties which had to be surmounted in the language and other directions, it being necessary particularly that the language used should give a proper and adequate conception of God. Appealing for support for the Missions, he said that they now had the full support of their Church the world over.

It was announced that a lecture would be given by Bishop Wald in the Church Hall on Tuesday evening, when a more ample description would be afforded of the work of foreign missions.

Two more North Yorkshire blast furnaces are to be restarted, increasing the number in operation to thirty-five.

MOTTO FOR ULSTER.

PEACE THE ONLY WAY TO HAPPINESS.

Lady Carson, opening a bazaar at Stormont Castle, Belfast, on Saturday in aid of the Loyalist Relief Fund, read the following message from Lord Carson to the people of Ulster:—

"Please tell my old friends that my heart is with them to-day as always. Our first duty is to provide for the victims of the policy of assassination, which for a time brought sorrow and affliction into so many loyal homes in Ulster. No effort must be spared to alleviate the sufferings of the victims of these abominable outrages.

"I thank God that a brighter day seems to be dawning in Ulster, thanks to the wise and courageous administration of your Prime Minister and his Government. Let your motto be, 'Peace, peace, peace!' for by it alone can you secure the happiness and contentment of a great people."

CHASED BY DETECTIVES.

EXCITING SCENE ON THE QUAYS.

A young man of good appearance, wearing a frieze overcoat, under which was a trench coat, was arrested in Dublin on Saturday by Oriel House police officers on a charge of obtaining goods by false pretences.

He was captured in the hall of a house in Middle Abbey street, where he had run, through Williams' row from Bachelor's Walk, pursued by the officers with drawn revolvers.

The man, who subsequently gave the name of Brown, answered the description of a person who has been "wanted" for some time on a charge of false pretences. He was seen to enter an auction mart on Bachelor's Walk by Superintendent Tumpleton and Inspectors McCabe and Glynn, of Oriel House.

When questioned by Inspector McCabe, the man said that he had come to buy furniture, but at the first opportunity he dashed out and attempted to escape. When captured he was taken to Oriel House in a motor car.

DUBLIN AND THE PROVINCES.

R.D.S. Classical Concert Programme: New City Street Sweepers.

Liffey Ferry Boat Overturns: Co. Louth Bandits.

Roscommon's Outstanding Rates.

The fourth of the Royal Dublin Society's series of classical music recitals will be held this afternoon in the Theatre Royal, when the following programme will be performed by the Philharmonic Quartet:—Quartet in C Major, Op. 54, No. 2 (Haydn); Quartet in A Major, Op. 41, No. 3 (Schumann); Quartet in A Minor, Op. 51, No. 2 (Brahms).

MATER SWEEPSTAKE.—The Executive Committee of the Mater Carnival has placed on record its appreciation of the services of Mr. H. J. Duggan in organising the sweepstake on the Manchester November Handicap in aid of the funds of the Mater Misericordiæ Hospital.

MOTOR STREET SWEEPERS.—Two new French-built motor street sweepers have been acquired by the Dublin Corporation, and will be put into use at once. Similar machines are used by several London boroughs.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE LECTURE.—As will be seen from our advertisement columns, a free lecture will be delivered to-night in the Town Hall, Rathmines, by Mr. John W. Doorly, C.S.B., of London. His subject will be "Christian Science: The Science of the Unity of God and His Creation."

ST. BRIGID'S ORPHANAGE.—Preaching the annual charity sermon on behalf of the St. Brigid's Orphanage, Eccles street, Dublin, at the Church of St. Francis Xavier, Upper Gardiner street, yesterday, the Rev. J. Tunney, C.S., pleaded for generous support. For fifty years the orphanage had been doing good work, and thousands of Irish children have benefited.

AGRICULTURAL DEBATING SOCIETY. —Agriculturalists are invited to attend the inaugural meeting of the College of Science's Agricultural Debating Society, which will be held on Wednesday, at 8 o'clock, in the Molesworth Hall, Molesworth street, Dublin. Professor James Wilson will deliver an address on "Economics in Irish Agriculture."

FERRY BOAT CAPSIZES.—An carpropelled ferry boat overturned in the Liffey on Saturday as the passengers were embarking. All, including a woman and child, were rescued.

COUNTRYSIDE TERRORISTS.—While armed raiders with blackened faces were searching the lower rooms of his house, a farmer in Mullameelan, near Ardee, County Louth, made a rope of his bedsheets, lowered himself to the ground, and hid in the fields. The raiders could find no money, so compelled the farmer's sister to go to a neighbour and borrow £2, which they took, and wished her "Good-night."

RATE COLLECTORS' DIFFICULTIES.—In Roscommon County a sum of £224,000 is due, and a Committee has been appointed to interview the collectors on the matter. Some of the collectors said that they were afraid to collect them; others that decrees could not be enforced. The Committee told the collectors to report again in a month's time.

Kilmeague (Co. Kildare) farm strike has been settled.

An apple tree is in bloom in a garden at Strokestown, Co. Roscommon.

Glin (Co. Limerick) District Council has strongly recommended that the vaccination laws should be enforced.

Roscommon County Council has instructed the District Councils to defend compensation claims for malicious injuries.

Wooden bungalows, in sections, ready for immediate erection, arrived from Scandinavia on Saturday, and were sent on to Newbridge.

Two bicycles taken from the Civic Guard at Elphin by armed men were returned in good order two days later "with thanks."

Midleton (Co. Cork) Urban Council is negotiating for an extension of the urban boundary by one mile. The Rural District Council and the County Council are opposing the proposal.

Mr. William Holliday, managing director of Messrs. J. and G. Boyd, Limerick, has been appointed exports and imports inspector at Limerick.

Private Thomas Davies, Clonsbough, St. Margaret's, Co. Dublin, died suddenly of heart failure in Ardee Barracks on Friday afternoon.

A motor car, belonging to Dr. A. McConnell, Fitzwilliam square, Dublin, was stolen yesterday evening from outside a house in Belgrave road, Monkstown.

The death has occurred suddenly at Aughnacloy House, Lurgan, of Mr. John McNabb, principal of the Ballydengan National School, between Lurgan and Portadown.

Street repairs, which will take a year to complete, are to be started in Strabane at once. The Northern Ministry of Labour has made a grant of £100.

At a meeting of the Solicitors' Apprentices' Debating Society the motion, "That the influence of environment is stronger than that of heredity," was passed. The Society will meet to-night at 53 Molesworth street, Dublin, to hear impromptu speeches.

NORTHERN IRELAND.

FOREIGN SAMPLES EXHIBITION.—The exhibition of foreign samples which the Northern Ministry of Commerce is holding in the Ulster Minor Hall, Belfast, from Wednesday to Saturday next, promises to arouse considerable interest in trading circles throughout the six counties. The samples have been selected by the Ministry with the object of bringing to the notice of Ulster manufacturers and exporters the quality, style and finish of foreign manufactured goods competitive with Ulster products in the markets of the world.

PRIEST AND POLICEMAN THREATENED.—Four young men were collecting funds for prisoners outside St. Peter's Roman Catholic church, Lurgan, yesterday morning, when a policeman who had just been to Mass ordered them to go away. The men drew revolvers and threatened the constable. Father McGiven, C.C., went to his rescue, and he also was threatened. The constable managed to escape, and shortly afterwards a force of police arrived and searched all the men in the vicinity. The men with the revolvers, however, made good their escape.

ALLEGED HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—James Wilson, of Hope street, and Patrick Lavery, Gardiner street, Belfast, were remanded at Londonderry on Saturday on a charge of having assaulted Patrick Langan, a Letterkenny cattle-dealer, and robbing him. Lavery pleaded guilty, and Wilson said that he knew nothing about it.

METHODIST APPOINTMENT.—The Rev. John Gilchrist, superintendent of Killeshandra and Belturbet circuit, has been appointed to the Methodist church at Aughnacloy, in succession to the Rev. F. J. Johnston.

ULSTER AIREDALE CLUB.

A meeting for the purpose of forming a new Airedale Club for Ulster was held in the Metropole Hotel, Belfast. Mr. J. Kilpatrick occupied the chair, and in the course of his opening remarks said that the time was never more propitious for the formation of an Airedale Club in Ulster. On a vote it was unanimously agreed that the club be called "The Ulster Airedale Club," and that its membership be confined to Ireland. It was also agreed that the amount of the annual subscription be 10/6.

The following officers were then elected:—President—Mr. A. Bircher. Committee—Messrs. R. S. Holland, W. J. M'Mullan, J. Boyd, R. Smyth, E. Richardson, J. Kilpatrick, W. Young, and Miss Dorothy Pyper. Mr. Kilpatrick was elected Chairman of Committee, and Mr. Charles Hon. Secretary and Treasurer. The President (Mr. Bircher), in thanking the meeting for the honour conferred upon him, remarked that he hoped to have as good an interest to make the club best in Ireland, and for this purpose he would present four valuable silver cups to be known respectively as the President's Cup, the Novices' Cup, the Dog Puppy Cup, and the Bitch Puppy Cup. Mr. R. S. Holland also spoke, and announced that he had great pleasure in presenting to the club a cup solely for the lady members, to be known as the Ladies' Cup. Mr. Richardson also offered a cup, and would later on furnish particulars and conditions. The Secretary informed the meeting that he had been promised cups, specials, and medals from enthusiastic fanciers of the breed, and sub-committees, consisting of Messrs. Bircher, Holland, Kilpatrick, and Clarke, was appointed to deal with the rules and regulations. The Secretary is Mr. E. J. Clarke, 9 Fleetwood street, Belfast.

The following notice has been posted at Fenchechurch street Station:—"Beware of cardsharpers on all trains."

PLATFORM AND STAGE.

DUBLIN PROGRAMMES.

This week, the Gaiety Theatre, the William J. Wilson, Morgan Company will present a musical play, "The Gipsy Princess," with the entire London production from the Prince of Wales and Strand Theatres, where it has been performed for nearly twelve months. It deals with old "Bohemia" set in a vague and enchanted environment specially created by stage producers as the most appropriate setting for brave deeds and light hearts, a land where the clinking of sabres

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
At 7.45—The William J. Wilson, Morgan Co. present THE LATEST AND MOST SUCCESSFUL MUSICAL PLAY,
"THE GIPSY PRINCESS,"
A SPARKLING FOUNTAIN OF MELODY,
With the Entire London Production direct from the Strand and Prince of Wales' Theatres.
CAST INCLUDES
R. Barrett-Lennard, Harry Cole,
Evelyn Drewe, James Davis,
Full Chorus. Augmented Orchestra.
MATINEES WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY AT 2.30.
Next Week—THE RATHMINES AND RATHGAR MUSICAL SOCIETY presents
"THE MIKADO" & "PATIENCE"

EMPIRE THEATRE.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 8.45.
WILFRED BURNAND,
THE KOBES.
Ina Lorimer, Sydney Cody,
Geo. Costello, Jack and Kitty Neves
HAYWOOD AND HAY.

ABBEY THEATRE.
TO-MORROW (TUESDAY) and FOLLOWING NIGHTS, at 8.15.
MATINEE SATURDAY, 2.30.
"PAUL TWYNING,"
By GEORGE SHIELS.
Booking at Theatre. 'Phone 3268.
And at Cleary's, Lower O'Connell street.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
6.45. ..... TWICE NIGHTLY. 8.45
THE BREEZY NAUTICAL DRAMA,
"THE COASTGUARD'S DAUGHTER,"
BY J. A. CAMPBELL.
Seats Booked at Theatre, 2/4. Telephone—3016.

BOHEMIAN PICTURE THEATRE, PHIBSBORO' ROAD.
TO-DAY, TO-MORROW, and WEDNESDAY.
"SALVAGE,"
Featuring PAULINE FREDERICK.
By DANIEL WHITCOMB.
A VITALLY GENUINE HUMAN DRAMA.
AN EPIC OF MOTHER-LOVE.
IN THIS PICTURE THIS GREAT STAR EXCELS HERSELF. DON'T MISS IT.
THURSDAY NEXT.
"THE FORTUNE HUNTER;"
Featuring EARLE WILLIAMS.

THE CARLTON
NOW SHOWING, FOR ONE WEEK ONLY,
"A SPORTSMAN'S WIFE,"
With All-Star Cast, headed by
VIOLET HOPSON.
A dramatic exposition of life in the sporting world, with the most thrilling horse race ever filmed.

PRINCESS, RATHMINES.
"THE DREAM,"
From the Famous French Novel, by EMILE ZOLA.
THURSDAY, another great attraction,
"MILESTONES."

THE SACKVILLE PICTURE HOUSE. "DESERT LOVE," Starring TOM MIX. Also LARRY SEMON in "THE BAKERY."

METROPOLE CINEMA.
CONTINUOUS ..... 3-10.30.
FOR 6 DAYS ONLY.
THOS. H. INCE'S
"HAIL THE WOMAN."
THE SUPREME EPIC OF WOMANHOOD.
Featuring
THEODORE ROBERTS, FLORENCE VIDOR,
LLOYD HUGHES, MADGE BELLAMY,
TULLY MARSHALL, GERTRUDE CLAIR,
A real life drama of woman's emancipation; intense with human interest.
A story you can "live" as you see the picture.

RESTAURANT.
OPEN 12.30 TO 9.30.
Orchestral Music—1 to 2.30, 4.30 to 6.30, 7.30 to 9.

BALLROOM.
DANCING WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, 8 to 11. Evening Dress.
Under the direction of T. LEGGETT BYRNE, Esq.
Tickets at Metropole.

CORINTHIAN.
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
in
"PAY DAY."
LARRY SEMON
in
"THE SHOW."
OWEN NARES in "BROWN SUGAR."
All the week. 2.30, 4.30, 6.30, 8.30.

MASTERPIECE.
"SIBILLA, THE DANCER."
Also "THE SECRET LIFE OF THE EXILED KAISER."
The only pictures ever obtained that portray the daily life of the exiled Emperor, and were taken without his permission or knowledge.
An Exclusive Record.

ROYAL DUBLIN SOCIETY
RECITALS OF CLASSICAL MUSIC.
THIS (MONDAY) AFTERNOON, at 4 p.m.
IN THE THEATRE ROYAL.
STRINGS—PHILHARMONIC QUARTET.
ADMISSION 2s. (Dress Circle or Parterre).
MEMBERS FREE.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.
THE SAILORS' AND SOLDIERS' DEPARTMENT,
30 LOWER FITZWILLIAM STREET, DUBLIN.
Intend to appoint a Collector of Rents for 32 Cottages erected under the Irish Land (Provision for Sailors and Soldiers) Act, 1919, in the Rathdrbey Rural District.
The Cottages are let at a rent of 5/- per week, and the person appointed to the office would receive commission of 6% on the amounts collected and lodged, and would have to enter into a bond with an insurance company approved by the Department for a sum of £50.
Intending applicants should communicate with the undersigned and enclose copies of testimonials as to their fitness and suitability for appointment.
Preference will be given to ex-Servicemen.
Sailors' and Soldiers' Department,
30 Lower Fitzwilliam street, Dublin.

EDUCATION.
CAMPBELL COLLEGE,
BELMONT, Near Belfast.
HEAD MASTER:
W. D. GIBSON, M.A. (Oxon.), D.S.O., M.C.
NEXT TERM COMMENCES
On WEDNESDAY, 17th JANUARY, 1923.
An ENTRANCE EXAMINATION for those Candidates who have not taken the Public Schools' Common Entrance Examination will be held at the College, on Wednesday, 13th DECEMBER, at 10.30 a.m.
Prospectus and Application Forms can be obtained from the Bursar.

LOWTHER COLLEGE FOR GIRLS,
BODELWYDDAN CASTLE, NEAR RHYL.

ST. PATRICK'S HOSPITAL, DUBLIN.
In addition to the Main Hospital in James's street, the Governors have Branch Establishments at St. Edmondsbury, Lucan, standin, in a Demesne of 200 acres, and provided with every facility for the Curative Treatment of Mental Cases.
The Mansion at St. Edmondsbury has been adapted for the Treatment of Ladies, and a Villa specially built to accommodate a limited number of Gentlemen.
Urgent Cases can be admitted to the Hospital on application to the Medical Superintendent.
For further particulars, Forms, etc., apply to THE REGISTRAR, St. Patrick Hospital, James's street, Dub

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 9.0.
RATOUCHEFF'S
7 RUSSIAN LILLIPUTIANS
The Smallest Actors, Vocalists, and Dancers in existence in a varied Musical Comedy Programme.
Ethel Bull, The Three Neslos, Anita Hayes, Maugin and Kerbel, The Shentons, Fred Brand.
RENDEZVOUS,
The only Real Ice Skating Act on the Variety Stage, Featuring S. CHARLTON, Skating Champion of England, and PHIL TAYLOR, Skating Champion of Canada. A STAGE OF REAL ICE.
Special Skating Competition at both performances each evening, open to members of the audience. First Prize, £5; Second Prize, £2; Third Prize, £1.
FINAL FRIDAY, SECOND HOUSE.

WINTER GARDENS CAFE.
LADIES' ORCHESTRA, 1 to 2.30 and 4 to 6 p.m.

THEATRE ROYAL.
THURSDAY, NOV. 30, AT 3 O'CLOCK.
MARGARET SHERIDAN,
WALTER McNALLY,
GUISEPPE BARSOTTI.
ELVO DIAZ (VIOLINIST).
Accompanists:
LORENZO AND VINCENT
MOLAJOLI. O'BRIEN.
Gallery, 3/6 (at door). Booking opens for Second Concert on Monday.

TIVOLI (6.45 and 9) THEATRE Tel. 4125.
V. M. GASTON. JACK WARMAN.
Chrissie Manning. Harvey Brinton.
Alpha. Gladys Demar.
MacRae and LEPORTE.

KINGSTOWN PAVILION.
EUGENE O'BRIEN.
With RUBY DE REMER and STAR CAST in
"A FOOL AND HIS MONEY."
A Selznick Production, from the Story by GEO. BAAR McCUTCHEON.
AT 4.10, 6.35 and 9.5. Circuits Special Cdy. and
CHAPTER TWO OF
The Wonderful French Screen Version of Dumas'
"THE THREE MUSKETEERS."
EVERY NIGHT NEXT WEEK. GRAND OPERA.
PICTURE MATINEES EVERY AFTERNOON.

LA SCALA THEATRE.
TO-DAY ..... 3-10.30 ..... CONTINUOUS.
PRISCILLA DEAN,
The Heroine of
"THE VIRGIN OF STAMBOUL"
And
"OUTSIDE THE LAW,"
In her Greatest and Latest Picture,
"REPUTATION."
PRISCILLA DEAN,
Admitted by All to be the
"SARAH BERNHARDT" of the SCREEN.
"DON'T MISS IT."

GRAND CENTRAL CINEMA
"ASHAMED OF PARENTS."
A Story of Parental Sacrifice that will Dim the Dryest Eyes and
"THE COUNT."
A Chaplin Comedy that will Dry the most Tearful Eyes.

PILLAR PICTURE HOUSE.
"THE ROAD OF AMBITION."
A MAGNIFICENT SELZNICK.
CONWAY TEARLE and STAR CAST.

DANCING. 27 ADELAIDE ROAD.
MRS. and MISS B. LEGGETT BYRNE have returned from London.
PRIVATE LESSONS BY APPOINTMENT.
T. LEGGETT BYRNE. 'Phone 1815.

PUBLIC NOTICES.
A LECTURE ON CHRISTIAN SCIENCE
Under the auspices of Second Church of Christ, Scientist, Dublin, will be delivered by
JOHN W. DOORLY, C.S.B.
(OF LONDON, ENGLAND),
MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF LECTURESHIP OF THE MOTHER CHURCH, The FIRST CHURCH of CHRIST, SCIENTIST, IN BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS, U.S.A.
IN THE TOWN HALL, RATHMINES,
THIS EVENING,
AT 8. DOORS OPEN AT 730.
The Public is cordially invited, and no tickets are required.

MORAVIAN FOREIGN MISSIONS.
In connection with these Missions,
A PUBLIC MEETING
Will be held in the
MORAVIAN CHURCH HOUSE,
LOWER KEVIN STREET,
TO-MORROW (TUESDAY) EVENING, 28th NOVEMBER, 1922, at 8 o'clock.
The Chair will be taken by
THE REV. J. E. HUTTON, M.A.
An Address, illustrated by Photographic Views, will be given by the
REV. BISHOP WARD
(Member of the Moravian Mission Board).

MATER CARNIVAL.
"WHITE ELEPHANT STALL."
RESULT OF DRAW FOR RALEIGH BICYCLE.
Ticket No. 3459—Mrs. Jose, Grosvenor road.
Bicycle can be had on application to Miss MacCallum, Lahorna, Upper Kenilworth Park.

REGISTRATION OF CLUBS (IRELAND) ACT, 1904.
Notice is hereby given that I have applied to the District Court, Roscommon, for Renewal of the Certificate of the
ROSCOMMON SOCIAL CLUB,
Situate at Market square, Roscommon, under the above Act.
Dated this 25th day of November, 1922.
R. I. McCOURT, Secretary.
To all whom it may concern.

TAKE Notice, it is intended to make application for a Renewal of the Certificate of Registration granted to the Stephen's Green Club, Dublin.
T. J. DUNCAN, Assistant Secretary.
27th November, 1922.

FOR PEACE AND COMFORT
COME TO
CHELTENHAM SPA.
The most delightful Residential Town of England.
Daily Concerts and Amusements, and many Comfortable Hotels with Moderate Tariffs.
SEND FOR HOTEL LIST AND DETAILS.
CENTRAL BUREAU, TOWN HALL, CHELTENHAM SPA.

HOUSE-PAINTING.
JAMES GIBSON & SON,
49 & 50 MARY STREET,
DUBLIN.
'Phone 374. Telegrams—"Gibsons, Dublin."

FOR CLEANING, DYEING, AND LAUNDRY WORK
TRY
DUNLOP'S LAUNDRY & DYE WORKS, LTD.,
MOUNT BROWN AND KILMAINHAM, DUBLIN.
Telephones—4334 and 4335.

WEATHER FORECAST.

General Inference.—With an anti-cyclone off the South-West coast, and pressure low over the Baltic, winds will be north-westerly to northerly over the British Isles. In the South-West mild conditions will give place to colder weather, after some rain or showers. Elsewhere weather will be cold, with local showers of snow in the North and hail or sleet in the South.

Ireland.—Wind north-westerly to northerly, light or moderate; varying cloud. Visibility good; moderate temperature.

Ireland, N.E.—Wind north-westerly to northerly, moderate or fresh; varying cloud, showers of rain, hail, or snow in places. Visibility good; cold.

Ireland, S.E.—Wind north-westerly to northerly, moderate or fresh, strong at times; varying cloud, probably some rain or showers. Visibility good; temperature falling.

Ireland, S.W.—Wind north-westerly to northerly, light or moderate; varying cloud. Visibility good; moderate temperature.

Dixon and Hempenstall, Barometers and Forecasters, 12 Suffolk street, Dublin.—(Adv.)

J. W. ELVERY & CO., LTD.
LADIES' WATERPROOF AND RAINPROOF COATS.
OVERT COATS, FLEECE COATS.
LEATHER AND LEATHERETTE MOTOR COATS.
CHILDREN'S COATS, CAPES, AND HOODS.
PATTERNS AND PRICES ON APPLICATION.
ELEPHANT HOUSE, DUBLIN.
43 & 46 LR. O'CONNELL ST., 76 MID-ABBEY STREET, 34 NASSAU STREET, 55 DAWSON STREET
ALSO AT CORK AND LONDON.

REAL DINNER SETS, CHINA AND TABLE GLASS.
THE CENTRAL STORES.
MAGUIRE & GATCHELL,
10 DAWSON ST., DUBLIN.

The Irish Times.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1922.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS:
Dublin 5036 and 5037.
Belfast 1787.
London Central 4350.
BELFAST OFFICE: 108 Royal Avenue.
LONDON OFFICE: 59 Fleet Street.
POSTAL SUBSCRIPTION: 19/6 per quarter.

TO-DAY'S INDEX.

LEADING ARTICLES:	Page.
Germany's Danger	4
The Constitution Bills	4
Brains and Figures	4
Protection of Birds	4
GENERAL:	
An Easy Chair for America	5
County Mayo Shopkeeper Shot Dead	6
Dublin, Belfast, and the Provinces	3
French Menace to Peace	5
Ireland's Charter: Text of the Bills	7
Mr. Childers's Last Message	5
Mr. Childers's Own Story of His Life	5
Palace Girls for Paris	5
Platform and Stage	3
Sentries Attacked in Dublin Railways	6
U.S. Markets	6
Week's Work at Lausanne	6
Woman and Her Home	3
Young Soldier Shot in the Street	6
LETTERS TO THE EDITOR:	
Lay Secondary Teachers	7
The Gaelic League	7
FINANCIAL NEWS	9
MARKET REPORTS	2
SPORTING NEWS	8-9

HIGH WATER AT DUBLIN BAR.

To-day.... Morning 5.53 | Evening 6.28
To-morrow.. " 7.1 | " 7.34

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

To-day.... Rises .. 8.11 | Sets 4.15
To-morrow.. " .. 8.13 | " 4.14
LIGHTING-UP TIME ..... 5.15 P.M.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Gaiety Theatre—"The Gipsy Princess," 7.45.
Theatre Royal—Varieties, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Queen's Theatre—"The Coastguard's Daughter," 6.45 and 8.45 p.m.
Empire Theatre—Varieties, 6.45 and 8.45 p.m.
Tivoli Theatre—Varieties, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Royal Dublin Society—Recitals of Classical Music, Theatre Royal, 4 p.m.
Metropole Cinema—Pictures, 3 to 10.30 p.m.
La Scala Theatre—Pictures, 3 to 10.30 p.m.
Bohemian Picture Theatre—Continuous.
Grand Central Cinema—Pictures, Continuous.
Pillar Picture House—Continuous.
The Carlton—Pictures, Continuous.
Princess, Rathmines—Pictures, Continuous.
Masterpiece—Pictures, Continuous.
Corinthian—Pictures, Continuous.
The Sackville Picture House—Continuous.
Kingstown Pavilion—Pictures, Continuous.
Dublin Corporation, 3 p.m.
Bibliographical Society, Academy House, 8.
Engineering and Scientific Association, University College, 7.45 p.m.
Rotary Club Luncheon, 1.15 p.m.
Dublin Port and Docks Board, Special Meeting, 1 p.m.
Pembroke Urban Council, 5.30 p.m.
Exhibition and Sale of Irish Art Work, 7 Stephen's Green.

NEWS SUMMARY.

IRELAND.

The text of the Irish Free State Bills, which are receiving their second reading in the House of Commons to-day, have been published.—(P. 7.)

Mr. Erskine Childers is reported to have shaken hands with the firing party before his execution at Beggars' Bush on Friday, when he declared: "I am at peace with all the world. I bear no grudge against anyone."—(P. 5.)

His ecclesiastical superiors have transferred Father Dominic from Ireland to the United States.—(P. 5.)

ABROAD

Members of the No. 1 Commission of the Lausanne Conference have agreed in principle to the partition of Thrace and the neutral zone through which Bulgaria will have access to the Ægean Sea.—(P. 5.)

Speaking in the Reichstag, the German Minister of Finance said that France is the menace to world peace. He warns her that, if by her reparations demands, Germany is ruined, France also will be involved.—(P. 5.)

America's "observer" at the Lausanne Conference says that that country's policy is one of the "open door." His Government deplores secret treaties.—P. 5.)

M. Clemenceau has made a passionate appeal to America to join in the Lausanne Conference.—(P. 5.)

The ex-Sultan's harem have been offered an engagement to appear at a Paris music-hall.—(P. 5.)

POPE'S NEW TIARA.

A GIFT FROM MILAN.

The citizens of Milan have decided to give the Pope a new tiara of costly and exquisite workmanship.

The design for the new tiara has been made by the artist Luca Beltrami, and carried out by a Milanese jeweller. It keeps, of course, to the shape of the beehive mitre, or "Phrygian bonnet," and is made of silver filigree, so fine and light that it looks like lace. The three crowns are of purest gold, worked in a raised pattern of olives, fruit, and foliage, and enriched with emeralds and many other precious stones. The third, and narrowest, crown is completed by a circlet of 150 pearls. The globe, closing in the mitre, is formed by a single Indian emerald of great size, and is supported by an oriflamme of 384 rubies. In the summit of the globe is a tiny platinum cross, ornamented with twenty-four diamonds. Composed of 2,000 precious stones the tiara measures 14in. in height, and weighs 36ozs., and is certainly the most beautiful crown ever worn by any Pope.

A SANTA CLAUS APPEAL.

A correspondent in Longford has been thinking sympathetically of the numbers of poor children in Dublin to whom Santa Claus will not come at Christmas. She suggests that the more fortunately situated children, many of whom have more toys than they can make use of, should be asked to contribute some of them to a common store for distribution amongst poorer children. To do this it would be necessary for ladies and gentlemen in each district to collect toys, sort them out, and share them.

In this direction the Association of St. Nicholas, 14 North Great George's street, Dublin, has arranged for December 10, 11, 12, and 13 as flag days. The object is to procure coal, food, boots, and clothes for the distressed poor, and toys and nourishment for sick children. The honorary organiser is Mr. J. J. D. Fitzgerald, 14 North Great George's street.

Germany's Danger.

Herr Cuno, the German shipping magnate, has succeeded in forming a Cabinet which has been recruited almost exclusively from the Right. The German People's Party predominates, and, although "heavy industry" has no other representative than Herr Cuno, the Cabinet has the blessing of the Stinnes group. The Government's programme was disclosed to the Reichstag last Saturday, when it was approved by the whole House, with the exception of the little group of twenty Communists. Friends of the new Administration feared that the Socialists, who command a majority in the Reichstag, might not have been disposed to support a Cabinet which contained none of their representatives; but, apparently, patriotism has triumphed over party, and, for the time being, at any rate, the safety of Herr Cuno's Government is assured. The Communist Party, of course, has declared war on the new *régime*. It declares war, as a matter of principle, on everything which stands for law and order. At a delegates' meeting held in Berlin on Saturday this dangerous party formulated its programme for the regeneration of the German people. It is a programme of confiscation pure and simple. The Treaty of Versailles is to be repudiated, all debts are to be annulled, all food reserves, private flats and foreign money are to be seized; and by these means the simple-minded Bolsheviks of the Fatherland declare that they can save their country.

While the Communists were engaged in the adoption of this revolutionary programme Herr Severing, the new Minister of the Interior, was giving them a stern warning in the Reichstag. Within recent months public opinion in Germany has been turning very definitely against all kinds of advanced socialism. With the object of holding the Socialists in check large numbers of young men throughout the country banded themselves into an organisation on the model of the Italian Fascisti. They donned grey shirts as their badge of membership, and were preparing to imitate the Italians' methods when their organisation was dissolved officially by the Home Office. Herr Severing told the Communists on Saturday that he could not hold these young men back if riots and other Socialist demonstrations were encouraged, and that, if they should persist in their attitude of hostility towards the Government, they would share the fate of the Communists in Italy. At heart the German people are far more Conservative than the Italians, and, if once a Fascisti movement gets a footing in the country, nothing will prevent it from spreading like wild-fire. The possibilities of such a development, from the international point of view, are distinctly interesting; but the German people are far too sensible to go to reactionary extremes unless the Communists force their hands. As Herr Severing said, hunger has become the common enemy in Germany, and it can be defeated only by the united efforts of all parties.

Herr Stresemann, the leader of the People's Party, gave a warning also to France. He is, of course, a "die-hard," but there is much truth in some of his remarks. It is certain that the collapse of Germany would have the most serious effects on French stability. A few weeks ago, when the mark plunged suddenly to the level of 40,000 to the pound, the franc, for no apparent reason, began to move in sympathy, and did not begin to recover until the value of the mark had improved again. The credit of France, as Herr Stresemann insisted, depends on her chances of obtaining reparation from Germany. He declared that Germany would welcome a policy of French reconstruction in alliance with German industry, but added that there could be no hope of an economic settlement while political sanctions and military occupation were used to enforce it. Before the war, he said, Germany hated England, but had no bitter feelings against France. Now she has made her peace with England, while her hatred of France is intense. The reason of this change, he argued, was the fact that France had not ceased to harry her conquered enemy since the Armistice and that her every move was calculated to encompass Germany's ruin. Few Britons will agree with these sweeping charges, but the fact that they have been made by a responsible German statesman is significant. Rightly or wrongly, Germany believes that she is being victimised. The approaching conference at Brussels will give France an opportunity to dispel that belief.

The Constitution Bills.

The debate on the second reading of the Free State Constitution Bill will begin to-day in the House of Commons. The text of the Bill, which was issued last Saturday, is a guarantee that the debates in the Imperial Parliament will be merely formal, and that the sixth day of December will find the Free State in being. It is provided that the Constitution shall be construed in the light of the Treaty, and that any conflict with the Treaty's terms shall be remedied by legislation, not in the Imperial Parliament, but in the Parliament of the Free State. A second Bill contains provisions consequential on the establishment of the Free State. The Six County area will have its own Governor and Privy Council, and will pay to the Imperial Exchequer a contribution which is fixed at £7,920,000 a year for the first two years. The High Court of Appeal for Ireland will cease to exist; the office of Lord Chancellor of Ireland will be abolished, and Northern Ireland will have an independent Court of Appeal. A further provision of this Bill which, if fortune is kind, may prove to be a valuable factor in the achievement of Irish unity, deals with the still uncreated Council of Ireland. The two Irish Parliaments will have power, by means of identical Acts of Parliament, to make of the Council anything which their experience of self-government and their inevitable recognition of some measure of co-operation may suggest. Finally, the Bill shows that, despite the not unnatural fears of Irish ex-Service men, the British Government has not forgotten the Empire's debt to them. When work was stopped at Killester, County Dublin, and when other schemes for the housing of ex-Service men failed through lack of funds, the fulfilment of a solemn pledge seemed to have been abandoned. It is excellent news that before the 6th December a Trust will be established by law which will control and finance the provision of cottages for Irishmen who served with the King's Navy, Army or Air Force during the late war. Three members of the Trust will be appointed by the British Government, one by the Free State Government and one by the Government of Northern Ireland. It will inherit for its special purpose the powers which were conferred, three years ago, on the Irish Local Government Board, and it will be endowed by the Imperial Parliament with funds to the total amount of eleven and a half million pounds. Of course this scheme would be impracticable without the good-will and help of the Free State Government; but the text of the Bill is a clear indication that the good-will exists and that the help will not be wanting. We rejoice that this measure of justice to Irish ex-Service men has been made an integral part of the great Act of Settlement. It is a measure which, in itself, will be no small contribution to the peace and prosperity of the new Ireland.

Brains and Figures.

To the average man, who longs for the decimal system as often as he tries to make the foils in his cheque-book coincide with his overdraft, there is something not quite human about a higher mathematician. It comes as no surprise to us, therefore, to read in the current number of the *Lancet* the statement by Dr. Bernard Hollander, the specialist in cerebral diseases, that there must be an anatomically distinct brain centre for the reception and arrangement of figures. He gives instances. One is the case of a mentally deficient child who could calculate correctly the square of 825 in four seconds and, "given a day of the week in 1912, calculated May 22nd, 1908, as a Friday in five seconds." It is not Dr. Hollander's contention, however, that expert mathematicians, lightning calculators, chess players and similar masters of the combinations and permutations of figures are of necessity mentally deficient in other respects. He holds that, while any good brain can be bent to the service of figures and can be developed in their employment, the true "lightning calculator" brain is born and not made. Perhaps, the most striking proof of this theory is furnished by the wonderful "Datas," whose mental store of dates and figures and astonishing feats of numeral gymnastics have held countless audiences spellbound. "Datas's" brain has been estimated to weigh 75 ounces, instead of the thirty ounces of the average human being. All kinds of brains are needed to make a world, and the specially developed figure-weaving brain centre has won its triumphs in the study and the laboratory. Nevertheless, the average man—except in the rare moments when he is wrestling with the petty cash account—will be satisfied to admire rather than to possess it.

Protection of Birds.

As compared with America or Hungary, Britain has been backward in the matter of protecting and encouraging bird life. Nevertheless, no small bird has become extinct in the British Isles within the memory of man. In the case of many of the larger species—the great bustard, for example—their disappearance has been due to circumstances that no amount of protection could have combated. The protection of wild birds in the country is obviously a difficult business. It is otherwise in great cities, where the solution may be found in the provision for wandering birds of a haven from dogs and cats, the clumsy pedestrian who means no harm, and the urchin who means all the harm that he can do. London's first official bird sanctuaries—one in Hyde Park and one in Kensington Gardens—are about to be fenced from public intrusion. The chief trouble, if the birds are to take kindly to their sanctuary, is not the human enemy, but the cat. The public has no conception of the numbers and ferocity of the London cats: they can be seen, at dusk of a summer's evening, slipping through the park railings literally in thousands. Only on an island in the middle of an artificial lake or on the water itself can the ducks remain undevoured; and the late Mr. W. H. Hudson once declared that even an ostrich would not be safe from them. Unlike the poor Londoners, the people of Dublin have the hills and the sands at their doors, and need no bird sanctuaries.

THE CENSORSHIP.

The Provisional Government has prohibited the publication of two statements which we received yesterday. One of them was a reply by Mr. de Valera's Director of Publicity to our leading article of last Saturday on the execution of Mr. Erskine Childers. Both documents were submitted to the Government's censorship, in accordance with its instructions.

"THE TRANSFIGURATION."

FINE RENDERING BY CATHEDRAL CHOIR.

Miss Ina Boyle's anthem, entitled, "The Transfiguration," of which so much has been heard, was sung during the morning Service at St. Patrick's Cathedral yesterday, when a large congregation had an opportunity of judging the merits of this new work.

In England, Miss Boyle's compositions have been performed by first-class orchestras, and her reputation has already been established in London, but until yesterday none of her work had been heard in Dublin.

Dr. Hewson, organist of the Cathedral, undertook the anthem, which is very difficult to sing, and demands earnest rehearsal for an intelligent interpretation. That that demand had been fully met was evident by the treatment of the composition by the choir yesterday. It was admirably sung, and the organ accompaniment was most effective. Dr. Hewson and the choir entered into the spirit of the work, and their sympathetic co-operation achieved the best results.

The anthem opens with distonic passages on the organ, and a tenor solo. The solo was sung by Mr. John Gill, who presented impressively the beauty of the words. At the words, "The fashion of His countenance was altered," chromatic harmonies were frequently used, and the chorus entered with the words, "And behold, Moses and Elias appeared in glory." The chorus was exceedingly well sung, and the music at this point, being very original in design, produced surprising effects.

The second part of the anthem, beginning "Praise the Lord, O my soul," contains many brilliant and effective passages, and harmonically it is most distonic. A magnificent climax was reached at a point where the choir divides into first and second chorus for about eight bars. This portion was a vocal masterpiece, and brought the anthem to a brilliant conclusion.

COURT AND PERSONAL.

The Dowager Empress of Russia will arrive at Marlborough House to-day, to spend some weeks with Queen Alexandra. The date of the arrival of another Royal visitor, the King of Norway, has not yet been announced, but it will be before Christmas, and after a short stay he and Queen Maud will return to Norway together.

* * *

Prince Christopher of Greece has arrived at Palermo, where Princess Christopher will join him before Christmas. Ex-King Constantine and his family will spend the winter in Palermo, and are settled in the Villa Igiea, a residence which commands extensive views and is surrounded with a beautiful garden.

* * *

The Earl and Countess of Ancaster have arrived in London from Grimsthorpe Castle. Lord Ancaster has leased his famous Lincolnshire preserves to Sir Samuel Roberts, M.P., who entertained a large shooting party at Swinstead Hall last week, when very large bags were secured.

* * *

Viscount Kingsborough, only son of the Earl of Kingston, is twenty-five to-day. Educated at Eton and the Royal Military College, he was gazetted to the Scots Greys, and served through the last two years of the European War. The Barony of Kingston and the Viscountcy of Kingsborough were conferred in 1764 and 1766, respectively, on Sir Edward King, Bart., who two years later was advanced to an Earldom. The surname Tenison was assumed by Royal Licence, in 1803, by the eighth Earl, who married the daughter of the late Colonel Edward King-Tenison of Kilronan Castle, County Roscommon.

* * *

Lady Annabel Dodds gave birth to a son last week at the British Legation, Addis Ababa, Abyssinia, where her husband, Major James Hugh H. Dodds, C.M.G., is British Consul. Lady Annabel is the eldest daughter of the Marquis of Crewe, during whose Irish Viceroyalty she spent several years in Dublin. She married Captain the Hon. Arthur O'Neill, eldest son of Lord O'Neill, who was killed in action in 1914. Her second marriage took place last January.

* * *

Among the latest arrivals in England from Canada are Lady De Blaquiere, Lady Lougheed, wife of the Canadian Minister of the Interior; Sir Montague Allan, C.V.O., and Lady Allan. Lord Clifton and Sir Richard Squire sailed on Saturday for New York.

* * *

The engagement is announced between Rev. A. Douglas Adams, M.A., Ferndown, Dorset, son of Samuel Allen Adams, J.P., D.L., and Mrs. Adams, of Northlands, Carrickmacross, and Modwyn, elder daughter of Rear-Admiral and Mrs. Winnington-Ingram, of 32 St. John's road, Clifton, Bristol, and niece of the Bishop of London.

* * *

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between Francis James Style Pollard, of Kinturk, Castlepollard, Co. Westmeath, and Dorathea Marion, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Kerr, of Ulster Bank House, Portadown.

* * *

Switzer's wonderful Exhibition of new and novel Toys and dainty, useful Gifts is now open on Lower Ground Floor.—Grafton street.

New Wraps and Coats, lovely models, trimmed collar cuffs and flounce, fashionable furs. Warm Winter Coats, in Suede Velour and Velour Fleece, cosy fur collar, useful pockets, well tailored, in Beaver, Navy, Saxe, Nigger, Mole, etc., from 42s. Heavy Winter Tweed Coats, 15s. 9d., 18s. 9d., 21s.—W. Holmes, Dublin, Ltd., 69, 70, 71 George's st.

Exclusive Model Fur-trimmed Coats and Suite, also New Dance Frocks, just arrived at Campbell and Strahan, Ltd., 11 Wicklow st.

Mrs. Mercedes D'Alton's Reception, Royal Hibernian Hotel, Dawson street—Sale of Hats, Gowns, Cardigans, Jumpers. Great reductions, for four days, commencing Saturday, November 25th.

ARRIVALS AT KINGSTON BY ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.—Rev. F. S. Smithwick, Mrs. J. Paston, Right Hon. Sir Andrew Beattie Arthur Matshall, Miss Oglethorpe, Mr. Whitfield, Miss Evans, Dr. J. O. C. Plassmons, A. M. Fleming, Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Rorke.
DEPARTURES FROM KINGSTOWN BY ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.—Mr. and Mrs. John J. Kelly, E. F. Hopkhaus, George Hoves, Mrs. C. S. L. MacFarlane, Mrs. H. J. R. Diggin, J. Caulfield, Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Claude Gifford, Captain R. M. Bonnbrahan, Mrs. Barclay, Mrs. J. A. Kelly, Harry Flood, Mrs. R. M. Jeffeys, E. Taylor, G. A. Orr, Capt. P. J. Noonan.

Young Ladies' and Children's Coats and Dresses are most attractive at McBirney's.

Gibson and Co., Ladies Tailors, Specialists in designing and cutting. All models made on the premises. Inspection invited.—141 Lr. Baggot st.

TAKEN AT RANDOM.

I hear that Sir Almeric FitzRoy will retire before many months have passed. But for the war and the difficulty of finding a successor, he was ready to do so some time ago. I wonder how many people have noticed a similarity in the features to those of Charles II.; there is, I believe, some cause for it. But be that as it may, Sir Almeric prides himself on the likeness, and is quite pleased when anyone remarks on the fact.—*Sunday Times.*

* * *

The workers should not be allowed to have drink.—Mr. E. Scrymgeour, M.P.

* * *

Mr. Devlin and the Jews.

I told a story at my own expense of an incident in which I figured when addressing a meeting of Jews in the Exchange Division of Liverpool. Mr. Devlin was the victim of another such mishap; but he was himself at fault.

In a splendid peroration which followed a vigorous denunciation of the slum dwellings in which some of his Jewish audience were condemned to live, he demanded if, in such surroundings, there was any chance of "bringing up children in 'Christian' conditions."

But the audience were friendly and good politicians; and they did not even smile. It was only the friends of Joe that had their laugh at his expense.—Mr. T. P. O'Connor, M.P.

* * *

The British nation is very like a tortoise.—Lady Frances Balfour.

* * *

Breach of Promise.

The breach of promise action, if not abolished altogether, should be confined to cases where the man has anticipated marriage, or where the woman has actually spent money on preparations for a marriage from which the man draws back, and in these latter cases, only the actual money spent should be recoverable. There can't be two opinions on the subject, if regard is still to be paid to the repute of marriage.—Mr. John Galsworthy.

* * *

If people would read their Bibles better we should have fewer bores.—Dr. Edward Lyttelton, M.A.

* * *

Confection.

The movement towards simplicity reaches another stage to-day, when the wedding of Lord Cavan and Lady Joan Mulholland will be celebrated "with no bridesmaids, no reception, no wedding-cake." But the bride will wear "a beautiful grey fulgurante gown cut in long, straight lines, and embroidered with steel beads"; so that there will be a confection, if no confectionery.

* * *

The future seems to be always in the balance.—Sir James Craig.

* * *

An Appreciation of Yeats.

Mr. Yeats is, of course, not always removed from the general reader; and a large proportion of those poems of his which he himself would consider his best are amongst his simplest and clearest, in conception and expression. Nevertheless, he is, on the whole, to be ranked with the learned and the intellectual poets, the cryptic and the hierophantic, the philosophers who explore strange regions of thought, the contemplatives who burrow into the recesses of the mind, the questioners who accept nothing which they have not closely examined, the scholars who make references of which the savour is reserved for those equal in knowledge, the experimentalists who are not satisfied with anything ready-made in picture or rhythm, the craftsmen who labour for a perfection the nature of which few will comprehend. There is nothing in him—certainly nothing now—of the narrow esthetic or the "superior" intellectual.—Mr. J. C. Squire.

* * *

Every play is, in the strict sense of the word, immoral.—The Duke of Atholl.

* * *

Not an Irish Sunset.

Proud Father: That is a sunset my daughter painted. You know she studied painting abroad.

Her Aunt: Ah! That explains it. I never saw a sunset like that in this country.

KREISLER CONCERT.

THE WORLD'S MASTER.

Nothing can shake the wonderful equanimity of the Dublin people, their smiling fatalism. They are told that Ireland is in a state of war; yet on Saturday Kreisler drew to the Theatre Royal the largest audience ever seen within its walls.

I have never seen at any function an audience representative of so many professions — musicians, writers, doctors, lawyers, sporting men—all the gamut of human society, there to testify to the universal appeal of Kreisler's

LETTER.

T LAUSANNE.

STREET, LONDON
SUNDAY NIGHT.
first week's negotia-
y be deemed eminently
as been shown that
ce and Italy are at
accord. The policy
gation and its state-
be useless to attend
ence unless there was
he members of the
mply justified. The
s been a determined
settling of Turkey's
nd the establishment
he between Turkey on
reece, with Bulgaria,
tally giving Bulgaria
gean Sea.
ntier of Turkey has
Maritza line and so
remain Greek, and
ven an access to the
sed corridor along the
he port of Dedeagatch.
ll accept these Euro-
ns to be seen; but,
advent into Europe,
aking up, and there
reconstruction of the
12. The whole situa-
uires very delicate
ord among the Allies,
o say nothing of the
the Balkan States,
out a deadlock. The
peace seems to lie in
f this question could
isfactory manner, it
ifference to trade in
negotiations of the
devoted to fixing the
Turkey.
r Mussolini's speech
ber yesterday, when
f the Deity to enable
s arduous task, with,
the Catholic religion,
liberty of all religions
and special respect
nant religion of the
most favourable im-
circles. It is said
ni would be glad to
of a Vatican emissary
ference to uphold the
minorities in Turkey.

N.

t Liberal re-union is
it is recognised that
ent from below which
led, being similar to
bout the downfall of
It is said that the
as expressed a desire
nations, but that he
ne "Wee Frees." It
at Mr. Lloyd George
e the leader of the
ited, and this would,
disappearance of Mr.
ne. From the Govern-
a fusion of the two
d not make a great
since it is unlikely
Liberals who have
support the Govern-
themselves bound if
troduced any bill of
pprove. At the same
Liberal Party would
ascendancy would be
Mr. Lloyd George,
sciplined body, would
ve as leader of the
Ramsay Macdonald.
who once lived in
urning there, and he
Cheyne Walk for a
use belongs to Sir
who left it about two
looks the river, from
by a belt of trees,
suited for the home of
it has a fine library
ry big drawing-room,
only a small paved
Mr. Lloyd George is
soon after Christmas.
er will then have three
sea, one at Criccieth,
hurt. He has been
nd at the last-named

LONDON.

ho have been marched
ocialist auspices, and
hearing by the Prime
ning in London, and
l remain until their
received by Mr. Bonar
been sent to the
cements. It is recog-
ment is by far the
m that confronts the
d one not easily over-
estion revolves on a
is difficult to see how
any great extent while
are in their present
The cry of the honest
work, not doles. One
ntemplate the state of
the dole; but, on the
to consider its effect
man who is receiving
ng, and the sooner an
to this condition of

ed that efforts should
rk of national import-
haking, for these men;
hat unemployment has
proportions that any
lead to relief must be
and without rushing.
been much criticised
le of not receiving the
tion, but his line of
e followed. He knows
overnment department
he welfare of the un-
if he were to create a
ng this deputation, he
y others in the future.
has quite enough work
ring, to bear on his
of other departments.
he of the women mem-
Reichstag, addressing
sh women in London
t at present they had
Germany, but that it
; for Germany could
pay for raw materials
g exchange. This is
it can be compared
San Lawrence, one of
candidates here, said
he called upon the
anise the unemployed,
st demonstrations with
possible form of pre-
nge that the winning
much unemployment
none. It seems that
ust be paying for the

CTICS.

been expressed in the
r Party at the faci
the Communist, hat
receive the Labour
places the leaders of
an awkward position
they will be accused
ncies. The executive
ently will give much
e application, parti-
bold did not comply
he party constitution
lf for Motherwell. If
nceded, there will be
erate men, since some
it has been made in
d Communist may be
ow far the extreme
ty are prepared to go

er do not go very well
y. MacDonald, M.P.

MR. CHILDERS'S LAST MESSAGE.

"I BEAR NO GRUDGE AGAINST ANYONE."

PRESS COMMENT.

FREE STATE'S ACTION UPHELD IN UNITED STATES.

It was stated in Dublin yesterday that Mr. Erskine Childers shook hands with the firing party before he was executed on Friday morning at Beggar's Bush. "I am at peace with the world; I bear no grudge against anyone," he remarked to the Dean of Kildare, who is understood to be the Protestant clergyman mentioned in the "Irish Times" on Saturday.

The English Press comment at length on the execution. They regret that such a "brave, brilliant, and misguided" man should have died before a firing party, but they declare that the end was "inevitable" if the Free State Government was to carry on and restore peace and prosperity to Ireland.

Most of the American papers, whose comments have been cabled by Reuter's Correspondent, take the same view. The "New York Times" says that "to permit that the sword of justice should be stayed by threats of more horrible outrages would be for the Provisional Government to abdicate disgracefully."

MR. CHILDERS'S OWN STORY OF HIS LIFE.

The Special Correspondent in Dublin of the Press Association telegraphed last night:—

It is now definitely ascertained that Mr. Childers was shot in Beggars' Bush Barracks. I am able to state that before being shot he shook hands with the firing squad and bade them good-bye. Before being taken out he said to the Dean of Kildare:—"I am at peace with all the world. I bear no grudge against anyone; and I trust no one bears any against me."

On the day of his trial Childers said:—"Whether I am to live or to die it must help Ireland. The way is clear before me; I am serene."

In a statement which he made to the military court which tried him, Mr. Childers told his life story. On returning to his cell after the trial he wrote down from memory the statement he had made.

The statement is as follows:—

"I wish to make this statement in view of the mass of prejudice which was gathered about me owing to false statements and calumnies and innuendoes which have been made about me in the Press and elsewhere for a year past, and to most of which I have been unable to reply.

"MAKING NO APPEAL."

"I am making no appeal, let that be clear. Whatever befalls me I shall suffer gladly and happily, but I think it due to myself, and above all, to the cause I represent, which has been traduced and slandered through the agency of attacks on me, to make some refutation of these attacks.

"I have been constantly called an Englishman, who, having betrayed his own country, came to Ireland to betray and destroy Ireland — a double traitor.

"In the alternative I have suffered the vile charge or innuendo. Instead of betraying England I have been acting as a spy or *agent provocateur* of Englishmen trying to destroy Ireland in England's interest.

"After the truce, I went to London with the party which accompanied the President in his first interviews with Lloyd George.

"I attended most of the subsequent Cabinet meetings on the peace question, and in September I was appointed by the Cabinet and Dail as principal Secretary of the delegation to London for the peace negotiations of October-December, and as the responsible adviser on Defence questions.

"I took a strong line from the first against the British Dominions scheme, and in so doing came, for the first time in three years, into conflict with Republican colleagues and comrades.

"Until then, not a shadow of a cloud had disturbed the absolute harmony of my relationship. For myself, it had passed through the Dominion phase years before I discarded it and swore allegiance to the established Republic.

COULD NOT GO BACK.

"The slow growth of moral and intellectual conviction had brought me to where I stood, and it was, and is, impossible and unthinkable to go back.

"I was bound by honour, conscience, and principle to oppose the Treaty by speech, writing, and action, both in peace and, when it came to the disastrous point, in war."

In the concluding passages of his statement Mr. Childers reiterated his faith in his cause and took the fullest responsibility for any influence which he may have had on his fellow-countrymen.

WHAT U.S. THINKS.

"SWORD OF JUSTICE NOT TO BE STAYED BY THREATS."

Several newspapers (says a Reuter New York cable) comment in their leading articles on Erskine Childers' fate.

The *Times* declares his execution was in accord with the due process of the law.

"The putting to death of such a man," it proceeds, "is deplorable in itself, but it was a stern necessity if the Free State was really to maintain lawful and orderly Government, and make no distinction between seditious persons caught red-handed.

"To permit that the sword of justice should be stayed by threats of more horrible outrages would be for the Provisional Government to abdicate disgracefully."

The *World* says:—"The law justified the penalty, but the execution was decreed rather with the thought and desire of avenging the killing of Michael Collins. It was a balancing of accounts that can never be balanced.

"The newspaper thinks the execution will not mark the end of the insurrection; that the war of extermination will continue until the weaker side either surrenders or is exterminated."

The *Herald* declares that the wisdom of the execution of men whose crimes may be classed as political is speculative, but it is unlikely that Childers' fate will cause any considerable reaction in favour of the insurgents.

ENGLISH COMMENT.

GOVERNMENT'S STAND FOR LAW AND ORDER.

A FORCEFUL POWER.

De Valera's attachment to Childers can be understood. Intellectually, they were similar, and it is more than probable that much of the ingenious rebel propaganda and the defeatist political moves were engineered by his fertile brain. By his death the Republicans lose a forceful power and the Free State a vindictive enemy.—A Correspondent in the *Daily Chronicle*.

History, I am confident, will decide that Childers also was a noble character, who helped to bring ruin on Ireland, but who meant well by her, and was prepared to give his life for her.—Mr. Robert Lynd.

COURAGE OF THE GOVERNMENT.

Let those who are inclined to be sentimental over men like Mr. Childers consider the position of the members of the Government who have had the courage to act in such a drastic manner. Mr. Cosgrave and his colleagues know quite well to what form of retaliation their action lays them open. It is obvious, too, what use will be made of these executions. If Mr. Childers were executed, Mr. de Valera declared in a manifesto, it would be because "the order has come from London." The

(Continued on Page 6, Column 1.)

CONSTITUTION BILLS.

SECOND READING TO-DAY.

COTTAGES FOR EX-SERVICE MEN.

FROM OUR POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT.
LONDON, Sunday.

To-morrow the House of Commons will begin the real business of the session, namely, the passing of the Irish Free State Constitution.

Two bills have been presented by Mr. Bonar Law. The first is a bill "to provide for the Constitution of the Irish Free State." The second is "to make such provisions as are consequential on or incidental to the establishment of the Irish Free State."

The second bill has eight clauses. It modifies the 1920 Act in many important respects. If the six-county area decides to remain outside the Free State it will have its own Governor, Privy Council, and Court of Appeal. The High Court of Appeal for Ireland will cease to exist, and the office of Lord Chancellor will be abolished.

The bill gives citizens of the Free State protection against double taxation.

It also makes provision for the establishment of a trust, which shall have power to spend a sum, not exceeding £1,500,000, in the building of cottages for ex-Service men in Ireland.

If identical acts are passed by the Free State and Northern Parliaments on the subject, the Constitution of the Council of Ireland shall be changed.

(The text of the bills is published on page 7.)

LENIN'S JOKES.

AUDIENCE TRANSFIXED WITH HERO-WORSHIP.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
MOSCOW, Friday.

Continuing his Soviet election addresses at the Grand Opera House, Lenin is welding his positon as hero of the Russian people. His audience last night seemed transfixed in hero-worship.

He is the only Russian revolutionary I have heard who cracked a joke and sought to put the audience in good humour with his own contagious laughter.

He was dressed exactly as before, except that the crease was gone from the trousers of his semi-military drab cotton suit.

Facing his first audience of the common people, Lenin was seemingly inspired, and outdid himself.

"After a year and a half of our new economic policy we still find ourselves boycotted by certain Governments," declared Lenin; "but we mean business, and we will give such favourable conditions that capitalists will be forced to deal with us."

Even with Urquhart, who carried on civil war against us, we sat as cold-blooded business people. For political reasons we refused the desired concession, but even now we are discussing in our Press whether or not to grant it. Some Governments deal with us only through relief."

This last is interpreted as a dig at the United States. Three times Lenin repeated, "We never give anything we have gained by the Revolution, but go to greater gains."

When he mentioned the capture of Vladivostock with the annexation of the Far Eastern Republic, there was great applause.

"Japan retreated in the face of not only an Army, but also international opinion," he declared. "Russia forced out international opinion. That means a great deal."

U.S. PRESIDENT TO CALL A CONFERENCE.

REPUBLICANS LOSING POWER.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
WASHINGTON, Sunday.

According to the present outlook, the Republicans will have much difficulty in organising a controlling interest in the next Congress.

President Harding is to call a conference of Republican leaders very shortly.

It is probable that it will then be decided how far the Administration will yield to the demands of the Republican insurgents.

KEEPING AMERICA DRY.

CABINET TO ENFORCE THE PROHIBITION LAW.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
WASHINGTON, Sunday.

President Harding has decided to take any strenuous measures that may be necessary to compel respect for the Volstead Prohibition Act. He has received reports from all over the country, which he has placed before the Cabinet, that conditions are deplorable.

It is understood that the President has expressed his earnest intention to use every means within his power to stop the wide disregard for the Volstead Act.

The steps to be taken are unknown, but President Harding may issue a public appeal voicing a fear that the moral fibre of the people is being imperiled by the open disrespect for the Prohibition Law, and urging a more general observance and co-operation with the prosecuting authorities.

JAMAICA SQUABBLE.

GOVERNOR AND LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Sir Leslie Probyn, the Governor of Jamaica, who was severely censured by the elected members at the opening of the Legislative Council last Tuesday on account of the payment, without the authorisation of the Council, of a commission to the director of the railway in connection with some fresh capital works said to the Kingston Correspondent of *The Times* on Saturday that the estimates for the capital works for the railway provided for £7,000 as remuneration for supervision.

The moment when the estimates are sanctioned, the power to decide how the money is to be expended passes from the Council to the Executive. There is a precedent for such a step.

The present director of railways was appointed on special terms, and is not compelled to supervise new works. The Executive gives him, with the approval of Mr. Churchill, a portion of the £7,000. I intended to inform the Council of the arrangement, and that the director has sent back the cheque asking the Executive, without prejudice to his claim, to hold the money in trust pending the Duke of Devonshire's decision.

In order to remove causes of friction between the Executive and the electives, I intend to introduce a reform. Whenever it becomes necessary to provide for supervision of capital works, the Legislative Council will be asked to confirm the arrangement for the payment of such supervision.

CHEAPER CYCLES.

SUCCESSFUL OPENING OF SHOW AT OLYMPIA.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
LONDON, Sunday.

The Motor Cycle and Cycle Show commenced at Olympia with great success.

From the moment the doors were opened the crowds poured in steadily, and during the afternoon the place was more than comfortably filled.

Young people seemed to form the greater portion of the assembly, and there was a great comparing of notes all round. Motors are now so reduced in prices that they compete with the best makes of motor cycles, so that the exhibitors find that they have to reduce prices so as to influence wandering judgments between motor and cycles with side-cars.

PALACE GIRLS FOR PARIS.

MUSIC HALL OFFER FOR EX-SULTAN'S HAREM.

ISMET PASHA'S REPLY.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
PARIS, Sunday.

M. Paul Franck, director of the Olympia Theatre, wired to Ismet Pasha in Constantinople offering an engagement in Paris to the 200 women of the ex-Sultan's Harem.

The *Chicago Tribune* states that he has now received a reply as follows:—"The ladies are not hungry, but they can accept good engagements."

It is stated here that should the offer be definitely accepted, and the visit proves a success, the women will be offered a further engagement in America.

AMNESTY IN ITALY.

MUSSOLINI TO FREE POLITICAL PRISONERS.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
ROME, Sunday.

It is understood here that Premier Mussolini intends soon to introduce a bill granting amnesty to all political prisoners incarcerated in the past few years.

From the time of the beginning of the fights between the Fascisti and the Communists in 1919 until recent weeks, thousands of people have been arrested and many of them condemned.

In order to make the political peace complete, it is said that the Premier will ask the King to sign a decree granting pardon to all these offenders.

Signor Mussolini is reported as saying—"We must blot out the past and start anew. I want to give all a chance to see how well these men can serve Italy. Many Communists and Socialists are good men who were misguided, and temporarily lost their minds."

STEAMER CAPSIZED.

BARCELONA HARBOUR DISASTER.

Reuter's Barcelona Correspondent telegraphed last night:—A small passenger steamboat on the service between the port and the seaside suburbs of Barcelona was rammed about noon to-day by a vessel engaged in the Customs service. The passenger boat, on which there were eighty persons, reeled under the violence of the shock and turned over, all the passengers being thrown into the water.

At 8 o'clock this evening ten bodies had been recovered, but it is feared that the number of victims will be still larger. Divers are continuing their searches at the bottom of the sea. Seventeen of the survivors were injured.

FILM ROMANCE.

CHARLIE CHAPLIN TO MARRY POLA NEGRI.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
LOS ANGELES, Sunday.

Charlie Chaplin, the cinema star, is soon to wed Pola Negri, the Polish film star, according to a report at Holywood. Chaplin said: "I can't say 'Yes'; I can't say 'No,'" when asked to verify the report.

Pola Negri is silent on the matter, but the pair have been almost inseparable during the last six weeks.

The romance began in Europe last year, when Chaplin made his tour.

Charlie Chaplin told a correspondent of the *Los Angeles Times* that any announcement must come from Mdlle. Negri, who "is a gentlewoman and a foreigner. She does not understand American ways in affairs of this kind. She would resent my making a statement, and if I said no, just look at the position in which I would put her."

Mdlle. Negri cancelled an appointment with a reporter when she learned what was to be the subject of the interview.

The marriage is expected to take place after completion of the picture which Pola Negri is engaged upon at present.

DEVONSHIRE HOUSE

OPENED TO LONDON PUBLIC ON SUNDAYS.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
LONDON, Sunday.

So much interest has been taken by the public in Devonshire House that it was decided to open it on Sundays, at a small charge for the London hospitals.

The interior is well worth seeing, and though the weather was so cold and wretched to-day that a crowd was lacking when it was opened for the first time, it is to be hoped that the hospitals will reap a small harvest later on from the curiosity of the public.

DUBLIN PEACE MEETING.

A SPEAKER'S STATEMENT.

In connection with the peace meeting which was held in Dublin on Friday night, the Rev. John M. Costello, C.C., who was one of the speakers, writes to us to say that what he stated in reference to the Public Debt of England was that when the Treaty was signed the debt was over ten billions; Ireland was to become liable in the Treaty for a share of this, to be estimated in a court, consisting of two British representatives against one Free State. This court could, and doubtless would, estimate Ireland's liability on a basis of population, which would mean a capital debt on Ireland of one billion; this at five per cent would mean a tribute from Ireland to England of fifty millions a year for ever. Of course, England might allow the money cheaper—for a time—provided that Ireland acknowledged the capital debt. Ireland undertook also in the Treaty to pay a share of England's war pensions, which are over ten millions per year. On population basis, the writer says, this would mean that Ireland would pay one million a year for some considerable time. Ireland undertook, furthermore, to pay pensions and compensation to the police (fifteen thousand or so), and to every civil servant, judge, etc., in Ireland, who wished to retire—in many cases with seventeen years added to his actual service.

DUNDEE'S OLDEST CLERIC

FALLS DEAD AFTER CONDUCTING A SERVICE.

Dundee's oldest parish minister, the Rev. Dr. Hugh George Watt, died yesterday with tragic suddenness at Bridge of Allan.

After officiating at the morning Service at Lookroft Parish Church he was leaving the building when he was seen to clutch at the railings. An elder ran forward, and Dr. Watt fell dead into his arms.

He had been given leave of absence on account of ill-health from his charge at St. Enoch's, Dundee. He was 66 years of age.

INDUSTRIAL AGREEMENTS.

The Boot and Shoe Manufacturers' Federation and the Shoe Operatives' Union have reached an agreement to endeavour to secure an Act of Parliament which would give an industrial agreement the force of law.

The manufacturers recently asked the views of 500 Parliamentary candidates upon the question. Two-thirds replied unconditionally that they favoured the scheme. Only two answered in the negative.

ACTORS ON STRIKE.

Telegraphing last night, Reuter's Berlin Correspondent said:—As a result of a dispute regarding salaries, the Actors' Union of Berlin proclaimed a strike yesterday. Some theatres have already closed.

AN EASY CHAIR FOR AMERICA.

CLEMENCEAU INVITES U.S. TO LAUSANNE.

RESPONSIBLE FOR PEACE IN EUROPE.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
BOSTON, Sunday.

M. Clemenceau yesterday accepted his critics' challenge that he make a definite proposal for American participation in European affairs.

He suggested that the United States should take an active part in the Near East Conference at Lausanne.

"I've been almost dared to explain exactly what was my purpose in coming to America," M. Clemenceau said. "It is the simplest thing in the world. There is a conference being held at Lausanne, where England, France, and Italy are supposed to agree.

"Let a Yankee come and say, 'Good day, gentlemen, is there a seat for me?' They will give him an armchair. They are all waiting for him.

"Go there and you will meet the Eastern question which has been bothering the world for 500 years, and you can do more. You will settle it, because you can do it, since the presence of America in Europe will tell the Germans that they must not go beyond certain limits, and because everybody understands there is moral and material power which is to take possession of the world, not for domination, but for freedom."

"This was the climax of M. Clemenceau's address at Tremont Temple. He spoke directly, and the speech is described as the best since his arrival. He placed the responsibility for maintaining peace in Europe squarely upon the United States.

"You made an American armistice, and an American Treaty, with Americans participating in the Paris Conference, and then you left us," "the Tiger" asserted.

Then he added in effect, "What are you going to do about it?"

"Mr. Wilson stated nobly why America entered the war. It was in the hope of creating a better world of justice and of liberty. I come to ask you to-day what you intend to do for finishing the work which you started, and which is now suspended," he concluded.

RUSSIA ON THE WAY.

DELEGATES' ATTITUDE TO STRAITS QUESTION.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
MOSCOW, Sunday.

The Russian delegation, headed by Tchitcherin, is leaving to-night for Lausanne. With them will be the representative of the Georgian Republic.

Russia is going to Lausanne absolutely abiding by a programme upholding Turkish claims, many of which vitally affect Russia's future. There is but one important change in the programme, and that affects the question of the freedom of the Straits. While Russia insists that the Straits remain free for trading and for passenger ships of all nations at any time—which is its conception of the meaning of the phrase—Russia also emphasises that the Straits must not be used by the battleships of any nation except that nation which owns the shores. This is Russia's new interpretation of freedom of the Straits.

Granting Turkey the sole right to navigate warships in the Straits means restoring the pre-war *status* there. The Russians feel that the opposition will eventually agree to give up Constantinople immediately as well as the neutral zone, and probably withdraw troops from all Turkish Nationalist territory, so that the Conference will involve mainly the question of ownership and control of the fortifications in the Straits, as well as whether Turkey is to have a navy and the size that its army is to be.

On all these questions Russia's attitude simply is that Turkey must be a free nation, free to control its destiny within Nationalist ambitions and borders.

NUMBERS DWINDLING.

"RED" MARCHERS IN LONDON

The unemployed marchers decided at a demonstration in Trafalgar square, London, yesterday afternoon not to leave London until they had seen the Prime Minister and to call for reinforcements from the provinces.

In view of the Premier's refusal to see them, the men adopted a resolution "emphatically condemning the attitude of Mr. Bonar Law in refusing to meet the elected representatives of the national hunger-marchers" and determing to "carry on a ceaseless campaign of activities until such time as we have compelled him to grant the interview."

The gathering was not so large as last week's. Contingents, with flags and bands, marched into the square from various parts of London. They were accompanied by police, to whom there were large numbers in the square.

The proceedings were orderly, and at dusk the men marched away.

Mr. Hannington, the organiser of the unemployed, said that if they became strong enough they would endeavour to compel the Government to capitulate.

MR. THOMAS AND MOB LAW.

Speaking at Warrington last night, Mr. J. H. Thomas said that if the hands of the Government could be forced by the pressure of the unemployed, it would mean government by mob law. He had faith in the Labour movement, which had now a golden opportunity to prove that when the time came it was ready to take up the reins of government.

The Labour members in Parliament were determined to make full use of the Parliamentary machine to deal with the unemployment problem.

JESUIT COLLEGE BURNED.

SEVERAL LIVES LOST.

St. Boniface College, Winnipeg, with the noted Jesuit library, was destroyed by fire, says Reuter's Correspondent in a telegram yesterday. Four bodies had been recovered from the *débris*, and four persons are still missing.

Fifteen students were injured, but succeeded in escaping.

TIPPERARY BOARD'S PROTEST.

On Saturday the Tipperary Board of Guardians adjourned as a protest against the execution of Mr. Childers.

Mr. Paul McCormack, who proposed the resolution, said that the repeal of the Arms Act gave every individual in Ireland the right to carry arms, and, unless in an area where martial law was proclaimed, that right still existed.

Mr. Michael Boddy said that it was terrible to see Irishmen who fought as comrades a short time ago now killing one another.

Mr. Denis Quinlan said that he was strongly against execution for political offences.

ATLANTIC FARES REDUCTION.

The International Shipping Conference was held in strictest secrecy at Brussels from the 21st to the 25th (says Reuter), the representatives of all the lines operating in the North Atlantic being present. Among other things the question of rates was discussed. Some reduction is likely to be made in first and second-class rates, which will shortly be published.

EXPLOSION IN PERFUMERY.

A violent explosion took place yesterday morning in the boiler furnace of a perfumery at Vallauris.

On investigation (says Reuter) an empty shell of twenty centimetres was discovered under the furnace, while other explosives were found among the coal intended for the furnace. The coal came from a Marseilles depôt.

Mr. John Brewster, an ex-High Sheriff of Londonderry, and a former president of the Irish Master Bakers' Association, died yesterday evening at Fahan, aged 80.

FRENCH MENACE TO PEACE.

GERMAN MINISTER'S OUTBURST.

"THROTTLING OUR INDUSTRY."

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
BERLIN, Sunday.

A feature of yesterday's session of the Reichstag, which, with the exception of twenty Communists, fully endorsed the programme of the new Government, was a speech made by Herr Stresseman, who defined the attitude of the German industrialists on the reparations question.

He issued a warning to France. The menace of the peace of the world he believed was France. Politicians must see this, he said. Certain Frenchmen want the Rhine as a boundary; others see a process of economic ruination from East to West. "If we suffer disaster, France cannot save herself; the franc will suffer the same fate as the rouble, the kronen, and the mark. The credit of France depends upon reparations, and only by taking the hand off the throat of German economic and industrial life can she receive this, which fact the world economists recognise."

Herr Stresseman then declared that, while Germany possibly hated England before the war and distrusted Russia, it had no harsh feelings against France. Hatred of France began with the continuation of the war after the Treaty. England, too, had made sacrifices in war, yet Germany and England were now at peace.

He made it quite clear that Germany now intended to do, saying that he knew, and many people even in France knew, that the demand for payment in gold and materials as reparations was not the right way for friendly politics. "A policy of reconstruction, with the aid of German industry, which we would welcome gladly, cannot be accomplished under political sanctions, or occupation by armies. When we deliver materials, the cost must be set down. Germany can only give and produce the maximum possible when the German people know that they are also working for themselves."

COMMUNIST IDEALS.

Twelve hundred Communists from all parts of Germany, in session here, have adopted a resolution on the general programme for the solving of all Germany's difficulties. This is to be done by abrogating the Versailles Treaty, by the annulment of all debts which interfere with the economic life of Germany, by the confiscation of food reserves, luxury flats, and other personal valuables and effects unnecessary to bare existence; by the confiscation of all foreign money, the prohibition of exchange, the seizing of all dynastic fortunes, the centralisation of all banks under the Government, etc.

Besides these measures, increased production is declared to be necessary, but the Communists are demanding that this shall be accomplished without increasing the work of the individuals, insisting that the eight-hour day remains.

At the same time as these decisions were being made by the Communists, Herr Severing, the Prussian Minister of the Interior, who recently ordered a dissolution of the German organisation corresponding to the Italian Fascisti, issued a warning to the Communists that excesses on their part, such as has been permitted at Dusseldorf, Cologne, and other places, where plundering and destruction of food stores occurred, were the leading factors in strengthening the revolutionary movements, such as have taken place in Italy. While the Government is doing everything possible to prevent "profiteering" and unjustifiable increase in prices, he declares that "we will also fight rioting, which, instead of aiding the poor, merely increases their misery. The country must unite against the common enemy—hunger."

SIXTEEN STOWAWAYS.

UNEMPLOYED'S PLAN TO GET TO AMERICA.

As sequel to an alleged scheme to ship unemployed workmen as stowaways to America was provided on Saturday, when the Glasgow police arrested sixteen men who were found hidden on the anchor liner Columbia, which was due to leave the Clyde for New York, and also detained two members of the crew.

The eighteen men were conveyed to Glasgow for appearance before the magistrates today.

A cursory examination of the vessel at Glasgow dock revealed nothing out of the ordinary, but on the way down the river to the tail of the bank, where passengers boarded the liner, the captain and others made an exhaustive search, finding the sixteen young men.

The stowaways were hidden in various parts of the ship. When the vessel anchored at the tail of the bank a squad of detectives, by arrangement, crossed in a tug and took them into custody, besides two of the crew, who were charged with participating in a fraudulent scheme against the shipping company.

The alleged stowaways were all young artisans. Several stated that they had been idle for a year, and all alleged that they had been assured of landing in New York. They had practically nothing in their pockets. All, except five, belong to Glasgow.

"SOUNDING" THE SEA.

A NEW AMERICAN INVENTION.

A revolution in the piloting and navigation of ships is foreshadowed by the successful tests which have been made of a device for "sounding" the sea by sound without a ship slackening speed, says Mr. Theodore Roosevelt, Acting Secretary of the United States Navy. The device was designed by Dr. Harvey C. Hayes, of the Naval Engineering Experiment Station at Annapolis, and was tested on a recent cruise of the United States destroyer Stewart from Newport, Rhode Island, to Gibraltar.

Accurate measurements of the depths of water without "heaving the lead" are obtained by a machine attached under water at the stern of the vessel which sounds a high-pitched note that carries for miles. The echo is picked up by an ear-shaped instrument in the bow, the depth being measured by the time required for the return of the echo.

The outline of the sea bottom over the course was minutely recorded, and much *data* not shown on charts was secured. It is said that the mapping of the sea bottom will be made possible with this invention.

It is claimed that with its aid cable companies can carry out the laying of and repairing of cables in half the time which this work at present occupies, while the locating of sunken vessels will be a comparatively easy matter if the salvage ships are fitted with this device.

VALUE OF THE £ ABROAD.

Belgium	68.05 francs.
Italy	94¼ lire.
France	65.10 francs.
America	4.50 dollars.
Germany	31,750 marks.
Austria	320,000 kroner.

Further exchange rates will be found in our Money Market report.

DEATH OF DR. M. R. NELIGAN.

The Times says:—The Right Rev. Moore Richard Neligan, D.D., formerly Bishop of Auckland, New Zealand, died at Apsley, Thakenham, Sussex, on Friday. The youngest son of Canon Neligan, D.D., formerly a well-known Dublin incumbent he was born in Dublin on January 6th 1863.

The majority of people in Salford are better lodged and better clothed to-day than many statesmen in the reign of Queen Elizabeth.—Canon Peter Green.

Six months is long enough to keep any house empty; a man who keeps his house empty over that period does not deserve too much consideration.—Mr. Edwin Evans.

The Britisher would almost as soon be caught stealing apples as saying his prayers.—Dr. Frank Crane.

Much of the wrongdoing of the world results from braving oneself with things that don't matter.—Dr. Lyttelton.

TO-DAY'S LONDON PAPERS.

DIVORCE LAW.

OPINION IN ENGLAND.

"THE TIMES" OF TO-DAY SAYS:—

We published on October 12 a letter from Lord Buckmaster on the need of reform in the law of divorce. It contained a strong indictment of the existing system, and it has led to correspondence in our columns in which his opponents have taken refuge—to quote the words of his letter which we print to-day—in "the labyrinth of ecclesiasticism." It is not in the true interests of the Church to maintain that a law which refuses to break the matrimonial bond, for instance, between a woman and an insane husband who has been convicted of murder should remain unaltered.

The conflict between the ecclesiastical doctrine and the Statute Law at present is great. We could not countenance a reckless relaxation of the marriage law, but there is no valid answer to the argument that a woman should not be tied for life to a lunatic or to a man who deserted her. So far as such cases are concerned, a revision of the law would be entirely to the advantage of the community, and, indeed, would ultimately further the ends and support the ideals of Lord Buckmaster's opponents.

UNEMPLOYED MARCHERS.

TO APPEAL TO THE PRIME MINISTER.

The Times Labour Correspondent writes:—More will be heard in Parliament this week about unemployment, and there will be further appeals to the Prime Minster to receive a deputation from the organised bands of workless men now in London. Many Labour members realise that the proper place for a statement of Government policy in regard to the unemployed is in the House of Commons, where it can be examined and, if necessary, criticised by a Labour Opposition; but there is a desire that Mr. Bonar Law should give an interview to the leaders of the "hunger-marchers," as a definite expression of sympathy with a large body of unfortunate workers.

Some of those who are pressing for a concession to sentiment have not sufficiently recognised that there is a good deal that is exclusively political in the insistence by the body styling itself the National Unemployed Workers' Committee Movement that its representatives should have access to the head of the Government. The march of the unemployed into London was organised as a demonstration chiefly by communists and supporters of the Red International of trade unions, and it can hardly be doubted that the marchers are being kept here for propaganda purposes. If Mr. Bonar Law does not receive their deputation, the vaunted aim of the demonstrators will not have been secured, and hopes of extending a movement with subversive tendencies will be frustrated.

THE CONFERENCE.

AMERICAN RIGHTS IN TURKEY.

In a leading article upon the Lausanne Conference *The Times* observes:—The statement of policy made by Mr. Child, the American observer, is of wider importance than anything yet settled at Lausanne. Our Washington Correspondent tells us that Americans are afraid that other States may forego rights which they already possess in Turkey in return for special commercial considerations. Americans possess similar rights, and they prize these rights highly.

They mean to make a treaty of their own with Turkey later, and they are not disposed to allow anything to happen without protest at Lausanne which might make it more difficult to renounce or to bargain away the capitulations, and they will not approve of anything done by others at Lausanne which would tend to prejudice their assertion of the capitulations, or of equivalent securities for the lives and properties of their citizens.

Mr. Child's speech contains no new doctrine, but it reaffirms old doctrine at a moment which has been carefully chosen. There is no certainty as to what the extremists may do, either at Constantinople or at Angora. The latest developments do but lent fresh force to the truism it is so necessary to repeat—that union and firmness are the only arguments likely to weigh with the Turks.

DON VALLEY COALFIELDS.

BRITISH CAPITAL FOR RUSSIA.

In a message from Berlin yesterday, *The Times* Correspondent states:—It is reported that Krupps have come to an agreement with a British syndicate which is to find some of the capital required to exploit the concessions obtained by Krupps in the Don Valley coalfields. Some time ago Krupps' representative informed the Soviet Government that they would be unable to work the concessions on account of the fall of the mark. Rumours of the participation of British capital in this concession have been current from time to time.

In the present case the British group is said to be finding 75 *per cent.* of the capital. Mr. Leslie Urquhart is reported to have acted as go-between without being himself financially interested.

BORED WITH HAUPTMAN.

BERLIN ACTORS ON STRIKE.

The Berlin actors have struck, states *The Times* Berlin Correspondent. One cannot help feeling that they were bored with playing Hauptmann; for since the great German author and playwright celebrated his sixtieth birthday the week before last, every other theatre in Berlin has been giving one of his plays.

The actors chose Saturday to press their demands, in the hope that the managers would give in rather than lose the proceeds of the full houses which the week-end brings. The managers, however, stood firm, and in most of the theatres the audience was informed about five minutes before the curtain was due to rise that there would be no play.

BUSINESS ACTIVITY.

FIVE NEW ISSUES.

In its City Notes column, *The Times* states:—Expectations of an after-election resumption of activity in the output of new capital are borne out by the appearance this morning of five prospectuses. The total amount of new capital involved is £2,190,200, which, according to post-war conceptions of joint stock financing seems moderate.

A SMOOTH PASSAGE.

The *Daily Telegraph* says:—The Prime Minister to-day will ask the House of Commons to give a second reading to the bill recognising the Constitution of the Free State as drafted by the Irish Constitutional Assembly. It is understood that, in the view of the law officers of the Crown, the Constitution does not violate the Treaty in any single respect, and with that assurance before them both Houses of Parliament are sure to give smooth and swift passage to a bill which closes a long, strange, eventful, and blood-stained history.

PREMIER CALLS RAILWAY MANAGERS.

The *Daily Express* says that it understands that the General Managers of several of the great railway systems have been summoned to meet the Prime Minister immediately for the purpose of discussing great plans for railway construction and development in order to provide employment. Proposals for productive work of national utility will be considered to-day by the Unemployment Grants Committee of the Cabinet, which was appointed to examine the schemes of the last Government and devise new measures.

WEEK'S WORK AT LAUSANNE.

PARTITION OF THRACE.

PLAN ACCEPTED IN PRINCIPLE.

U.S. "OBSERVER" GIVES ADVICE.

No. 1 Commission of the Lausanne Conference, which is dealing with political and military matters, has concluded its discussion on the partition of Thrace, and will recommend the Conference to divide the country between Greece and Turkey. The Maritza will be the dividing line.

Bulgaria will obtain an outlet to the Aegean Sea through a demilitarised strip administered by an International Commission representing the Allies, Balkan States, and Turkey.

There is no guarantee that Turkey will accept the proposals, but it is generally believed that the plan will be approved with, perhaps, minor amendments.

The next problem is that of Turkey's Asiatic frontiers—*i.e.*, Irak. This will be taken up to-morrow. The Commission on economic problems will meet to-day.

Our Correspondent says that yesterday was officially a day of rest. No formal meetings were held, but the heads of the delegations exchanged informal

to mention their obligations towards the Russians which everyone is thinking of, but no one knows much about Turkey, whether old or new, has promised so many people that she is finding it a difficult job to-day to steer a safe course between all the appetites that she has whetted.

"America has now come upon the scene, and her cries have rudely roused the attention of the audience, but another actor is waiting to appear in turn—Russia, whose feet we have heard for some days moving in the wings."

The *Figaro's* Correspondent says:—"Mr. Childs's statement is aimed not only at the San Remo agreement, but also at the Franklin-Bouillon Accord between France and Angora."

CONSTANTINOPLE VIEW.

TURKS IMPRESSED BY BALKAN SOLIDARITY.

FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Saturday.

It is unnecessary to delve very deeply below the surface of politics here to discover that what has impressed the Turks during the first week of the Lausanne Conference has been not so much the solidarity of the Allies, but the convincing evidence of the cohesion and determination of the new Balkan League.

Apart from the doubtful case of the Dardanelles campaign, in which, after the first month or so, France was not much more than a sleeping partner, the Turk has seen nothing of that co-operation between the Allies which won the Great War; but she did have the bitter experience in 1912, at Chatalja, of what co-operation her near neighbours was capable.

Put bluntly, the Turk is not afraid of Britain, France, and Italy, but he is afraid of Greece, Jugo-Slavia, Bulgaria, and Rumania. That is the main hope of the situation.

CHANGES IN ISLAM.

Mufid Effendi, President of the Delegation from Angora, has announced that in future prayers mentioning the name of the Caliph will be read in all the Constantinople mosques, as at yesterday's *Selamlik*, in the Turkish vernacular, instead of in Arabic, the Prophet's own tongue. This would be paralleled by the abolition by the Roman Catholic Church of Latin as the language of devotion.

The place of the Sheikh ul Islam, having not been taken according to the decision of the Angora Assembly by a Commissary of Religion after the Russian pattern, a Commission of Ten will in future draw up all the *fetwas* or religious proclamations, and submit them to the Assembly, upon whose authority alone they will be issued.

Another section of the Commission has been charged with the task of bringing the Koran into harmony with modern ideas, in order that the whole world may know the sublime nature of Islam.

These are changes which seem to strike at the very root of the Khalifhate. Henceforth, Turkish Mahomedanism is to be, in the narrowest sense, the national State religion. Many thousands of prominent orthodox Turks dread the consequences to Islamic unity, but dare not make a public protest.

Abdul Medjid's first *houthe* (prayer) was unique among similar utterances in that it outlined a social reform programme. After laudatory references to the Turkish victories in the Holy War, it proceeds: "From to-day we must arm all citizens with the armour of education and science, and proclaim a Holy War against ignorance. All—both women and men—must be invited to participate in this war. The Order of the Prophet concerning commerce and agriculture must oblige everyone to acquire health by industry and work. Put forth all your efforts; prevent the use of alcohol and prostitution."

GENERAL SITUATION.

The relations of the British authorities and the Turkish *de facto* Government in Constantinople remain very difficult. The Turkish Press censorship of the local newspapers has resulted in the elimination of British Army *communiqués*, even in the English local daily, but arrangements have now been made for two British officers to co-operate with the Turkish censors, with a view to publication.

The imposition of a 30 per cent. duty on certain imports actually resulted in detaining for some days two silver cups for competition in the Army boxing tournament, on the ground that they were articles of luxury.

Long prolonged negotiations between Rafet Pasha and the High Commissioner a satisfactory temporary scheme has been adopted for the joint policing of Constantinople.

BLACK SEA PORTS CLOSED.

The Bolsheviks have closed all the Black Sea ports to foreign ships because of naval manœuvres, but it is reported that the real reason is to make military movements.

Rumanian anxiety is increasing. An Angora dispatch announces that the Angora Government has conceded all the oil rights in Erzerum to a Russian syndicate now operating the Baku oil wells. This marks the defeat of American efforts to obtain these rights.

MR. CHILDERS.

(Continued from Page 5, Column 2.)

allegation is absurd, but the Republicans will utilise it to try and turn Irish public opinion against the Government. In accepting these risks, the Free State Government have done a courageous thing. But it is no more than their duty.—*The Yorkshire Post.*

THE BRAVEST MAN I EVER MET.

During the Treaty negotiations in London, when a British admiral was brought in to give his advice on some point, he shook Childers warmly by the hand, and was afterwards asked by a Cabinet Minister how he could shake hands with a "man like that." "Childers worked with me during the war," replied the admiral, "and he is the bravest man I ever met. I cannot refuse my hand to so brave a man, no matter what he may have done."

INTELLECTUAL EGOTIST.

With many qualities to command respect and honour in his better days, Childers became a typical example of the intellectual egotist. To whatever extent his nature may have been poisoned by other personal influences, the root of his undoing was the absence of normal human ties to balance his mental activity. He lacked the ordinary sense of loyalty and the normal instinct of humanity. He must always be somewhat always by exception" above those of plain people. He would, in course of time, have deserted de Valera, as he did, first England and then the Irish Free State.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

THE ONLY WAY.

There appears to have been no other way with Childers than that adopted by the Free State Government. Clemency would have had no effect upon him; death alone could repress him. Those who wish Ireland well—and we count ourselves among the number—will welcome this manifestation of the strong hand in Ireland. When merciful methods fail to achieve their object stern justice is the only alternative to social chaos and final destruction.—*The People.*

A SALUTARY SIGN.

The firmness of the Free State Government in this matter is a salutary sign. It implies that it has at last grasped the necessity of taking anarchy by the throat. Either brigandage and armed ruffianism must be dominder or Ireland as an organised society will dissolve into chaos. There is no alternative; and if the execution of Childers helps to bring act home to the Irish people, it will prove e been an act not merely of justice but manity. But its political propriety does stake it on personal grounds less deplor e.—The *Sunday Times.*

he tragedy is that the Treaty negotiations arly led to a result which de Valera and ilders could have accepted—the differences etween the Treaty and Document Number Two show how nearly. All might have been well if the Republicans had not so identified the Church with the creed, the cause with its symbols, the real facts of social and political life with the names by which they had been described, that when the two were forced apart they had to choose, and they followed the abstractness and fought against the realities.—*Manchester Guardian.*

GREEK CABINET RESIGNS.

Reuter's Athens Correspondent says:—'After a Cabinet meeting on Friday evening M. Krokisdas announced the resignation of the Ministry. The political situation is extremely complicated, and the military are accepting an uncompromising attitude on the question of the ex-Ministers now standing their trial for treason.

The Exchange adds:—The Cabinet resigned owing to British intervention in favour of the accused Constantine Ministers.

COUNTY MAYO SHOPKEEPER SHOT DEAD.

SENTRIES ATTACKED IN DUBLIN RAILWAYS.

YOUNG SOLDIER SHOT IN THE STREET.

While Mr. Felix P. Murray, a Ballyhaunis trader, was returning to his home in a motor vehicle on Saturday evening armed men called upon him to halt near the Galway border. As he did not pull up immediately shots were fired. Mr. Murray was struck in the chest, and died in a few minutes.

On Saturday night the military guards at Harcourt street and Westland row railway stations, Dublin, were attacked by armed men. The troops returned the fire, and one man was severely wounded in Harcourt street. It is believed that one of the attackers at Westland row was wounded.

DUBLIN.

SENTRIES ATTACKED.

MAN SHOT AT HARCOURT STREET.

Army Headquarters states:—

"On Saturday night a number of armed men made an attempt to disarm the guard at Harcourt street Station, but succeeded in disarming only one of the troops. As the raiders retreated fire was opened on them, and one of their number was shot in the stomach. He was removed to a city hospital, where he is detained under guard.

"Simultaneously armed men engaged the guard at Westland row Station, where one of the troops had his rifle seized. Fire here was also opened on the attackers as they retreated, and one of their number is believed to have been wounded. Both soldiers who were disarmed have been placed under arrest.

"Troops were ambushed on Saturday night in Leeson street, Dublin, but sustained no casualties. One of the attackers, named William Graham, was wounded by the return fire of the troops, and was later taken to a city hospital. He was found in possession of a loaded Webley revolver and 11 rounds of ammunition."

It was reported last night that William Graham, who had been wounded in the abdomen, had died in St. Vincent's Hospital.

RAID AT BALLSBRIDGE.

IMPORTANT DOCUMENTS FOUND.

The following official report was issued from Army Headquarters yesterday:—

"Troops raided No. 45 Meepil road, Ballsbridge, on Saturday evening, and, observing men rushing out by the rear of the house, opened fire. Three arrests were made. Amongst the prisoners is Patrick Rigney, leader of the irregulars in South County Dublin. He was found hiding in a garden.

"A number of important documents were also found, some of which go to show that the house was being used as a headquarters by the irregulars."

SOLDIER WOUNDED.

SHOT WHILE WALKING ALONG THE STREET.

Private Graham, a young soldier of the National Army, while walking along Harcourt street, Dublin, at about 3.30 p.m. yesterday, was approached by a civilian who fired several shots at him with a revolver. The soldier fell and his assailant ran away. A military car conveyed Private Graham to St. Vincent's Hospital, where he was found to have been badly wounded in both legs and in the abdomen. His condition is serious.

The soldier was unarmed at the time of the attack.

COUNTY TIPPERARY.

TAKEN AWAY TO DEATH

MISSING MAN'S BODY FOUND.

In May last three men in Clonmel, who were said to have been warned to leave the district, were captured by armed men and taken away. There has been much speculation as to their fate. On Saturday national troops went to a farm near Clonmel and exhumed the much decomposed remains of one of the three men—ex-Lieutenant George Brophy, of Irishtown, who had fought with the Royal Irish Regiment in the great war. He married and went into business on returning to Clonmel.

At an inquest, which was held by Dr. Stokes, the Deputy Coroner, Mrs. Brophy, the widow, identified the remains as those of her husband. In May he was taken away by armed men, and as he resisted they used force. One of the men who took him was from the town.

A military witness gave evidence of the exhumation.

Dr. Dalton military medical officer, said that he found a wound in Brophy's forehead, which had apparently been caused by a bullet.

The jury found that death was due to a wound, caused by a person or persons unknown, and expressed sympathy with the widow.

COUNTY KERRY.

32 PRISONERS.

LAND MINES FOUND AT DINGLE.

Army Headquarters issued the following statement yesterday:—

"A detachment of troops operating in the Dingle area discovered two large road mines, which they had removed. Two irregulars were captured in the Listowel area, and 32 captured in a recent round-up at Ballinskelligs and Cahirciveen.

"Michael Kelleher and John Drummond, members of an irregular flying-column, were captured by troops operating around Tralee."

COUNTY MAYO.

THE NEWPORT AFFAIR.

SEVEN DEATHS IN ENGAGEMENT.

An Army Headquarters' report states:—

"Further details reported with reference to the engagement between the troops and irregulars in Newport area are to the effect that five of the national troops have been killed and others wounded. Dr. Madden and another irregular leader named Moane have been killed, and a prominent irregular named Gibbons captured.

"In addition to these several other casualties are reported amongst the irregulars."

COUNTY ROSCOMMON.

PETROL SEIZED.

2,000 GALLONS CARRIED AWAY.

Two large motor lorries, with cargoes of petrol, while on their way from Dublin to Sligo were seized at Ballinafad, near Boyle. The lorries contained 2,000 gallons of petrol in two-gallon tins, all of which was taken, with the exception of a quantity which the raiders left to take the lorries back to Dublin.

Carts were seized to take the tins away. On the same occasion a bread van and a motor vehicle were stopped, and bread and porter were taken.

COUNTY CAVAN.

POST OFFICES RAIDED.

MONEY AND STAMPS SEIZED.

On Friday morning armed men raided Carnatean Post Office, County Cavan, and took a large sum of money. On the same day Derrylane Post Office, near Killeshandra, was raided, and money, postal orders, and stamps were taken. The raiders also took a bicycle and left an old one in its place.

AN ARMY GATHERING.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL ENTERTAINED.

On Saturday evening, at Portobello Barracks, Dublin, officers attached to General Headquarters entertained to dinner Adjutant-General and Mrs. O'Sullivan, on the occasion of their marriage, and presented them with a handsome rosewood liqueur cabinet, with silver plate and cut-glass appointments.

The Commander-in-Chief, who presided, proposed the health of the guests of the evening, and recalled the labours of General O'Sullivan in days gone by "in the little office in a corner down in Eustace street, or the little office on the quays," where, building up their Army, and drawing the threads of their organisation together, was pursued. Many of the people present that night were associated with the Adjutant-General in that work and that labour. It was pleasant now to look back upon those days, and to contemplate that honest effort and unceasing work of that time, made it possible to meet the Adjutant-General in their own barrack and headquarters, and to wish him long life and happiness with his bride beside him. (Applause.) The creation of the headquarters of the Irish Army, was brought about by a lot of young men in the country, who put their hands to the work near them, and doing their own particular work in their own small way. In this manner they organised together, laboured harmoniously together, creating those circumstances which made possible the occupation of that and other barracks throughout Ireland to-day. The Adjutant-General, in the days past, not only helped to build up the Army, but the bigger Ireland, that they wished to have around them. There were many things they left unsaid during the past few years, but which they nevertheless appreciated. His desired, on their behalf, to wish the Adjutant-General and his bride well, and to thank him for his work in helping them to come there. (Applause.)

TRAGEDY OF THE MOMENT.

Commandant-General O Muirthuile, in seconding the toast, expressed appreciation of the Adjutant-General's work, and of the energy, enthusiasm, and ability that he had placed at the Army's disposal. It was a tragedy to-day, he said, that people were found in Ireland who did not realise the work that the Army had accomplished for the nation during the past four or five years. It was more tragic still that those who had worked, and were still working for the uplifting and advancement of the nation, should find in some quarters even armed opposition. They were in a better position now to serve the nation than they could ever have been, when they occupied small offices from the end of Eustace street to the Four Courts, and for that condition of things they owed much to the work of the Adjutant-General. (Applause.)

The Adjutant-General, in his reply, said that he wished to tell them how pleased he was to see so many associated with the work of the Army formerly present that night. Notwithstanding the carping criticism they heard, he believed that the officers and men of the Army would live up to the best traditions of the people and nation from whom they sprung. Both Mrs. O Suilleavain and himself were proud to be their guests that night. (Applause.)

The Chief of the General Staff (General MacMahon), proposing the toast of "The Army," dwelt upon the wonderful growth and development of the Army during the past nine months. Built up from the people, their small Army had made up its mind to be second to none. He recalled the sacrifices of the years that had gone, and particularly those of the past few months. Of the many brave men who fell during those months, at the hands of their own countrymen, there was one great man—that was Michael Collins. The memory of his courage, his endurance, and great effort would be always before them.

Colonel-Commandant Russell seconded the toast, which was duly honoured.

Commandant-General O'Hegarty, replying to the toast, observed that there were few armies had to encounter such a severe test as theirs. They had to face the hard duty of severing many old friendships; ending comradeships with men with whom they fought, fed, and slept. But these had to be faced, that the people and the nation should be supreme over all.

The toast of "Absent Ones," proposed by Commandant Joe O'Reilly, and spoken to by Colonel-Commandant Guilfoyle, having also been honoured, an entertaining musical programme was given, to which many members of the company contributed.

THE MISSES MACSWINEY.

The condition of Miss Mary MacSwiney, who is still on hunger strike in Mountjoy Jail, is reported to be unchanged.

Miss Annie MacSwiney was at the jail gate all day yesterday. She was attended by women friends, and was hidden from curious eyes by two draught screens.

A number of people lingered about the pathway close by, but a force of police prevented any obstruction of the footway.

ABDUCTION OF A CHILD.

CASE AGAINST A FATHER WITHDRAWN.

When the case in which Sydney David Benabu, produce broker, of Forest Hills, New York, was charged with abducting his daughter, Cecilia Joy Lawley Gibbs, aged six, from her mother, came before the Bow street, London, magistrate on Saturday the charge was withdrawn, and the child was allowed to return to the custody of her mother.

Benabu was arrested on the White Star liner Adriatic at Liverpool on his arrival from New York. A warrant for his arrest had been issued at Bow street, but he did not resist extradition proceedings, and brought back the child voluntarily.

Mr. J. A. C. Keeves, who prosecuted, stated last week that the child's mother, Miss Dollie Lawley Gibbs, had lived with Benabu as his wife from 1913 to 1917, when she left him owing to his temper. He was allowed charge of the child for six days, and it was subsequently found he had taken the little girl to America.

Mr. Keeves said that, although the mother felt the defendant had wronged her by taking the child away, she did not wish to press the charge against him, and his instructions were to ask that the magistrate would allow the prosecution, in view of the fact that her object of obtaining possession had been achieved, to offer no further evidence against the defendant.

Sir Chartres Biron, the magistrate, said that he thought he was justified in acceding to the suggestion that the prosecution should be withdrawn.

COUNTY GALWAY.

TRADER SHOT DEAD.

ROADSIDE SCENE ON GALWAY BORDER.

A sensational occurrence took place on Saturday evening near the village of Mount Delvin, across the Mayo border, in County Galway, when Mr. Felix P. Murray, merchant, Ballyhaunis, was fired upon by an armed party. He received a wound to which he succumbed some minutes afterwards.

Mr. Murray, who conducted a retail and wholesale business on a large scale in Ballyhaunis, left the town on Saturday morning in a motor van, of which he was himself the driver. He was accompanied by a friend. His business was to supply customers with Christmas supplies of goods. He had covered a wide area, and on his way back, outside Mount Delvin, he was called upon to halt by armed men, who fired shots. A bullet passed through his right breast. The young man who was accompanying him did not realise for a time what had occurred, and the car travelled over a quarter of a mile before it was brought to a halt by running into a ditch.

He then left the car, and was at once "held up" by an armed man, who called upon him to advance with his hands up. The young man did so, and was asked "Is there any one else hurt?" The young man replied that there was, and added that he thought the man was dead, whereupon the armed man exclaimed, "Oh, my God." A messenger was at once despatched to Clonfad for a priest, and later Dr. Andrew Smyth, Ballyhaunis, was summoned, but the unfortunate man was then dead. The remains were brought into Ballyhaunis on Saturday night and placed in the Courthouse.

The car conveying the body had to halt for some time outside Ballyhaunis, as an attack was being made on the town at the time.

CAPTURES NEAR GORT.

TWO LEADERS TAKEN.

National troops from Galway operating in the Gort district yesterday morning captured outside Gort two men named Joseph Standford and Matthew Fahy. The latter, who, it is said, had in his possession a loaded automatic revolver, is described as a brigade engineer, and Standford as a brigadier. They were brought to Galway Jail.

COUNTY CORK.

DUG-OUTS DISCOVERED

BIG RAIDS IN KINSALE AREA.

Kinsale troops of General Ennis's command made extensive raids in the Kinsale and Ballygarvan districts. An immense quantity of ammunition, motor cycles, and general military equipment was discovered. Two large dug-outs were found and destroyed. Thirteen prisoners were taken in the Macroom district.

The raids also resulted in the capture of a Lewis gun, rifles, and some prisoners.

COUNTY SLIGO.

RATE-BOOKS SEIZED.

ROVING BANDS DESTROY TELEGRAPH WIRES.

The rate collectors' residences in North County Sligo were visited by armed men on Friday night. They carried away all the rate books and documents relating to the collection of the county rates. In one case a sum of £60 in cash was also taken.

There was some activity among roving bands of armed men in the Sligo area on Friday night and on Saturday morning. A large number of telegraph and telephone poles on the road to Rosses Point were cut down. Telegraphic communication with Dublin was also interrupted.

COUNTY LIMERICK.

PUT TO SEA.

400 MEN LEAVE FOR AN UNKNOWN DESTINATION.

Four hundred political prisoners were, on Saturday morning, removed from Limerick County Jail under a heavy escort and placed on board a steamer at the docks. As she left for an unknown destination the prisoners cheered, but there was no demonstration by a crowd assembled on the quays. Troops barred the entrance to the docks.

A Red Cross train left Limerick for Dublin on Friday conveying some sixty soldier—patients from the local hospitals—for treatment in the metropolitan hospitals.

Troops on board a steamer going to Limerick called on a suspicious craft on the Shannon to stop. As it did not do so, shots were fired, damaging the smaller vessel. It is understood that a person on board was captured.

UNCOLLECTED RATES.

£20,000 OUT IN COUNTY SLIGO.

It transpired at the meeting of the Sligo County Council on Saturday that £20,000 of last year's rates are still outstanding.

A proposal to place the collection of the rates in the hands of the military was adjourned to the next meeting.

V.C. HERO'S PLIGHT.

COLONEL SHERWOOD-KELLY'S GAS BILL.

A military colonel, who was wounded nine times in the war—Colonel Sherwood-Kelly, V.C., D.S.O., C.M.G.—told a pathetic story when summoned at Windsor on Saturday by the Ascot Gas Company for non-payment of his gas rate, £45 5s. 6d.

"I am practically insolvent owing to my wounds preventing me doing any work," he declared to the magistrates. "I would willingly pay this debt if I could, but at present I am in hospital, waiting to undergo an operation. I and my wife have only my Army pension to live on. If you like, you can send me to goal, or do what you care with me."

Taking the colonel's service for his country into consideration, the magistrates adjourned the case for three months.

Colonel Sherwood-Kelly was courtmartialled in 1919 for writing letters to the Press about the military situation in North Russia, and was found guilty, and severely reprimanded. He left the Army in 1920.

BIG TEMPERANCE GATHERING.

WORK OF A DUBLIN SOCIETY.

THE POSITION IN IRELAND.

The annual general meeting of the Pioneer Total Abstinence Association (Dublin branch) was held at the Theatre Royal, Dublin, yesterday, Sir Joseph Glynn presiding. Every seat in the theatre was occupied.

The Progress Report was read by the Rev. J. Flinn, S.J., who said that during the year the Pioneer organisation in Ireland had made steady progress. Their centres, which numbered nearly 410, were to be found everywhere, and were being added to almost every twelfth day. No fewer than 32 affiliations were made during the year. They had received applications from parts of England, and even from Australia. Their membership was gradually reaching the figure of 300,000 laid down by the late Father Cullen; it now numbered 292,663. In Dublin the membership was 16,485. Even when they had reached the required 300,000, they would set out again to get 300,000 more, and so on, until the drink memory would be but the sad memory of an unhappy past. (Applause.) During the year news had reached them from all the centres, and from almost all came the report of advance and tremendous zeal.

One of the most important events of the year was the starting of pioneer work among the Civic Guard. When the centre was changed from Newbridge to Dublin they at once took up the work. One hundred men at present were either pioneers or probationers. Over 200 men had taken the pledge for one year. Of course, as yet, they had only come across a small section of the Guard. They had had a year of solid work and steady advance. One great question was: Would the movement last? He believed that it would.

THE PIONEER BADGE.

Canon Lyons, P.P., in the course of his address, referred to the death of Father Cullen. He had left behind him an army of willing workers. Would his work endure? It was for all of them to say. He described the task with which Father Cullen had been faced when he determined to drive the stain of drunkenness from the soul and body of Ireland. He had to contend against hatred and general antipathy, but he founded a great temperance organisation. Everywhere throughout the country they had evidence of his great work; everywhere was to be found the little pioneer badge.

What was the position with regard to temperance at the moment? Last year 4,000,000 people spent £35,000,000 on strong drink. That was a fact that they could not get over. Could any term descriptive of the consequent misery and ruin be called intemperate? But they could not ignore the noise made by 35 million pounds worth of high explosive injected into a people already highly explosive by temperament. The mandlin noise of the tap-room got mixed up with the "Soldier's Song." That was the biggest question facing them that day. They had to take measures to put an end to such a state of affairs. Their first step must be to close half the public-houses in the country. They must take public action, however much they disliked it. The Pioneers would insist on the executive side of the Government doing its duty. He did not think that they were out for prohibition. They had more faith in human nature than to clamour for such a remedy.

Father Peter, O.S.F.C., said that if they were not going to be temperate all the prohibition in the world would not make them so. "Bootlegging" would remain as long as the American people were not in their hearts temperate.

Father Paul said that it was with the young they should work. It was no use trying to make a confirmed drunkard turn over a new leaf.

The Rev. T. Murphy, S.J., also spoke.

An enjoyable musical programme followed.

RIGHT OF FREE SPEECH.

WOMEN'S MEETING IN DUBLIN.

From the ruins in Upper Sackville street, near Cathedral street, yesterday, a large gathering of people was addressed by Miss Helen Molony, Miss Ffrench Mullen, Mrs. Despard, and Madame Gonne MacBride.

Miss Molony said that a volley fired over the crowd that had assembled there on the previous Sunday was the last volley over the grave of the Free State.

Madame Gonne MacBride said that, with a censored Press, they had no other means of letting people know the truth except through these meetings. She was glad to see so many present to vindicate the right of free speech and public meeting. Very few liberties had been left to them, but this was one which she was glad to see they insisted upon even at the risk of their lives.

She then proposed a series of resolutions, and the meeting dispersed without incident.

OBITUARY.

MR. THOMAS D. LAMBERT.

The death of a well-known Dublin citizen, Mr. Thomas Drummond Lambert, M.R.C.V.S., occurred unexpectedly on Thursday last, to the general regret of a large circle of friends. Mr. Lambert was the eldest son of the late Mr. Thomas Drummond Lambert, F.R.C.V.S., and brother of the well-known cricketers of the name. Like his father and brother, he was one of the leading members of his profession. He was the discoverer of a well-known horse remedy that has done away with the old and cruel treatment of "firing."

The late Mr. Lambert was born in Dublin on the 1st June, 1873, and obtained his diploma at the Royal Dick Veterinary College, Edinburgh, in 1898. He had connections with the Irish Turf, and also was a member of the Ward and Meath Hunts. He was the owner of the celebrated grey horse, Billy Castello, whose performances in the jumping enclosure at the Royal Dublin Society's Show at Ballsbridge created something like a sensation a few years ago; and also of the well-known Hackney stallion, Colonel Axworthy. Mr. Lambert also acted as Veterinary Surgeon for several years at the Royal Dublin Society's Show. He was a first-class horseman and expert shot, and a good amateur painter of horses.

ARCHDEACON GORMAN, P.P.

A well-known Dublin priest passed away on Saturday in the person of the Ven. Archdeacon Timothy Gorman, P.P., St. Columba's, Dramcondra. He took charge of this parish in 1912, on the death of the Rev. Father Byrne, who was intrumental in having the church built. A native of Dublin, where he received his early education, the late Archdeacon was ordained at Maynooth in 1867. He acted as Curate in St. Paul's, Arran quay; Blackrock, Ballybrack, Dalkey, and in the Pro-Cathedral, of which, in 1881, he became Administrator.

He was appointed Parish Priest of SS. Michael and John's, Exchange street, in 1890, and eight years later he was promoted Canon. And 1904 he was transferred to the Parish of Bray; in 1906 he was appointed Vicar Forane, and in 1907 he was appointed Archdeacon of Glendalough.

MR. THOMAS O'REILLY.

Mr. Thomas O'Reilly, principal of the firm of Thos. O'Reilly and Sons, Queenstown, has died at his residence, Araglen, Queenstown. The deceased gentleman was very well known in Southern commercial circles. Throughout the British Isles he gained renown for his success in the manufacture of bread. During the past twenty-five years he was a regular exhibitor at the British Bakers' Exhibition, and seldom a year passed that he did not win a prize of some kind. They included the British Bakers' Shield, numerous cups, and dozens of medals. He controlled a very big business. The funeral to the Old Church Cemetery was representative of all creeds and classes in the town and the surrounding district.

Lord Carson has been elected treasurer of the Middle Temple for the ensuing year; and Sir Cecil J. B. Hurst, K.C.B., K.C., has been elected a Bencher, and Lord Salvesen, K.C., an honorary Bencher.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The county police station at Colchester is to be sold.

Married women are no longer to be employed in Chiswick Council offices.

A valuable find of gas coal has been struck at Glen Hafod, South Wales.

Men employed on relief works at Bromley, Kent, are to be paid 9d. per hour.

Mr. A. Stokes, ex-Mayor of East Ham, is writing a book on his mayoral experiences.

Chislehurst Council sanctions dogs and monkeys at the Council houses, but bans pigeons.

A bull charged a motor car driven by a Cudham (Kent) farmer, and both were damaged.

Four Spanish stowaways were landed from the French steamer Georgette at Plymouth.

While the inmates have decreased, officials have increased at Thanet Poor Law institution.

Of 107 samples of food and drugs examined by the Finsbury public analyst only one was adulterated.

At a Kingston (Surrey) dance three penny balloons were sold and resold for £3 1s. 6d. for the Police Orphanage.

Vice-Admiral Sir Roger Keyes will unveil the Submarine War Memorial on the Embankment on December 15.

"Because he had been elected to Parliament," Sir Harry Brittain was asked to say grace at an Acton dinner.

The wife of a quay labourer told Yarmouth magistrates that she had known her husband to earn £20 a week. He now averaged £5.

The London City Corporation is recommended to name a street after Wren, the architect, in connection with next year's tricentenary celebrations.

"I have two alternatives for the winter—prison or the workhouse—and I prefer prison," said a labourer charged with theft at Oxford.

Prizes for the best fancy dresses costing not more than 10s. and 7s. 6d., respectively, are to be awarded at the Three Arts Club Ball on December 7.

Saying he objected "on principle" to women working, a man from Boston, U.S.A., refused to be shaved by a woman in a Kingston (Surrey) barber's shop.

When a German sailor was fined 5s. at Ramsgate his captain said that nearly all the man's wages would go to pay the fine; his own wages equalled about £1 a month.

In a case affecting women fish workers at Yarmouth, a woman inspector conducted the prosecution, and called a woman inspector to give evidence before a woman magistrate.

Twenty-one years in the Army, followed by 25 years as a postman, is the record of Mr. E. Blake, of Tillesden, who, on retirement, has been presented with a clock by his colleagues.

Miss Maidie Scott, the vaudeville artist, and wife of Mr. John Macgregor, has given birth to twins, a boy and a girl, in London. The mother and babies are doing well.

The new Borough of Gosport has been presented with a mace made from the original timber used in the construction of the Victory, with a band of copper used for the sheathing of the ship's hull.

Carthusians will celebrate Founders' Day at the Charterhouse, London, on December 12, when the dinner will be preceded by Divine Service, at which the preacher will be the Bishop of Monmouth, an Old Carthusian.

COTTON MILL IN FLAMES.

A fire, which occurred the other day at Oldham, almost destroyed Avon Mill, an old five-storey building. The fire originated in the second spinning room just as work was beginning, and two hundred operatives had to make a dash for safety. Three upper floors were burnt out and the lower floors were flooded. The mill had been running on full time throughout the period of trade depression, but now two hundred people are thrown out of work. The top floor of the mill was destroyed by fire about twelve months ago.

CONVOCATION OF CANTERBURY.

At the opening ceremony of the Convocation of Canterbury the clergy of the province, who have been cited to attend the Convocation, will assemble in the Chapel of St. Michael and St. George, at 10.45 a.m. on December 1st.

NAVY ABOLISHES WAR BADGES.

In Admiralty Fleet Orders issued on Saturday night it is notified that it has been decided, with the approval of the King, that service chevrons, wound stripes, and silver war badges for services rendered are no longer to be worn in uniform.

EX-PREMIER'S NEW TOWN HOUSE.

Mr. Lloyd George has taken Sir Archibald Sinclair's house, No. 10 Cheyne Walk, Chelsea, unfurnished.

ABROAD.

In view of the small demands for the higher grades of French wines, the Minister of Finance proposes the abolition of the 15 per cent. duty now charged on *vins de luxe*.

A Dutch delegation, headed by M. van Panhuys, Minister at Berne, has been appointed to go to Lausanne, where a delegation representing Palestinian Mussulmans has arrived.

A man in a buggy who was driving a flock of sheep near Ballarat during a storm was struck by lightning, the buggy being destroyed and the horse and sheepdog as well as the man killed.

Colonel Sir Roper Parkington, Chairman of the Montenegrin Red Cross and Relief Fund, has transmitted a further sum of £500 to be distributed among the destitute Montenegrins and their families in Rome.

Mr. Edward Brooks Henderson Panton, I.C.S., has been appointed a Puisne Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William, in Bengal, in succession to Sir William Teunon, who has retired from the Bench.

Representations have been made by the British Government through the Ambassadors' Conference in Paris to the German Government calling their attention to the excessive taxation to which British people and visitors to Germany are subjected.

THE "CAT" FOR TEN MEN.

ROBBERS SENTENCED IN BELFAST.

At the Belfast City Commission on Saturday Mr. Justice Wilson passed sentence on the following prisoners:—

James Clarke and John Steenson, convicted of robbery, four years' penal servitude and 10 strokes of the cat.

Thomas Tweedie and Robert M'Geaghan, convicted of robbery, three years' penal servitude and 15 strokes of the cat.

John Beattie, convicted of attempted robbery under arms, seven years' penal servitude and fifteen strokes of the cat.

John Gibbons, convicted of attempted robbery under arms, five years' penal servitude and 10 strokes of the cat.

John Hamilton, convicted of attempted robbery under arms, three years' penal servitude.

John Maguire, convicted of robbery under arms, three years' penal servitude and ten strokes of the cat.

Daniel O'Toole (age 16 years), who fired a revolver at a cyclist and stole a bicycle, and was also convicted of having fired a revolver at a policeman, was sentenced to six years' penal servitude and 20 strokes of the cat.

Alexander Kane, convicted of having a revolver without authority, three years' penal servitude and 15 strokes of the cat.

John Jennings, convicted of having a revolver without authority, three years' penal servitude and 15 strokes of the cat.

John Wales, convicted of having a revolver and ammunition without authority, nine months' hard labour and 15 strokes of the cat.

Patrick Murray, convicted of having a revolver without authority, nine months' hard labour and 15 strokes of the cat.

SALE OF SADDLERY.

A large assortment of high-class saddlery, horse-clothing, and stable and garden requisites will be sold by Messrs. R. J. Goff and Co., auctioneers, at Conyngham Lodge, Carragh, to-morrow. The sale will begin at 10.30 o'clock.

SKERRY'S SCHOOL, 10 Harcourt street, Dublin, provides Specialised Tuition in Shorthand, Typewriting, and Bookkeeping, etc. The most up-to-date Commercial School in Ireland. Shorthand Speed Classes to suit all rates. Proficient Students assisted to situations. 1,298 Certificates in Shorthand, Typewriting, and Bookkeeping obtained by Students of the School since January, 1919.—[Advt.]

FATHER DOMINIC

TRANSFERRED TO THE UNITED STATES.

LEFT IRELAND LAST SATURDAY.

Father Dominic, of the Franciscan Order, left Queenstown last Saturday on board the ss Adriatic for New York. He has been ordered by his ecclesiastical superiors to live in Oregon, Maine, U.S.A.

In an interview with our Queenstown Correspondent, Father Dominic said that he did not want to make any statement about his transfer.

"I do not know how long I shall be away," he added, "but I hope to see my dear country, for which so many have sacrificed their lives, free, independent, and happy in a short time. My opinion now is the same as it always was."

Father Dominic said farewell on the liner to Mrs. MacCurtain, widow of a former Lord Mayor of Cork, and her sister, Miss Walsh.

Miss Walsh said: "The world knows that Father Dominic is being sent out of Ireland by his ecclesiastical superiors because of his political opinions and his activities in the Republican cause in Ireland. But he goes cheerfully for Ireland's sake, and will continue to do all that he can to secure her freedom."

On inquiry at the Franciscan Priory, Church street, Dublin, last evening, an *Irish Times* representative was informed that it was quite true that Father Dominic had been transferred to America.

The American houses of the Order are under the jurisdiction of the Irish province, and priests of the Irish province are liable to be sent there.

The change was arranged at the tri-annual election, which was held in Dublin a fortnight ago.

The change, it was stated, had no political significance whatever.

FORTUNES IN SWEEPS.

THOUSANDS OF POUNDS WON.

Quite a number of persons have realised moderate fortunes in connection with the "Sweeps" on the Manchester November Handicap, which was run on Saturday. The principal of them was that which was held in aid of the Mater Misericordiæ Hospital, Dublin. Others were the Cappagh Sweep and the Oliver Plunkett Sweep. The winners and the chief prizes in connection with these were as follow:—

MATER SWEEP.

1st—Miss Kate Doherty, 79 Rosevale street, Derry, £5,000.

2nd—Miss Reggie McKenzie, Golspie, Sutherland, Glasgow, £2,500.

3rd—Mr. Jos. Dugdale, 11 Kingfisher street, Preston, £1,250.

CAPPAGH SWEEP.

1st—Mr. Harry Coleman, Coolany, Co. Sligo, £1,000.

2nd—Mr. Wm. Devlin, 20 Haughton street, Sunderland, £250.

3rd—Mr. John Devane, Liberty square, Thurles, £100.

OLIVER PLUNKETT SWEEP.

1st—Mr. Patrick Mullen, Harristown, Navan, £1,000.

2nd—Mr. H. Biddle, 40 Farmleigh road, London, £200.

3rd—Mr. Arthur F. Evans, 17 Duncan street, Liverpool, £100.

In each case smaller prizes were awarded.

Mr. Jos. Dugdale, of 11 Kingfisher street, Preston, telegraphs to the *Irish Times* yesterday: "Very pleased. Shall make good use of it."

THE WINNER OF THE £5,000 PRIZE.

Our Derry Correspondent interviewed Miss Doherty yesterday.

"Perhaps, you are the lucky Miss Kitty Doherty?" I asked the pretty young Derry girl who opened the door of her father's house in Roseville street. "I am all that is left of her. The hand has nearly been shaken off me since yesterday afternoon. It all seems like a dream, but one of those delightful dreams out of which you waken feeling happy."

"Tell me all about it?" "Oh," she said, "there is not much to tell. I read about the sweepstake, and my *fiancé*, who is in Dublin studying for his final as a solicitor, had told me about the great work that the Mater Hospital is doing; so when a neighbour offered to sell me a ticket I said, 'All right.' I knew I was helping a charity, but I never thought how I was helping myself at the same time. I gave the ticket to my *fiancé* to take to Dublin

IRELAND'S CHARTER: TEXT OF THE BILLS.

The text of the preamble to the Irish Free State Constitution Bill, and full text of the Irish Free State (Consequential Provisions) Bill, which will be passed in the Imperial Parliament this week, are given below:—

A BILL TO

PROVIDE FOR THE CONSTITUTION OF THE IRISH FREE STATE.

Whereas the House of Parliament constituted pursuant to the Irish Free State (Agreement) Act, 1922, sitting as a Constituent Assembly for the settlement of the Constitution of the Irish Free State, have passed the Measure (hereinafter referred to as "the Constituent Act") set forth in the Schedule to this Act, whereby the Constitution hereinafter set forth in the First Schedule to the Constituent Act is declared to be the Constitution of the Irish Free State:

And whereas by the Constituent Act the Constitution is made subject to the following provisions, namely:—

"The said Constitution shall be construed with reference to the Articles of Agreement for a Treaty between Great Britain and Ireland set forth in the Second Schedule thereto annexed (hereinafter referred to as the Scheduled Treaty) which are hereby given the force of law, and if any amendment thereof or of any law made thereunder or any other repugnant to any of the provisions of the Scheduled Treaty, it shall, to the extent only of such repugnancy, be absolutely void and inoperative and the Parliament and the Executive Council of the Irish Free State shall respectively pass such further legislation and do all such other things as may be necessary to 'implement the Scheduled Treaty."

And whereas by Article seventy-four of the said Constitution provision is made for the continuance within the Irish Free State of existing taxation in respect of the current financial year and any preceding financial year, and in respect of any period during or occasion happening within those years, and it is expedient to make a corresponding provision with respect to taxation in the rest of the United Kingdom:

Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same as follows:—

I.

CONSTITUTION OF IRISH FREE STATE.

The Constitution set forth in the First Schedule to the Constituent Act shall, subject to the provisions to which the same is by the Constituent Act so made subject as aforesaid, be the Constitution of the Irish Free State, and shall come into operation on the same day proclaimed by His Majesty in accordance with Article eighty-three of the said Constitution, but His Majesty may at any time after the proclamation appoint a Governor-General for the Irish Free State.

II.

TEMPORARY CONTINUATION OF PRESENT SYSTEM OF TAXATION.

In relation to taxes and duties, so far as applicable outside the Irish Free State, the following provisions shall have effect:—

(1) The establishment of the Irish Free State shall not affect any liability to pay any tax or duty payable in respect of the current or any preceding financial year, or in respect of any period ending on or before the last day of the current financial year, or payable on any occasion happening within the current or any preceding financial year, or the amount of such liability, and such taxes and duties as aforesaid and penalties thereof shall continue to be assessed, levied, and collected and all payments and allowances of such taxes and duties shall continue to be made in like manner in all respects as immediately before the establishment of the Irish Free State, subject to the like adjustments of the proceeds collected as were theretofore applicable.

(2) Goods transported during the current financial year from or to the Irish Free State to or from any other part of the United Kingdom or the Isle of Man shall be, except in respect of the forms to be used and the information to be furnished, treated as goods imported or exported as the case may be.

(3) If an arrangement is made with the Irish Free State for an extension of the provisions of this section as respects all or any of the taxes and duties to the next ensuing financial year or any part thereof, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, if a resolution to that effect is passed by the Commons House of Parliament, by Order in Council to extend the provisions of this section so as to apply, in the case of the taxes and duties to which the arrangement relates, in respect to the ensuing financial year or part thereof in the like manner as it applies in respect to the current financial year.

For the purposes of this section, the expression "financial year" means, as regards income tax (including super-tax), the year for the assessment, and as respects other taxes and duties, the year ending on the fifth day of March.

III.

POWER OF IRISH FREE STATE TO ADOPT ACTS APPLICABLE TO OTHER DOMINIONS.

If the Parliament of the Irish Free State make provision to that effect, any Act passed after the passing of this Act which applies or may be applied to self-governing Dominions, whether alone or to such Dominions other parts of His Majesty's Dominions, may apply or may be applied to the Irish State in like manner as it applies or may be applied to self-governing Dominions.

IV.

SAVING.

Nothing in the said Constitution shall be construed as prejudicing the power of Parliament to make laws affecting the Irish Free State in any case where, in accordance with constitutional practice, Parliament would make laws affecting other self-governing Dominions.

V.

SHORT TITLE AND EFFECT.

This Act may be cited as the Irish Free State (Constitution Act, 1922, and shall be deemed to be the Act of Parliament for the purpose of the said Articles of Agreement mentioned in the said Articles of Agreement for the passing whereof the month mentioned in Article eleven of the said Articles is to run.

A BILL TO

make such provisions as are consequential incidental to the establishment of the Irish Free State.

It is enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

I.

MODIFICATION OF GOVERNMENT OF IRELAND ACT, 1920.

Subject to the provisions of the First Schedule to this Act, the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, shall cease to apply to any part of Ireland other than Northern Ireland, and in the event of such an address as is mentioned in Article 12 of the Articles of Agreement for a treaty between Great Britain and Ireland set forth in the Schedule to the Irish Free State (Agreement) Act, 1922, being presented to His Majesty by both Houses of the Parliament of Northern Ireland within the time mentioned in that Schedule, the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, and the other enactments mentioned in the first Schedule to this Act, shall, as from the date of the presentation of such address, take effect subject to the modifications set out in that Schedule.

Until the said address is presented or the expiration of the month mentioned in the said Article 12, whichever may be the earlier, the present Lord Lieutenant shall continue to exercise the functions of Lord Lieutenant as respects Northern Ireland.

II.

PROVISIONS AS TO JUDGES, ETC.

The provisions set out in the Second Schedule to this Act shall have effect with respect to the retirement and abolition of office of existing Irish judges, Lord Chancellor of Ireland and Irish Land Commissioners, *and any pensions and allowances payable thereunder shall be charged on and be payable out of the Consolidated Fund or the growing produce thereof.*

III.

ESTABLISHMENT OF A TRUST FOR THE PROVISION OF COTTAGES, ETC., FOR EX-SERVICE MEN IN IRELAND.

(1) For the purpose of providing in Ireland cottages, with or without plots or gardens, for the accommodation of men who served in any of His Majesty's naval, military, or air forces in the late war, and for other purposes incidental thereto, a body shall be established consisting of five members, of whom three shall be appointed by a Secretary of State, one by the President of the Executive Council of the Irish Free State, and one by the Prime Minister of Northern Ireland.

(2) The body so established shall be a body corporate by the name of the Irish Sailors and Soldiers Land Trust, with perpetual succession and a common seal, and is in this section referred to as "the Trust."

(3) For the purposes aforesaid the Trust shall have all the powers which are conferred upon the Local Government Board for Ireland by section four of the Irish Land (Provision for Sailors and Soldiers) Act, 1919, including power to carry out the schemes made under that section by that Board prior to the passing of this Act, and such powers of management, sale, disposal and otherwise as may be conferred on them by regulations made by the Treasury, and all property, assets, rights and liabilities held, enjoyed or borne by the Local Government Board for Ireland in connection with any schemes so made by them shall be transferred to the Trust:

Provided that the provisions of the said section relating to the compulsory acquisition of land, limiting the time within which the power to acquire land may be exercised by the Board, and regulating the expenses and receipts and audit of accounts of the Board shall not apply to the Trust.

(4) *There shall be paid to the Trust out of moneys provided by Parliament, at such times and in such instalments as the Treasury may direct, a sum not exceeding one million five hundred thousand pounds, and the sum so received and all other receipts of the Trust shall be applied by the Trust to the purposes for which the Trust is created.*

(5) The Treasury may make regulations as to the procedure of the Trust and as to the application of the proceeds of sale, and as to the audit of the accounts of the Trust, and generally as to the manner in which the Trust shall carry out their powers and duties, and the Trust shall act in accordance with those regulations.

(6) The term of office of a member of the Trust shall be such as may be determined by the authority by whom he is appointed, but the Trust may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their number.

(7) This section shall not come into operation until the Treasury certify that such legislation has been passed by the Parliament of the Irish Free State and the Parliament of Northern Ireland as is necessary to enable the Trust to acquire and to hold land, to vest in the Trust any land and other property which is under this section to be transferred to the Trust, and otherwise to enable the Trust to carry out the purposes of this section.

IV.

APPLICATION OF CUSTOMS ACTS TO LAND FRONTIER.

(1) In the event of such an address as is mentioned in Article 12 of the said Articles of Agreement being presented to His Majesty within the time mentioned in that Article, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to make regulations with reference to the importation and exportation of any goods into and from Northern Ireland otherwise than by sea or in aircraft, for the purpose of safeguarding the revenue and preventing and regulating the importation and exportation of prohibited and restricted goods, and by such regulations to apply to such importation and exportation any of the provisions of the Customs Acts subject to such modifications as may be necessary to adapt them to importation and exportation of goods by land, and in particular the regulations may—

(*a*) prohibit the importation and exportation of all goods or any classes of goods except by such routes within Northern Ireland, and during such hours, as may be prescribed;

(*b*) prescribe the places where, and the form and manner in which, entry of goods imported or exported shall be made and duty on goods imported shall be paid.

(2) If any person contravenes or fails to comply with any such regulation, he shall be guilty of an offence under the Customs Acts and shall for every such offence, in addition to any other penalty to which he may be liable, incur a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds, and the goods in respect of which the offence is committed shall be forfeited.

V.

PROVISION AS TO RELIEF FROM DOUBLE TAXATION.

(1) If His Majesty in Council is pleased to declare—

(*a*) that under the law in force in the Irish Free State any tax is payable in respect of a subject of charge in respect of which a corresponding tax is payable also in Great Britain; and

(*b*) that arrangements as specified in the declaration have been made with the Government of the Irish Free State with a view to the granting of relief in cases where there is a charge both to the British tax and to the Irish tax in respect of the same subject matter;

then, unless and until the declaration is revoked by His Majesty in Council, the arrangements specified therein shall, so far as they relate to the relief to be granted from the British tax, have effect as if enacted in this Act, but only if and so long as the arrangements, so far as they relate to the relief to be granted from the Irish tax, have the effect of law in the Irish Free State.

(2) Any declaration made by His Majesty in Council under this section shall be laid before the Commons House of Parliament as soon as may be after it is made, and if an Address is presented to His Majesty by that House within twenty-one days on which that House has sat next after the declaration is laid before it, praying that the declaration may be revoked, His Majesty in Council may revoke the declaration, and the arrangements specified in the declaration shall thereupon cease to have effect, but without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done thereunder or to the making of a new declaration.

(3) The obligation as to secrecy imposed by any enactment with regard to any tax to which any declaration made by His Majesty in Council under this section relates shall not prevent the disclosure to any authorised officer of the Government of the Irish State of such facts as may be necessary to enable relief to be duly given in accordance with the arrangements specified in the declaration.

(4) In the event of such an address as is mentioned in Article 12 of the said Articles of Agreement being presented to His Majesty by both Houses of the Parliament of Northern Ireland within the time mentioned in that Article, this section shall—

(*a*) in relation to any tax which is a reserved tax within the meaning of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, have effect as if Great Britain included Northern Ireland; and

(*b*) in relation to any tax which is not such a reserved tax as aforesaid, apply to Northern Ireland in like manner as it applies to Great Britain, but, if and so far as a declaration made under this section relates to any such tax, the declaration shall not extend to Northern Ireland without the consent of the Government of Northern Ireland.

VI.

POWER TO ADAPT ENACTMENTS, ETC.

(1) His Majesty may, by Order in Council,—

(*a*) make such adaptations of any enactments so far as they relate to any of His Majesty's Dominions other than the Irish Free State as may appear to him necessary or proper as a consequence of the establishment of the Irish Free State;

(*b*) make such provision as may appear to him necessary or proper for effecting the severance of the system of national health insurance in Great Britain from that in the Irish Free State, and for giving effect to any arrangements which may be made with the Irish Free State for that purpose, and for requiring such transfers of funds of societies and branches whose principal office is situate in Great Britain as may be necessary to give effect to any apportionments made in pursuance of the Order, and as to the application and disposal of the funds so transferred, and for extending to Northern Ireland and to societies and branches whose principal office is situate in Northern Ireland the like provisions as are made by any such Order in respect to Great Britain and societies and branches whose principal office is situate in Great Britain;

(*c*) give effect to any reciprocal arrangements which may be made with the Irish Free State with respect to unemployment insurance;

(*d*) make such provision with respect to the management of the National Debt and Government Securities and Annuities (including India Stock) as may be necessary to secure that the management thereof shall not as respects any part thereof be transacted within the Irish Free State;

and any such Order in Council may contain such supplemental, consequential, and incidental provisions as may appear necessary or proper for the purposes of the Order, and any such Order shall, subject to revocation or alteration by a subsequent Order, have effect as if enacted in this Act.

(2) Any Order in Council made under this section shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament as soon as may be after it is made, and if an Address is presented to His Majesty by either of those Houses within twenty-one days on which that House has sat next after any such Order is laid before it praying that the Order may be annulled, His Majesty may thereupon by Order in Council annul the same, and the Order so annulled shall forthwith become void, but without prejudice to the validity of anything which in the meantime may have been done thereunder.

(3) Section one of the Rules Publication Act, 1893, shall not apply to any Order in Council made under this section.

VII.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

(1) It shall be lawful for any department of the British Government to make arrangements with any Minister of the Government of the Irish Free State whereunder any of the powers and duties of the Minister may be exercised and performed on his behalf by officers of that department, or whereunder any of the powers and duties of that department may be exercised and performed on behalf of that department by officers of the Minister, on such terms and conditions as may be agreed:

Provided that no such arrangement shall diminish in any respect the responsibility of the department by which the arrangement is made.

(2) The Treasury may, if arrangements for the purpose are made with the Irish Free State or Northern Ireland, declare the revenue of the Irish Free or the revenue of Northern Ireland (as the case may be) to be a public fund for the purposes of the Superannuation Act, 1892, and rules made by the Treasury under that Act and under section seven of the Superannuation Act, 1909, may, if and so far as such arrangements so require, vary the provisions of the first-mentioned Act as to the manner in which the amounts to be paid out of different funds and accounts are to be apportioned:

Provided that nothing in this section shall prejudice the application of the first-mentioned Act to any office or employment in Northern Ireland to which it is applied by the Government of Ireland Act, 1920.

For the purposes of this subsection, the revenue of the Irish Free State shall, as respects the period between the thirty-first day of March, nineteen hundred and twenty-two, and the date of the establishment of the Irish Free State, be deemed to include the revenue of the Provisional Government.

(3) In the event of a Post Office Savings Bank being established in the Irish Free State and arrangements being made with the Irish Free State for the transfer to the Post Office Savings Bank of the Irish Free State of the deposits of depositors resident in the Irish Free State, it shall be lawful for the National Debt Commissioners to transfer to such authority as may be provided by legislation of the Irish Free State such apportioned part of the assets held on behalf of the Post Office Savings Bank as may be determined by agreement between the British Government and the Government of the Irish Free State to be properly attributable to the deposits so transferred:

Provided that nothing in or done under this subsection shall affect the rights under the Post Office Savings Bank Acts of any depositor in the Post Office Savings Bank without the consent of the depositor.

VIII.

This Act may be cited as the Irish Free State (Consequential Provisions) Act, 1922.

SCHEDULES.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

MODIFICATION OF THE GOVERNMENT OF IRELAND ACT, 1920, ETC.

(1.)

GOVERNOR OF NORTHERN IRELAND.

(1) There shall be a Governor of Northern Ireland, and the provisions of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, with respect to the Lord Lieutenant shall apply to the Governor of Northern Ireland and in the Government of Ireland Act, 1920 (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Act) and in any other enactment references to the Lord Lieutenant shall, in their application to Northern Ireland, be construed as references to the Governor of Northern Ireland.

(2) *In section three of the Lord Lieutenants' and Lord Chancellors' Salaries (Ireland) Act, 1832, eight thousand pounds shall be substituted for twenty thousand pounds as the salary of the Governor of Northern Ireland,* and in subsection (3), of section thirty-seven of the Principal Act two thousand pounds shall be substituted for five thousand pounds as the sum to be deducted towards the payment of such salary:

Provided that out of the said salary of eight thousand pounds there shall be payable the salaries and allowances of members of the personal staff of the Governor.

(3) The constitution of the Council of Ireland shall, if identical Acts for the purpose are passed by the Parliament of the Irish Free State and the Parliament of Northern Ireland, be altered in accordance with those Acts, and it is hereby declared that the passing of such Acts is within the powers of the said Parliaments.

(4) The appointed day for the transfer in relation to Northern Ireland of the powers, which by the Principal Act are made powers of the Council of Ireland, shall be such day as may hereafter be fixed by Order in Council not being earlier than the day on which any such identical Acts as aforesaid come into operation or the expiration of the period of five years from the passing of this Act, whichever may first happen.

IV.

FINANCIAL PROVISIONS.

(1) (*a*) The contribution to be made under section twenty-three of the Principal Act towards the Imperial liabilities and expenditure therein referred to shall be a contribution to be made by Northern Ireland and to be called the Northern Ireland contribution, and the provisions of that section with respect to apportionment as between Southern Ireland and Northern Ireland shall cease to have effect.

(*b*) The amount of the Northern Ireland contribution in each year until the end of the second financial year after the appointed day shall be a sum calculated at the rate of seven million nine hundred and twenty thousand pounds a year, or such less sum as the Joint Exchequer Board may in exercise of the powers conferred on them by subsection (5) of that section substitute therefor, and those powers may be exercised at any time whether before or after the end of the said second financial year or before or after a contribution has been made at the rate aforesaid.

(*c*) The Joint Exchequer Board, in determining the just proportion of Imperial liabilities and expenditure to be contributed by Northern Ireland in respect of each financial year after the end of said second financial year shall have regard to the relative taxable capacities of Northern Ireland on the one hand and Great Britain and Ireland, on the other hand.

(2) The apportionment of the proceeds of reserved taxes to be made by the Joint Exchequer Board under section twenty-two of the Principal Act shall be an apportionment as between Great Britain and Northern Ireland instead of an apportionment as between Great Britain and Ireland, and the sum determined under the said section to be the Northern Ireland share of the said proceeds shall be called the Northern Ireland share of reserved taxes; and in making such an apportionment the Joint Exchequer Board shall have regard to the effect of any arrangement made with the Irish Free State for relief from double taxation which may unduly prejudice Great Britain in relation to Northern Ireland or Northern Ireland in relation to Great Britain.

(3) (*a*) The sum charged upon and payable out of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom under section twenty-four of the Principal Act, and therein referred to as the Irish residuary share of reserved taxes, shall be paid to the Exchequer of Northern Ireland and shall be called the Northern Ireland residuary share of reserved taxes, and the provisions of that section with respect to apportionment between the Exchequers of Southern Ireland and Northern Ireland shall cease to have effect, but without prejudice to the application of the principles governing such apportionment in any cases where an apportionment may be necessary for the purpose of ascertaining the sum to be deducted or to be made good by means of deductions from the Northern Ireland share or residuary share of reserved taxes.

(*b*) In ascertaining the net cost to the Exchequer of the United Kingdom of reserved services, the Joint Exchequer Board shall have regard to any increase of expenditure thereon which may appear to them to be attributable to the establishment of the Irish Free State, and shall make such allowance in respect of any such increase as may appear to them to be just.

V.

RECONSTITUTION OF JOINT EXCHEQUER BOARD.

Subsection (1) of section thirty-two of the Principal Act, relating to the constitution of the Joint Exchequer Board shall have effect as if for the words "two members appointed by the Treasury one member appointed by the Treasury of Southern Ireland" there were substituted the words, "one member appointed by the Treasury," and any question which may be referred to the board under that section may be referred to them either by the Treasury or by the Treasury of Northern Ireland.

VI.

ABOLITION OF HIGH COURT OF APPEAL.

(1) The High Court of Appeal for Ireland shall cease to exist, and sections forty-two and forty-three of the Principal Act and any other provisions of that Act relative to that Court of Appeal shall cease to have effect.

(2) In any case where under section fifty of the Principal Act an appeal would have lain to the High Court of Appeal for Ireland from a decision of a court in Northern Ireland an appeal shall lie to the Court of Appeal in Northern Ireland by virtue of this section. Questions under the Crown Cases Act, 1848, which would have been reserved for the decision of the High Court of Appeal for Ireland under section forty-three of the Principal Act shall, in Northern Ireland, be reserved for the decision of the Court of Appeal in Northern Ireland whose decision shall, except as hereinafter provided, be final.

(3) An appeal shall lie to the House of Lords from any decision of the Court of Appeal in Northern Ireland being a decision from which an appeal would have lain to the House of Lords under section forty-nine of the Principal Act had it been a decision of the High Court of Appeal for Ireland, and that section shall have effect accordingly with the substitution of references to the Court of Appeal in Northern Ireland for references to the High Court of Appeal for Ireland.

(4) Nothing in the foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall affect the right of appeal to the House of Lords from any decision of the High Court of Appeal for Ireland given before the date when this Schedule comes into operation, and in the case of any appeal to the High Court of Appeal for Ireland which is pending at that date the decision of the court from which the appeal was taken shall, for the purposes of appeal to the House of Lords, be treated as if it were a decision of the High Court of Appeal for Ireland given immediately before that date.

VII.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMITTEE.

(1) The Civil Service Committee shall, instead of being constituted in the manner provided by sub-section (2) of section fifty-six of the Principal Act, consist of five members, of whom one shall be appointed by the Treasury, one by a Secretary of State, one by the Government of Northern Ireland, one by the existing Irish officers who have been transferred to the Government of Northern Ireland, and one (who shall be chairman) by the Lord Chief Justice of England.

(2) The powers of the Civil Service Committee (which shall hereafter be known as the Civil Service Committee for Northern Ireland) shall be exerciseable in relation only to existing Irish officers who have been transferred from the Government of the United Kingdom to the Government of Northern Ireland under the Principal Act, and in relation to existing or pensioned officers of local authorities or of a university or college in Northern Ireland.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

PROVISIONS AS TO EXISTING IRISH JUDGES, LORD CHANCELLOR OF IRELAND, AND IRISH LAND COMMISSIONERS.

[PART I.]

JUDGES.

(1) Any existing judge may, at or at any time after the date on which the Constitution of the Irish Free State comes into operation, resign his office on signifying his desire to do so to His Majesty's representative, and thereupon His Majesty may, if he thinks fit, notwithstanding that such judge has not completed the period of service entitling him to a pension, grant to him such pension, not exceeding the pension to which he would on that completion have been entitled, as His Majesty thinks fit.

(2) When a new court is established by the Parliament of the Irish Free State in the place of any existing court or courts, every existing judge then holding office as a judge of any such existing court shall, on such abolition of office, be entitled to receive by way of compensation for loss of office a pension equivalent to two-thirds of his salary, and, in addition, an annual allowance payable for such period and of such amount, not exceeding (when added to the amount of his pension) his full salary, as may be determined to be reasonable and just, regard being had to the tenure and character of his existing office, the probability of his further continuance therein but for the establishment of the Parliament and Government of the Irish Free State and all the circumstances of the case.

The amount of the annual allowance shall, subject as aforesaid, be determined by a committee consisting of the Lord Chief Justice of England, the Master of the Rolls in England, and a Judge of the Supreme Court of England nominated by the Lord Chancellor of Great Britain.

(3) Where any judge who is entitled to a pension under this Part of this Schedule is appointed to a judicial office in Great Britain or Ireland, then, so long as he holds such office, the pension and any allowance to which he may be entitled under this Part of this Schedule shall be wholly suspended if the emoluments of such office are equal to or greater than those of his existing office, and if they are less than those of his existing office, so much only of the pension and allowance (if any) shall be payable as with the emoluments of such office shall be equal to the emoluments of his existing office.

(4) If any annual allowance is payable by way of compensation under Article 10 of the said Articles of Agreement (hereinafter referred to as a compensation allowance) to a judge who is entitled to a pension under this part of this schedule, then, so long as the compensation allowance continues to be paid, the pension and allowance to which he may be entitled under this part of this schedule shall be wholly suspended if the compensation allowance is equal to or greater than the pension or the sum of the pension and allowance, as the case may be, to which he is so entitled, and if it is less than the said pension or the sum of the said pension and allowance, then so much only of the said pension and allowance (if any) shall be payable as shall be equivalent to the difference:

Provided that, if a lump sum is paid to any such judge by way of compensation under the said Article, it shall be treated for the purpose of the foregoing provision as if it were an annuity of such an amount as could have been purchased for the lump sum if invested at the time of payment in an immediate life annuity according to the Post Office tables.

(5) For the purpose of this part of this schedule the expression "judge" means any judge of a Supreme Court and any judge of a County Court or Recorder of a borough; and the expression "existing" means existing or holding office at the date when the Constitution of the Irish Free State comes into operation.

[PART II.]

LORD CHANCELLOR (OF IRELAND).

The office of Lord Chancellor of Ireland shall be abolished, and the person holding that office at the date of the passing of this Act shall be entitled to receive the like compensation for loss of office as if he were an existing judge of the Supreme Court of Judicature of Southern Ireland whose office had been abolished on the establishment of courts by the Parliament of the Irish Free State, and the provisions of Part I. of this Schedule shall apply accordingly.

[PART III.]

LAND COMMISSIONERS.

As from the date upon which the administration of public services relating to land purchase is transferred as respects the Irish Free State to the Executive Council thereof the office of Commissioner of the Irish Land Commission shall cease to exist, except so far as its continuance may be declared by the Treasury to be necessary for the execution of matters outside the jurisdiction of the government of the Irish Free State, and any Commissioner of that Commission whose office is declared by the Treasury to be redundant shall, notwithstanding anything in any other Act, retire from office, and shall be entitled to receive an annual allowance of such amount as may be determined to be reasonable and just by the committee established for determining the compensation of existing judges, regard being had to the tenure and character of his office, the conditions of his employment, and the probability of his further continuance therein but for the establishment of the Parliament and Government of the Irish Free State, and the provisions of Part I. of this Schedule with respect to the suspension of pensions of existing judges shall, with the necessary modifications, apply to any such annual allowance:

Provided that the Commissioner of the Irish Land Commission who is a member of the Supreme Court of Judicature of Southern Ireland shall, for the purpose of this schedule be treated as an existing judge of that Court and not as a Commissioner of the Irish Land Commission.

COMPENSATION CLAIMS.

Among the claims received by the Irish Provisional Government are the following for property damaged or destroyed:—

Kerry County Council	£8,000
Mrs. Bonfil and others, Cappoquin	4,000
Mrs. Freda Egar, Cloughton, Yorkshire	3,000
Major J. C. O. Aldworth, Newmarket, Co. Cork	2,763
D. Horgan, Paliaskenry, Co. Limerick	2,200
Congested Districts Board and others, Charlestown, Swinford, Co. Mayo	1,300
Ulster Bank, Belfast	1,016
Messrs. C. E. Denny, Ballybrado, Cahir	750
Urney Chocolates, Ltd.	316
Cork County Borough Technical Instruction Committee	309
P. Hamey, Whitefield, Tepmlemore	236
J. Russell, Coalprevane, Ballyporeen, Co Tipperary	226

Claims for personal injury include the following:—

Cornelius O'Shea, Tralee	8,000
T. MacNally, Castlegregory, Co. Kerry	500
Mrs. G. Feighery, Banagher	500
Mrs. Kathleen Curtin, 11 St. Finn Barr street, Cork	500
K. Castin, Dungarvan	300

The following are in respect of property and money seized:—

National Bank	1,827
Provincial Bank of Ireland	1,770
F. H. Ball, Galway	270
F. J. McCarrick, Main street Boyle	226

Mr. James Cole, 22 Lower Buckingham street, Dublin, claims £2,000 for the death of his son.

WEEK-END ROBBERIES.

YOUTHFUL HIGHWAYMEN.

A sum of £50, the week's wages of the employés of the Dean's Grange Burial Ground Committee, was taken by two armed youths, aged about 14 and 17 years, from Mr. Dunne, superintendent, as he was cycling on the Bray road on Friday.

Mr. Sidney J. Smith's premises in Bridge street, Dublin, were entered by two armed men on Saturday. They carried off a sum of £20. One arrest was subsequently made near the Four Courts Hotel, and the man, it is said, was found in possession of a revolver.

An employé of the *Irish Independent*, when going through Aungier street on Friday night, was stopped by armed men and robbed of a sum of money. On the previous night another employé of the company, when going to work at night, was waylaid and beaten because the sum in his possession was small.

CLOSE OF CARL ROSA SEASON.

Tradition apparently has ordained that the closing performance of any grand opera season in Dublin shall be devoted to "Maritana," "The Bohemian Girl," or "The Lily of Killarney." The reasons for this may not be quite so complimentary as they appear at first sight, but, be that as it may, tradition was loyally observed by the Carl Rosa Company at the Gaiety on Saturday night—loyally observed, too, by the gallery.

Miss Gladys Verona was a very pleasing Bohemian Girl and Mr. Joseph Griffin, a devilish, devil-may-care Devilsboof. Other leading parts were capably filled by Miss Wakefield, Mr. H. Dunkerley and Mr. C. Gilchrist.

At the matinée "Carmen" was admirably presented by Miss Constance Willis, in the title part; Miss Josie Fearon, as Micaela; Mr. Gwynn Davies, Don Jose, and Mr. William J. Aspden as Escamillo.

RAIDERS HEAVILY PUNISHED.

Sentences on the men convicted of participation in the raid on a Manchester sub-post office last August were passed on Saturday by Mr. Justice Acton.

Horace Eldridge and James Harker, who were found guilty of robbery and of shooting a constable with intent to do grievous bodily harm, were each sentenced to ten years' penal servitude. Harry Carlton, who was convicted of robbery and of being in possession of firearms with intent to endanger life, was sentenced to seven years.

Prosecuting counsel said the prisoners admitted being the authors of the Gorwell road, London, post office raid on August 14, when the post-mistress was tied up.

THREE DRUGGED GIRLS

ANGER IN CARDIFF WITH CHINESE.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

CARDIFF, Sunday.

The question of the association of Chinese with English girls in this country is to be brought before the House of Commons. It now seems fairly certain that the drug which killed a Chinaman, and brought three English girls to death's door in a Chinese laundry, was taken in liquid form.

The police do not believe that opium was smoked or injected. One of the girls has made a sensational statement. I understand that she declares that they had some brownish yellow substance in a cup; that it had a sweet taste, and that while drinking it the Chinaman, Yee Sing, warned them to be careful. It was this which made them go to sleep.

The girls have not yet been told that Yee Sing is dead. Though the exact nature of the drug is still in doubt, I understand that it contained liquid opium with some potent substance.

The analysis of the three mysterious phials found in Sing's possession is not complete. There is reason to believe that this drug, or something similar, has been given to English girls on other occasions by Chinese in seaport towns in the South West.

Each of the three girls has made a statement to the police. The Chinaman, who is now thought to have died from an overdose, will be buried in a Christian grave to-morrow.

There is growing resentment here against Chinese, and Mr. Lougher, the Cardiff M.P. is to bring the matter before the House. The local Board of Guardians has passed a resolution urging Parliament to repatriate Chinese laundrymen in the city.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

LAY SECONDARY TEACHERS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—The admitted facts regarding the position—if continual suspense and fluctuation can be called a position—of Irish secondary teachers, as stated by Mr. Kinsella in your issue of Saturday last, merely draw for the hundredth time the attention of the public to an educational anomaly intolerable in a civilised country. It would seem that the spirit of the Penal Laws still pursues the unfortunate lay secondary teacher alone. There is no longer a price on his head, it is true; but neither is there a price on his labours, his ability or his lifework.

Is it because this class of men are numerically too weak to sway an election or to work the levers of a political machine for their own ends that the public and the authorities alike remain indifferent to their reasonable request for a living wage? The public, in my opinion, are more to blame in the matter than the authorities. Parents are anxious that their children shall get the best education available. They are anxious that their children in competitive and qualifying examinations shall be launched on a remunerative career with the least delay and with the best possible send-off. Yet there is no evidence that these parents concern themselves in any way to inquire into the calibre, attainments, character or social position of the men and women whose energy and brainwork, sympathy, tact and experience are to mould the future of their offspring for good or evil.

The authorities, on the other hand, who are the trustees for the public of the benefits which the "Schoolmasters' Rebellion" of 1916 produced, repeat the familiar dose of "sympathy," alternating it by cold douches of "economy" or "state of public finances" talk, with now and then "state of unrest" as a variety.

The wretched condition of secondary teachers as a class is recognised and admitted by every party in Ireland individually; yet collectively these parties ignore this scandal in their house. A bill to regulate justly, once for all, the *status* and payment of secondary teachers is an absolutely non-contentious matter, and it is to be presumed that the technical difficulties as to the administration of the measure are not above the abilities of an Irish Government. There will be vested interests to consider, undoubtedly, and sectional prejudices to be smoothed over. It should be remembered that the only class in Ireland whose salaries were not increased by even one single penny a year by reason of the great war were the secondary teachers. Is not that enough?—Yours, etc.,

PADRAIG MACGREACHAIN.

Dublin, November 25th, 1922.

THE GAELIC LEAGUE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—It is very gratifying, and affords considerable pleasure and satisfaction to every one interested in the Irish language movement, to find the Gaelic League endeavouring to act as arbitrators between the contending sections. In nearly every great crisis and opportunity exhibited in Irish history the absence of the oneness or nationality of Ireland is apparent, because the Irishman speaking an alien tongue is cut away from the past of his race and loses powerful incentives to patriotism, to honest ambition, and to earnest struggle for the welfare of his country.

It is becoming clearer every day that until we are speaking our own language—the Irish language—things will never be right in this country. If the attachment, devotion, and voluntary self-sacrifice for Ireland which exist in the hearts of our countrymen to-day were but spent in endeavouring to revive in Ireland the only shield worth while to the life of Ireland—the Irish language, the surest and most powerful barrier against the hammer of oppression, by whomsoever wielded—that oneness, that nationality with a soul, would be realised, and unity, effective and permanent, would be produced.

Running amok with guns will not produce unity; but, on the contrary, the wasted manpower and money, the ill-feeling which is engendered will make it an easy walk-over for that section of dangerous, influential wire-pullers of Irish public opinion, who do not want Irish rule, to restore British rule in Ireland. The army will not avail us then, unless it be equal to or greater than the army of the British Empire. An English-speaking Civil Service run by Irishmen will not preserve us. The only trench in which we can hold out is the trench of the language, and we cannot afford to wait a generation to revive it. Self-preservation demands immediate action.

Let the true, Celtic Irish people organise and throw themselves into the study of Irish. Demand that Irish be placed everywhere—on trams, streets, shops. Let the prayers in the Church be in Irish. Strive to learn and to speak Irish. Do this steadfastly, without fickleness or wobbling; let no side issues, no transient reasons or local points shake your decision. Let us proudly own and call ourselves Irish-speaking Irishmen, and voluntary and loyal co-operation will result; Caitlin Ni h-Allmhuchain shall move as befits her lineage and a glorious Ireland will be resurrected.—Yours, etc.,

MICEÁL ÓRIAIN,

Runaróe Coirce Ceannain Árd Ciach.

25 Parnell square, Dublin,

November 25th, 1922.

HARDWARE STORE BURNED.

YOUTHS' STORY OF THEIR NARROW ESCAPE.

Setting fire to a store at 82 Lower Leeson street and causing the destruction of goods valued at over £400 was the charge preferred against three young fellows named Patrick O'Brien, John O'Brien, and Frederick Dorney in the Northern Police Court, Dublin, on Saturday. The goods, which were the property of Messrs. Hughes and Co., hardware merchants, Dawson street, consisted of tin-lisk work, washing machines, incubators, etc. The store belonged to Mr. Kennedy, of 68 Dame street.

Sergeant Delahey, D.M.P., who prosecuted, said that the accused men all lived in the vicinity of Lower Leeson street.

Mr. Burne, manager for Messrs. Hughes, said that when he visited the store at about 6 p.m. on Wednesday last he found it in flames, and before the arrival of the Fire Brigade the place had been almost completely destroyed.

The police evidence was that the accused, when charged with the offence, stated that they had climbed into the premises between some bars over the door. When they got in side they lighted a candle, and were moving about the place when the candle fell on some straw, which went on fire. Before they could get away their hair and some of their clothes were burned. They had, they stated, to be rescued by some people from the neighbourhood.

They were remanded for a week.

It is given to few artists to attain the eminence which Kreisler's skill and musicianship have won for him. His renderings are regarded by all as being authoritative, whether in the classics or his own transcriptions, Kreisler can play to you at any time by means of his wonderful

"His Master's Voice"

GRAMOPHONE RECORDS

Ask your dealer for particulars of the Kreisler Records.

Kreisler records exclusively for "His Master's Voice."

The GRAMOPHONE CO., Ltd. 363-367 Oxford Street, London, W.1

Registered "His Master's Voice" Trade Mark

ACCREDITED AGENTS FOR "HIS MASTER'S VOICE" GRAMOPHONES AND RECORDS.

Extensive Selection of Latest Models. Complete Stock of RECORDS

PIGOTT AND CO., LTD.

MULLINGAR.

TO-DAY'S PROSPECTS.

Judging by the excellent entries which have been secured, visitors to the popular Newbrook course should be regaled with a very enjoyable day's sport under the jumping code, and as it is the last meeting which will be held in Ireland until the Christmas holidays come round, a big attendance may be expected. The customary fast special is due to leave Broadstone this morning at 11.15, and returns at 4.30. Selections are appended:

Newbrook Plate—**Saxham**; if absent, **The Trade.**

December Plate—**Battledore.**

Clonlugh Plate—**Gertrude P.** or **Bleach Lough.**

Lough Ennel Plate—**Golden Rebel.**

Winter Plate—**Mintoi** or **Outlaw.**

1.15—THE NEWBROOK PLATE of 60 sovs. A handicap hurdle race. 2m. Age st. lb

LLANDOLA (100, ex.) (Mr. F. Barbour)

SIR MANY (Mr. P. J. Kenny)	O'Rourke	a 12	12
CROCUS (Mr. H. L. Usher)	Owner	a 12	7
SAXHAM (Mr. H. J. Usher)	Owner	5 11	8
FRANK WEBBER (Mr. H. M. Hartigan)	Owner	5 11	6
RED HUSSAR (Mr. Jos. Whelan)	Owner	5 11	4
KILMORAL (Mrs. Croft)	Usher	a 11	2
ARGALLION (Mr. T. N. Parr)	Owner	a 11	2
GRAYSTOWN (Mr. J. F. Kennedy)	Cleary	a 10	10
GOLDEN RHODA (Mr. W. T. Carolan)	Rice	5 10	10
GALLOPEEN (Lord Kenmare)	Perry	a 10	10
GREY ADMIRAL (Mrs. E. Boyd Rochford)	Fetherston	4 10	10
DONYLAND (Mr. J. Punch)	M. Harty	5 10	7
SANDY ROW (Mr. R. P. Fleming)	Doyle	5 10	5
GILLMITRE (Mr. T. Nugent)	Gleeson	5 10	5
HOMELAND (Mrs. E. Mooney)	Mooney	6 10	4
TRADE (Mr. L. H. Reynolds)	Branahan	a 10	3
BLACK LASS (Mr. T. O'Rourke)	Parkinson	4 10	3
HAWTHORN HILL (Mr. O'Rourke)	Parkinson	5 10	3
GOD SEND (Mr. R. G. Adamson)	Owner	6 10	0
LOUGH LUCIA (Mr. R. G. Adamson)	Owner	6 10	0
CHERUB (Mr. C. Prendergast)	Owner	a 9 12	
WAVE TOP (Mrs. D. Edwards)	Ryan	a 9 12	
THE HILLER (Mr. P. Murray)	Owner	5 9 12	
VERY LIGHT (Mr. J. H. Burke)	Owner	a 9 12	
ADMAN (Mrs. Cregan)	Rice	4 9 12	
APPYLASS (Mr. P. Gunn)	Owner	a 9 8	
BRIAR SWEET (Mr. S. G. Bulger)	Kenny	4 9	8
LYRIC QUEEN (Mr. P. F. Adams)	Owner	6 9	8

1.45—THE DECEMBER PLATE of 55 sovs. A weight for race handicap. 1½m. Age st. lb

KILCHITTIN (Mr. A. Wilde)	Uprichard	5 12	2
FRANK WEBBER (Mr. H. M. Hartigan)	Owner	6 12	2
TOO TON (Mr. R. G. Adamson)	Owner	5 11	10
GEORGE EDGAR (Mr. Jno. Kelly)	Doyle	4 11	9
QUEEN OF GAYBOY (Mr. P. F. Adams)	Owner	6 11	7
	Owner	6 11	7
	Owner	5 11	4
	Fetherston	5 10	0
	Owner	5 10	0
	Owner	5 10	0
	Owner

WEAR

the texture and the
herefore, for your
e first consideration

Under Vests. Irish made
Wool Under Vests, Irish

SHARRY
Makers,
R STREET, DUBLIN
Telephone No. 1292.

HUNTING.

NG APPOINTMENTS.
UNION STAGHOUNDS.
Hon. Sec.
Black, Bull.
Palmerston
KILDARE HOUNDS.
Eadestown
Ballyhoolk
Rotherstown Cross-roads
MEATH HOUNDS.
Kilmoon
Culhamstown
Kilbride
RIERS—Change of meet—Tuesday, Summerhill changed to Kilcock.
RIERS—December — Friday, 1; hunt outfitting; decr. Kilyon, Tuesday, 5; Bective; Friday, 8; Dunsany; Ballivor; Friday, 15; Athboy; Tuesday, 26th; Enfield; Trim. At 11 o'clock.
MEATH HOUNDS.
port with the Meath Hounds was fair, Friday, 24th, at Dunshaughlin Pa comparatively large and field had assembled by 11 o'cl Many visited kennels in the morning. None of the sports called for s been visited and found in good sh well supplied with foxes. Hounds were well looked after by Mr. M who was the first away. It held a w the last season, and to-day fifte foxes, which augurs well. The ha and were soon pursuing in full on one ride. To get one away t usually a break was effected, and t Parsonstown House, Mr. Osborne crossed the railway and, turning towards Rathcormack, made a bee line for the river Boyne at Bridge. A b before hounds left as if for Irish-hatched and marked to ground. Running parallel with the road, having p Dunshaughlin for the minutes. There was a check for a few fields, when a good many falls. Mine Host of the Commercial Hotel, Navan, was in the first flight, and he was jumped on and turned to offender, which turned to the left and ran parallel with Pellestown Hall, a worthy of special mention, as it
t on next to Bryan's, where run good litter of cubs had been brea near the covert, and hounds were gotten on the scent, was over good. was the Rathoath side of the road, bottoms, and reached Ratho Mr. Osborne was just above th were now facing probably the s faced hill of country in the Meath and the obstacle was the wa a cub with a catchy scent was to see the hounds kept close at ladies, and, of which he was falling back. I take after the first time. The first time and a half, parts of fields, out of which he time. The first time and a half, and, and back across Rathcormack time was an hour and forty-five through Redactee, and the pace through hounds and staff. The remarkable look points of the d Meath staff to-day. Mr. Osborne to be a hunting man, and we hope hence a hunt matured and well-e stepped just short of Rathcormack
friends were glad to see Mr. E. M ago only on wheels. He has still a and it is hoped he will come a
KILKENNY HOUNDS.
ground of a very fine hunt 22nd inst., when they got away at that attracted a great many gentlemen t the unfortunate that a good few d hounds, and a lengthy run was in rather early added to the diffic ch. However, going away with the increased from 11 to 12 stone, and dropped down to the gorse by t fall. Here the fox crossed the stream several times, and a fine hun Fortunately he the stream at the far end, and it was not be ever seen on any of the hounds ke although hounds kept running, never really press him. However, a good pace towards Kilfane, reaching Ballinard, before the fox turned h down to the stream parallel with and hunted him along the line and hunted him along within a field of Dunfrancis's. This time he did Garrigoose, and, turning towards Redactee, he disdained the shelter there, and, running round the road the railway and right on alm left pointing for Greywood. A left-handed turn, and the scent—a original of the above letter from Sir Frederick Becker, a copy of the Trust Deed securing the Secured Notes, the Memorandum and Articles of Association of Becker and Co., Limited, and a copy of the Trust Deed securing the Sagueney Bonds may be seen at the offices of Becker and Co., Limited, 34/40 Ludgate Hill, London, E.C.4, during business hours while the List of Applications remains open.

Particulars of this Offer for Sale and Forms of Application may be obtained from The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Limited, 15 Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2; or from the Brokers to this Offer, Messrs. William H. Hart, Moorgate Station Chambers, London, E.C. 2; or from Sir Arthur E. Blake, Courtis and Co., 9 Drapers Gardens, and Stock Exchange, Nottingham.

Prudential Buildings, Queen street, and Stock Exchange, Nottingham.
24th November, 1922.

(54)

FORM OF APPLICATION.

BECKER & CO., LIMITED.

(Incorporated under the Companies Acts, 1862 to 1907.)

OFFER FOR SALE OF £300,000 7 PER CENT. FIVE-YEAR SECURED NOTES IN DENOMINATIONS OF £50, £100, £500, AND £1,000 EACH, At 99 per £100.

To HEDLEY TRUST, Limited,
100/106 Moorgate Station Chambers, London, E.C.2.

Gentlemen,—Having paid to your Bankers the sum of £..... being a deposit of 10 per cent. on application for £..... Notes, and I/we hereby agree to accept the same or any less amount that you may sell to me/us upon the terms of the offer dated Nov. 24, 1922, and to pay the further instalments as provided in the said offer for sale.

NAME (in full) .....

ADDRESS (in full) .....

PROFESSION or BUSINESS .....

(A lady should state whether she is a Spinster, Wife, or Widow.)

SIGNATURE ..... 1922.

DATED .....

PLEASE WRITE DISTINCTLY.

This form, when duly filled up as directed above, should be sent with the necessary remittance to THE NATIONAL PROVINCIAL AND UNION BANK OF ENGLAND, LIMITED, 15 Bishopsgate, London, E.C., or any of its Branches.

Cheques to be crossed and made payable to BEARER. If altered from "Order" to "Bearer" the alteration should be signed by the Drawer. An acknowledgment will be forwarded in due course either by Letter of Acceptance or return of the Deposit.

Application will be made to the Committee of the London Stock Exchange for permission to deal in the Notes after Acceptance. Applications will also be made for a quotation.
The LIST OF APPLICATIONS will CLOSE on or before the 29th day of November, 1922.

BECKER & CO., LIMITED.

(Incorporated under the Companies Acts, 1862 to 1907.)

CAPITAL - - £500,000.

DIVIDED INTO

500,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each, all of which have been issued and are fully paid. £98,000
6 per cent., Free of Tax, First Debenture Stock outstanding - -
(Being part of an Authorised Issue of £200,000).

OFFER FOR SALE OF

£300,000 7 per cent. Five-Year Secured Notes at 99 per £100.

(Redeemable at 105 by five annual serial payments commencing 1st January, 1924.)

The Notes are redeemable in five serial payments annually of £60,000, together with the premium of 5 per cent. beginning 1st January, 1924, and ending 1st January, 1928. They will be issued in denominations of £50, £100, £500 and £1,000, and will be secured by a Deed of Trust in favour of the Trustees constituting—

(a) A first specific Mortgage on £1,475,600 (at $4.44 to £1 = £331,891) part of $3,200,000 7 per cent. Collateral Trust Bonds of Sagueney Pulp and Power Company, secured on—
(1) Assets valued at £5,483,396 ($15,465,854); and
(2) First charge on contracts for 1,300,000 tons wood pulp, with responsible consumers, for prior charges.

(b) Floating charge on assets of Becker and Co., Limited, amounting to £1,912,072, after allowing which alone secures interest and redemption.

Interest will be payable on 1st January and 1st July in each year. The first payment of interest will be made on July 1st, 1923, and will be calculated from the dates of instalments.

Hedley Trust, Limited, having purchased the above Notes, offer them for sale through their Bankers—

THE NATIONAL PROVINCIAL AND UNION BANK OF ENGLAND, LIMITED,
15 Bishopsgate, London, E.C., and Branches,

at the price of 99 per £100, payable as follows:—
10 per cent. on application;
10 per cent. on acceptance;
30 per cent. on January 15th, 1923.
50 per cent.

Payment in full may be made under discount on any of the above-mentioned dates at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

AN INVESTMENT COVERED OVER SEVEN TIMES AND YIELDING AN AVERAGE OF OVER 9 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Trustees for the Debenture Holders and for the Holders of the Secured Notes.
THE NATIONAL PROVINCIAL AND UNION BANK OF ENGLAND, LIMITED.

DIRECTORS of Becker and Co., Limited.

SIR FREDERICK BECKER, J.P. (Chairman and Managing Director.)
JOSEPH LYDDON, Foreign and Overseas.
EDWARD BERNARD MONTISSOLE, Finance.
THOMAS BECKER, Accounts.
GEORGE BUCHANAN, Sales Manager.
GORDON RALPH HALL CAINE, C.B.E., M.P., Canadian and American Affairs.

Bankers.
All of 34/40 Ludgate Hill, London, E.C.4.

THE NATIONAL PROVINCIAL AND UNION BANK OF ENGLAND, LIMITED, 15 Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2, and Branches.

Solicitors for Becker and Co., Limited.
MESSRS. SIMMONS and SIMMONS, 85 Gracechurch street, London, E.C.2.

Brokers.
MESSRS. WILLIAM H. HART, COURTIS and CO., 9 Drapers Gardens, and Stock Exchange, London, E.C.2.
SIR ARTHUR E. BLAKE, Prudential Buildings, Queen street, and Stock Exchange, Nottingham.

Auditors for Becker and Co., Limited.
MESSRS. LEONARD G. LANE and CO., Chartered Accountants, 14 Bride lane, London, E.C.4.

Secretary and Registered Office:
W. CARTER, 34/40 Ludgate Hill, London, E.C.4.

The following information is furnished by Sir Frederick Becker, the Chairman and Managing Director of the Company:—

30/40 Ludgate Hill, E.C., 20th October, 1922.

To HEDLEY TRUST, Limited.

100/106 Moorgate Station Chambers, London, E.C.2.

Gentlemen,—With reference to the £300,000 7 per cent. Five-Year Secured Notes which you are proposing to issue, I have pleasure in giving you the following particulars:—

Becker and Co., Limited, have entered into contracts with the Sagueney Pulp and Power Company and the Bay Sulphite Company for 1,000,000 tons of Mechanical Pulp and 700,000 tons of Sulphite Pulp per annum for 25 years, and have resold the whole to the principal Paper Makers and Newspaper Proprietors of this country and France. In order to obtain these contracts, Becker and Co., Limited, have furnished part and will furnish additional working capital required by purchasers. $1,473,600 (value at 4.44 to the £ = £331,891) short term Bonds of the Sagueney Pulp and Power Company, and have been given administrative control of the Company during the term of the contracts. The Bonds are repayable in five equal annual instalments beginning in 1923. The net assets of the Sagueney Pulp and Power Company are sufficient to cover the short term Bonds more than four and a half times.

The Trustees, the Crown Trust Company, deduct $10 per ton on Mechanical and $15 on Sulphite Pulp as shipped by the Sagueney Pulp and Power Company through us, thus providing over £300,000 per annum for Bond interest, Redemption, and other purposes, as specified in the Trust Deed, and a large sum is already in their hands against shipments effected this season.

Becker and Co., Limited, earn a commission on these contracts of over £40,000 per annum for ten years.

The Company was incorporated in the year 1908, the business having been carried on for many years under the style of Becker and Co.

Becker and Co., Limited, has been amalgamated with the largest business of its kind in the world, namely that of merchants, manufacturers—and importers of wood pulp and other raw materials used in the manufacture of paper, and constitutes a combination of the largest interests in the trade. Controlling interests are held in subsidiary companies in Great Britain, France, Norway, Sweden, the United States of America, and Canada, while intimate connections and agencies have been established in the Argentine, Brazil, Mexico, Chili, China and Japan, and all other countries in which pulp is manufactured. The turnover of the organisation has increased from £1,500,000 in 1898 to £6,715,073 in 1921.

During the present year the Preston Steam Navigation Company, Limited, whose Managers were the Sagueney Pulp and Power Company 7 per cent. Collateral Trust Bonds and other Investments which were under arrangement for purchase at that date, were as follows:—

ASSETS—	£
Freehold and Leasehold properties in London, etc., as valued by Messrs. E. Rashton, Son and Kenyon, of 13 Norfolk street, Manchester (18th October, 1922)	61,850
Steamers, valued at £5,483,396 ($15,465,854):	83,676
Debentures and Shares, mainly in allied companies, at present market price or lower, or where unquoted, as valued by the Directors	421,042
Raw Material at cost or market price, whichever is the lower	100,435
Sundry Debtors, less Reserve, etc.	844,880
Cash at Bankers, and in hand	97,430
	£1,613,322
To which should be added—	
The proceeds of 180,000 £1 fully paid Ordinary Shares already subscribed by the present Shareholders since 31st March, 1922	180,000
The proceeds of present issue, say	275,000
	2,068,322
Less Existing Debentures and specific mortgages	156,350
	1,912,072
Add—	
$1,475,600 7 per cent. Collateral Trust Bonds of the Sagueney Pulp and Power Company, converted at $4.44 to £ at par—specifically charged under present issue	331,891
Covering the Present Issue more than Seven times	£2,243,963

The Sundry Creditors including Taxation Reserves amounted to £1,326,737.

PROFITS.—The following is a statement of profits after deduction of Depreciation, Management Expenses, Excess Profits Duty and other Taxes, but before deduction of Income Tax, Debenture interest and charges, debenture and/or mortgage interest, as certified by the Company's Auditors, Messrs. Leonard G. Lane and Co., Chartered Accountants, 14 Bride lane, London, E.C. 4.

	Profits.	Dividends paid on Becker & Co., Ltd.	Dividends paid on Preston Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.
		16 per cent. free of tax.	16 per cent. free of tax.
1916-1917	£70,279	15 per cent. free of tax.	15 " "
1917-1918	64,319	15 " "	25 " "
1918-1919	48,460	15 " "	25 " "
1919-1920	146,653	15 " "	25 " "
1920-1921	142,035	15 " "	25 " "
1921-1922	90,235	15 " "	25 " "

The Capital and Reserves employed in the business have progressively increased from £125,000 in 1915 to £350,000 in 1922. In August of this year a further £180,000 was subscribed, thereby increasing the Company's Capital to £500,000; and fully paid in cash by the existing shareholders, thereby providing £455,000 additional Capital, and with the this, together with the proceeds of the present issue, provides £455,000 additional Capital, and with the reserves already assets on the Canadian Contracts, a conservative estimate of future Profits indicates a minimum of £130,000 per annum.

SAGUENAY PULP AND POWER COMPANY—TRUST BONDS.—The following information relative to the Sagueney Pulp and Power Company (incorporated in Quebec, Canada), the controlling properties of the Chicoutimi Pulp Company and other subsidiary companies is obtained from a letter from Mr. J. R. A. Dubuc and Mr. G. B. Hall Calder, Directors and Members of the Committee of Management:—

SHARE CAPITAL.	Authorised.	Issued.
Common Stock	£6,000,000	£6,000,000
6 per cent. Cumulative Preference Stock	3,500,000	3,500,000

LOAN CAPITAL.	Authorised.	Issued.
6½ per cent. Serial Gold Bonds	£5,500,000	£5,289,600
7 per cent. Five-Year Collateral Trust Bonds (Series 1925-27), repayable at par in equal amounts annually commencing 1st July, 1923, of which Becker and Co., Limited, hold $1,473,600	3,200,000	3,200,000

A replacement series of Trust Bonds (1928-32) to the value of $3,200,000 may be issued only as the present series (1923-27) is paid off with the consent of the majority of the existing holders.

The fixed assets of the Company, which comprise freehold lands, mills, buildings, plant, machinery, water power and installations, railway, station buildings, locomotives and rolling stock, docks, pier, tugs and other craft, electric generating plants, public telephones and general equipment, have been valued by Messrs. E. Rashton, Son and Kenyon, in November, 1920.

The value of the Company's interests represented by Mortgage Bonds, Stocks, Shares, etc., based upon this valuation and upon the annual accounts to 31st December, 1921, certified by Messrs. Marwick, Mitchell, and Co., Chartered Accountants, of New York, Montreal, and London, are as follows:—

The Chicoutimi Pulp Company and other subsidiary Companies (excluding Timber Lands)		$8,370,562
Quebec Freehold Timber Lands, as at $10 per acre	(Sale prices have been as high as $26 per acre and not lower than $10 per acre.)	$5,344,160
534,416 acres Freehold Timber Lands, as at $10 per acre		
1,045,221 acres Leasehold Timber Lands, as at $4 per acre and not lower than $4 per acre.)	(Sale prices have been as high as $12 per acre	4,172,884
		9,517,044
		$17,887,606
Less— 6½ per cent. Serial Gold Bonds		$5,289,600
Add accrued interest		172,172
		5,461,772
		12,425,834
Cash Proceeds of $3,200,000 7 per cent. Collateral Trust Bonds		3,040,000
		$15,465,834
Surplus Assets covering Trust Bonds more than four and a half times		£5,483,296

Equivalent at $4.44.

The united concerns have reached full and economic production, and contracts have been entered into this year with a number of substantial consumers in Great Britain, France, and United States for the sale of the Company's output for 10 years at cost, including charges of all kinds, plus a fixed profit per ton, sufficient to provide the Company with an annual net profit of approximately £1,450,000 from its manufacture of pulp alone, irrespective of revenue from the electric power, light, telephone, railway and port undertakings.

The sum required for interest and redemption of the bonds is $864,000 the first year, decreasing progressively by $44,800 each year.

Yours faithfully, FREDERICK BECKER,
Chairman and Managing Director.

Application for the purchase of the Secured Notes should be made on the following Form, and forwarded to The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Limited, 15 Bishopsgate, E.C. 2, or any of its Branches.

If any application be not accepted, the deposit will be returned in full by cheque through the post, and if any application be accepted in respect of less than the full amount of the Secured Notes applied for, the balance of the application money will be applied towards the amount payable on acceptance, forfeiture and the Contract for Sale to cancellation. Interest on overdue instalments will be charged at the rate of £10 per cent. per annum.

Hedley Trust Limited, have bought the Secured Notes at £91 13s. 4d. per cent., the Trust paying an Underwriting Commission of two and one-half per cent. and an Over-riding Commission of one per cent., and the other expenses (advertising, brokerage, etc.), of this offer.

Particulars of this offer for Sale and Forms of Application may be obtained from Hedley Trust, Limited, 100/106 Moorgate Station Chambers, London, E.C.2, or from the Brokers to this Offer, Messrs. William H. Hart, Courtis and Co., 9 Drapers Gardens, and Stock Exchange, Nottingham.

FINANCIAL NEWS

IRISH STOCK EXCHANGES.

BUSINESS DONE LAST WEEK.

The following is a full record of the business done on the Dublin and Belfast Stock Exchanges last week in each department, except Consols and War Loans. The day on which the business was done is indicated by the initial letter in parentheses, and dealings in odd lots are marked by an asterisk:—

DUBLIN.

2½ p.c. Land Act Stock—59½ (M.), 59 (T.), 58½ (Th.).
3 p.c. Land Act Stock—63½ (M.), 64 (T.), 62 next sale (Th.).
Bank of England—252c (T.).
Bank of Ireland—231c (T.), 231c (W.), 231c (Th.), 231c (F.).
Hibernian Bank—6½ (M.), 6½ (Th.), 6½ (F.).
Munster and Leinster Bank—6½ (M.), *6½ (T.), 6½ (W.), 6½ (F.).
National Bank—18½ (M.), 18½c (T.), 18½ (W.), 18½ (Th.).
Provincial Bank—*21½ (M.), *21½ (T.), *22 (W.), *22 (Th.), *22 (F.).
Royal Bank—*11½ (M.), 11½c (T.), 11½c (Th.).
Buenos Ayres Pacific Ord.—22 (F.).
Dublin and Kingstown—105½ (Th.).
Canadian Pacific Deb.—81½ (T.).
Dublin and S.E. Ord.—16½ (F.).
Dublin and S.E. 4 p.c. Pref.—46 (Th.).
Dublin and S.E. "B" Deb.—58 (T.), 58 (W.).
Great Northern Ord.—61½ (F.).
Great Northern Pref.—*55½ (F.).
Great Northern Guar.—*65 (F.).
Great Southern Ord.—*48½ 8 (W.), 48½ 48½ (F.).
Great Southern Pref.—54½ (M.), 55 (T.), 54½ (W.), 55 (F.).
Great Southern Guar.—50 (T.), 50 (F.).
Great Southern Deb.—71½b 72¾ (W.), 72½ (Th.), 72¼ (F.).
Midland G.W. 4 p.c. Pref.—46 (Th.).
Midland Rent Charge—*54 54 (Th.).
Midland G.W. 4 p.c. Deb.—69½ (M.), 62¼ (W.), 62½ (Th.).
Midland G.W. 4½ p.c. Deb.—62 (M.), 65½ (Th.).
Alliance Gas—6 (M.), 6½ *6 (T.), 6¼ (W.), 6½ (Th.), 6¼ (F.).
Alliance Deb.—65 (W.).
Amalgamated Cotton—13/6 (W.).
Arnott Pref.—72/6 (T.), 73/- (Th.).
Arnott Deb.—61 (M.).
Bagots Hutton Pref.—52/6 (M.).
Baldwin's "B" Pref.—18/1½ (W.).
Bleachers—45/3 (W.), 42/6 (Th.).
Belands—38/- (T.), 38/- (F.).
Bradford Dyers—44/1½ (M.), 44/- (T.).
British-American Tobacco—88/3 (M.), 88/5 (T.), 89/5 8/6 (W.), 88/3 (Th.), 88/3 (F.).
British and Irish Steam—14/9 (M.), 14/- (Th.), 70/- (F.).
Burroughs—22/6 (M.), 70/- (T.), 70/- (Th.), 70/- (F.).
Burke Ord.—70/- (M.), 71/6 (T.), 80/- (W.).
Burke Pref.—80/- (M.), 81/6 (T.), 80/- (W.).
Burke Deb.—81½ (Th.), 81 (F.).
Calicos—22/7½ (M.), 22/9 (W.), 22/7½ (Th.), 22/6 (F.).
City of Dublin Steam Pref.—103 (Th.).
Coats—67/- (M.), 67/- (T.), 66/9 (W.), 66/9 (Th.), 66/6 *6/3 (F.).
Coats Pref.—13/6 (W.).
Cohen's Pref.—23/6 (Th.).
Condensed Milk Debs.—54½ (M.), 54 (F.).
Cork Tram, Pref.—49 (T.).
Cork Tram Debs.—49 (T.).
Courtaulds—58/- (M.), 57/6 7/5 (T.), 57/3 7/6 (W.), 57/6 (Th.), 57/3 (F.).
Courtaulds Deb.—84½ (M.).
Dockrell Pref.—15/- (T.).
Dockrell Deb.—64½ (M.), 64½ (T.), 64½ (W.), 64½ (Th.), 64½ (F.).
Dublin Distillers Pref.—75/3 (T.), 75/- (W.), 75/- (Th.), 75/- (F.).
Dublin Trams—7 (F.).
Dublin Trams Pref.—10½ (T.), 10 (Th.).
Dublin Trams D.S.D.T. Deb.—98 (M.).
Dublin Trams D.S.D.T. Deb.—9/6 (W.), *9/7½ (Th.), 9/6 (F.).
Dunlops—9/6 9/7½ (M.), 9/6 (T.), 9/10½ 10/1½ (F.).
Dunlop "C" Pref.—16/10½ (F.).
Fine Spinners—41/9, 40/9 (T.), 40/9 (F.).
Goulding—5¼ (M.).
Goulding Pref.—80/- (M.), 81/- (T.), 81/- (W.), *80/3 (Th.), 81/- (F.).
Goulding Deb.—77/6 (F.).
Grand Canal—*50/- (T.).
Grand Canal Deb.—*51½ (M.).
Guinness—44¼ (M.), 44¾ ¼ (W.), 44¼ ¼ (Th.), 44¼ (F.).
Guinness Pref.—12 (F.).
Hely's Pref.—*17/- (Th.).
Imperial Tobacco—69/9 *69/9 9/10½ (M.), *69/6 9/10½ (T.), 69/10½ 70/- (W.), 69/10½ (Th.), 69/9 (F.).
Johnston Mooney Pref.—90/- (F.).
Lever p.c. Pref.—20/- (M.), 20/- (F.).
Lever 5 p.c. Pref.—19/9 (T.), 19/8 19/10½ (Th.), 19/9 19/10½ (F.).
Lever 7 p.c. Pref.—46/4½ (T.), 45/9 (W.), 45/- 4/9 (Th.), 44/7½ (F.).
Marconi Marine—22/6 (T.), 22/9 (W.).
Marconi Deb. (£39 paid)—*43¼ ¼ ¾ (M.), 43¼ (T.), 41¼ (W.).
Mexican Eagle—*50/- (M.), 51/- (T.), 50/9 51/- (F.).
McBirney and Co. Pref.—12/6 (W.).
Parent Ord.—15/- (M.).
Parent Pref.—20/- (M.), 20/- (F.).
Parent Deb.—13/- (W.).
Parkes Pref.—13/- (W.).
Pavilion Cafe—*30/- (M.), 30/- (Th.).
Pavilion Pref.—20/- (M.), 20/- (W.), *20/- (F.).
Pim Bros.—80/- (T.), 80/6 (F.).
Pim Pref.—85/- (T.), 85/- (F.).
Radio Communication—18/- (M.), *17/9 (W.), 17/- (F.).
Radio Corp. Pref.—15/7½ (Th.).
Shelbourne Deb.—84½ (T.), 82/9 (W.), 83/- 83/6 (Th.), 82/6 (F.).
Sewing Cotton—46/9 (M.), 47/6 (T.), 47/6 (Th.), 47/6 (F.).
Thom Pref.—47/6 (T.).
Todd Burns—*75/- (T.), 75/- (F.).
Thwaites Ord.—70/- (W.).
Vickers—14½ (M.).
Wilkinson Sword and Courage Ord.—22/9a (F.).
Williams (H.) Ord.—80/- (F.).
Yam Seng Rubber—3/9 (M.).

c—Cash. b—Bid. a—Asked.

BELFAST.

Belfast Corp. 5 p.c. 1945—96¼ (M.).
Lloyds Bank—58/6 (W.).
London City and Midland—8¼ (T.), 8⅛ (W.), 8¼ (F.).
London City and Midland New—9¼ (M.), 9⅛ (T.).
London County Bank—17⅛ (M.), 17⅜ (W.), 17⅛ (F.).
London County Bank New—48/6 (T.).
Northern Banking Co. Pref.—21½ (T.).
Northern Bank—*23½ (T.).
Provincial Bank—22/6 (M.), 22½ (W.).
Great Northern Rly. Stock—62¼ (M.), 62¼ (W.), 62¼ (Th.).
Great Northern Rly. 4 p.c. Pref.—65 (T.).
Arnott and Co.—37/- (M.).
Burmah Oil—2/6/3 (M.), 2/6/3 (T.).
Brookfield Linen Co.—12½ (T.).
Brookfield Linen Co. 5 p.c. Pref.—*97½ (T.).
Brit. Amer. Tobacco—87/10½ (W.), 88/- 88/1½ (F.).
Coats Ord.—66/9 66/10½ 66/7½ (M.), 66/9 (W.), 66/4 (Th.), 66/3 (F.).
Courtaulds—27/6 (T.), 27/3 57/5 57/6 (F.).
Cowan (Wm.) Ord.—24½ (M.), 24½ (W.).
Cowan (Wm.) 6 p.c. Pref.—*54 (M.), 54 (W.).
Cowan (Wm.) 6 p.c. Ord.—23/- (T.).
Dunlop Rubber—9/3 9/9 (M.), 9/6 (W.), 9/9 9/7½ (Th.), 10/- (F.).
Distillers Ord.—80/- (M.), 81/- (T.), 81/- (W.), 81/- (Th.), 81 (F.).
Imperial Tobacco—69/10½ (M.), 70/- (T.), 70/- (W.), 69/9½ (Th.).
Imperial Tobacco of Canada Pref.—21¼ (T.).
Lever 7 p.c. Pref.—19/10½ (T.).
Lever 8 p.c. Pref.—19/10½ (W.).
Lever 5 p.c. Pref.—9 (M.).
Linen Thread 5 p.c. Pref.—7 (F.).
Martin Estate 4 p.c. Deb.—7 (F.).
Marconi Deb.—3½ prem. (M.), 3½ prem. (T.).
Marconi Co. 5½ p.c. Pref.—5¼ (T.).
Robinson and Cleaver 5 p.c. Pref.—15/3 (M.).
Sawers 5 p.c. Pref.—15/- (F.).
Vickers—14½ (Th.).
Workman Clark Debs.—85¼ (T.), 87 (F.).
White Tomkins—22/6 (M.), 22/6 (T.), 22/6 (F.).
York Street Flax-Spinning Ord.—28/- (T.).
York Street Flax-Spinning 6 p.c. Pref.—94 (T.).
York Street Flax-Spinning 7 p.c. Pref.—21 (T.).

PRICES OF RECENT ISSUES.

Aerated Bread 6½ p.c. Pref. (11/- paid), 6d.-1/- prem. Bell's United Asbestos 6½ p.c. Pref. (£5 paid), 1½ prem. Bryant and May 6 p.c. Debs. (£5 paid), 1½ prem. Calcutta Improvement Trust 5 p.c. 5½ (prem. Cellulose Holding Debs. (£5 paid), ½ dis.-par. Cellulose Holding and Investment 7 p.c. Debs. (£5 paid), ½ prem. Central London Railway 4½ p.c. Deb. (£5 paid), ½ dis.-par. City and South London Railway 4½ p.c. Deb. (£5 paid), 1½ dis. Council of London 4½ p.c. Deb. (£5 paid), 3/9-4/3 prem. County of London Electric 6 p.c. Pref. (5/- paid), 1/6-2/- prem. Crosses and Heaton 6 p.c. Debs. (fully paid), 2/3-3/- prem. Daily Mail Trust 7 p.c. Debs. (£50 paid), 64-7 prem. Grode Durrant 6½ p.c. Notes (£45 paid), 1-1¼ prem. Huleds (J. L.) 7½ p.c. Pref. (fully paid), ½ dis.-par. India 4½ p.c. (£25 paid), 1½ dis. Invercask Paper 8 p.c. Pref. (fully paid), 1½ dis. Invercask Paper 8 p.c. Debs. (fully paid), 17/-18/-. Lancashire Nitrate 6½ p.c. Deb. (fully paid), 96-97. London Electric Railway 4½ p.c. Deb. (£5 paid), ½ dis.-par. London Electric Railway 4½ p.c. Deb. (£5 paid), ½ dis. Pease and Partners 6 p.c. Pref. Stock, ½ dis.-par. Pease and Partners 6 p.c. Debs. (£43 paid), par-1 prem. Platt Brothers 6 p.c. Ord. (fully paid), 42/6-43/-. Platt Brothers 6 p.c. Pref. (fully paid), 52/6-53/9. Power Securities Ord. (9/6 paid), 6d. dis.-par. Power Securities 7 p.c. Part. Pref. (7/6 paid), 2d. dis.-3d. prem. South Staffs. Waterworks 5½ p.c. Pref. (£20 paid), ¼-1¼ prem.

BIRMINGHAM MOTOR SHARE MARKET.

Friday's closing prices:—
Alldays and Onions, 4/-; Austin Ord., 2/3; do. 8 Pref., 2/9; do. Preferred 10 p.c., 1/9; Belsize Motor, 5/-; Birmingham Small Arms, 9/6; Bluemel Bros., 20/6; Bowden Brake, 15/-; Brevis Diamond, 17/-; Brico, 2/-; Brooks (J. B.), 35/6; Calcott Bros., 6/-; Calthorpe Invest., 10/6; Carbodies Motor, 2/-; Components, 8/9; Coventry Chain, 3/-; Crossley Motors, 7/3; Dennis Bros., 27/3; Enfield Cycle, 30/6; Fodens, 29/6; Guy Motors, 3/3; Halford Cycle, 18/-; Halley's Motor, 8/-; Harper Bean, 13/3; Hughes Johnson, 23/6; Humber, 83/1½ do. Pref., 16/10½; James Cycle, 6/9; Leyland Motor, 3/6; Leyland Rubber, 24/-; Lucas (Jos.), 35/3; Mandales, 2/6; Napier Ord., 13/9; New Hudson, 15/9; Riley Motors, 6/7½; do. Pref., 10/9; Singer and Co., 25/3; Standard Motor, 16/5; Star Engineering, 5/9; Stepney Spare Wheel, 29/6; Stevens (A. J.), 26/3; Sunbeam Motor, 75/-; Swift, 13/3; do. Pref., 13/-; Talbot, Clifford Squire, 9d.; Swift, 13/3; do. Pref., 13/-; Talbot, Clifford Squire, 9d.; Vanderveil (C. and Co. Pref., 7/3; Vulcan Motor, 3/-; Vauxhall Motor, 7/3; Wrigley (W. G.), 5/-; Wolseley Motor Pref., 7/10½; Wrigley (W. G.), 5/-; Wolseley Motor, 20/9; do. Pref., 16/7½; do. B, 20/9; Dunlop Rubber, 9/3; Dunlop Rubber Pref., 16/6; Dunlop Rubber Deferred, 25/9; Tyre Investment, 7/6. 12/-; do. Deferred, 25/9; Tyre Investment, 7/6.

TRAFFICS.

Mexican Railway—Week to November 21, 273,600 dollars; decrease, £1,200 dollars. Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway—Week to October 28—Rs.1,160,000; increase Rs.82,942. Scinde Indian Railway—Week to October 28, Rs.316,508 decrease, Rs.169,735. Net income and surplus, months to October 31, net income and surplus, £2,823 dollars; increase, 67,038 dollars. Lancashire United Tramways—Week to November 21, £1,825 dollars; decrease, £358. Canadian Pacific Railway —Week to November 21, 4,747,000 dollars; increase, 705,000 do.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

LOANS IN DEMAND.

GERMAN MARKS FIRMER; FRANCS WEAKEN.

Quite a fair demand was experienced for loans, and the condition of Lombard street in regard to loanable credit was satisfactory, but not too comfortable. The average value of week-end money was 1½ to 2 p.c., and there was a rather large inquiry for accommodation into next month at 2 p.c. also. Fixtures, as a rule, were going on at 1½ p.c.

Bank Rate (Unchanged; changed July 13, 1922, 3%			
60 days (fine)	2½	Trade	3 3½
3 months	2½	"	3¼ 3½
4 months	2½ 2¾	"	3¼ 3½
6 months	2¾ 2¾	"	3½ 3¾
Loans to brokers day-to-day			1¾ 2
" for a week			1¾ 2
Deposit Allowance Banks at call			0
" Discount houses at call			1½
" at notice			1½

Only a small business was going on in the counts, and the tendency of rates was firm, with the new Treasuries 2½ p.c. sellers, and very few buyers about. Fine three months' bank bills were quoted 2½ p.c., but at the higher figure it was scarcely possible to deal, and, indeed, transactions were arranged even below 2½ p.c.

No change was made in the selling rate for Treasury bills "on tap," which was 2½ p.c.

Silver recovered ¼d. for cash and ⅛d. for forward delivery to 32¾d. and 32d. per oz. respectively on Indian Bazaar purchases.

The Foreign Exchange market was quieter, with rates showing very little variation. Sterling on New York was stronger at $4.50, and Italian lires appreciated further to 94¾, while francs were a shade weaker at 65.10, changed at 31.500 to the £. Polish marks were rather weaker around 72,000, and Portuguese escudos reacted a little to 2⅞d. South American currencies were steady, and China exchanges weaker. The following are closing quotations:—

	November 25	November 24.	Normal Rate.
	97⅛	97⅛	97¾d.
Alexandria	11.41 11.42	11.40¾ 11.41¾	12.10
Amsterdam	44¾ 44¾	44¾ 44¾	47.58
Athens	29.23 29.24	29.30 29.32	25.22
Barcelona	31,500 32,000	31,000 33,000	20.40
Berlin	1/32 1/32	1/32 1/32	1/4
Bombay	68.00 68.10	67.80 67.90	25/22⅝
Brussels	1 3/4	1 3/4	1/4
Calcutta	1/32 1/32	1/32 1/32	1/4
Christiania	22.42 22.45	24.50 24.55	18.15
Copenhagen	22.17 22.20	22.15 22.20	18.15
Constantinople	142 144	140 144	
Cpsho-Slov	176 178	176 178	25.22½
Finland	295 300	295 305	25.22½
Italy	2/4	2/4	
Hong Kong	10,000 11,000	10,000 11,000	
Hungary	94½ 94¾	95 95½	25.22½
Japan	2⅜ 2⅝	2⅜ 2⅝	53/6d.
Lisbon	29.32 29.34	29.28 29.33	25.22½
Madrid	26	26	25.22½
Mexico	4.49⅛ 4.50⅛	4.49⅛ 4.49⅛	4.86
Montreal	44 43⅝	43⅝ 43⅝	51d.
New York	4.49⅞ 4.50	4.49⅞ 4.50	4.86
Paris	63.05 63.15	63.00 63.10	25.22
Portugal	69,000 75,000	67,000 72,000	
Riodejan	6⅛ 6⅜	6⅛ 6⅜	16d.
Roumania	680 710	680 710

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.'S SALES.

TO-MORROW (TUESDAY), AT 110 GRAFTON ST, AT 1.30 P.M.

121 ROYSE TERRACE, PHIBSBOROUGH ROAD.

POSSESSION TO PURCHASER. ELECTRIC TRAM LINE.

A WELL-BUILT MODERN HOUSE, without basement; two storeys high, bay window, good return building; contains six apartments, bathroom (hot and cold water), w.c., kitchen, pantry, servant's room, outside w.c., coal store, electric light, gas cooker, Varley water. The entire in good order. Lease 250 years from March, 1898. Head rent, £4.

Messrs. STEWART and ORR, Solicitors, 7 Great Brunswick street.

BELLAVISTA, KILLINEY.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

EXCEPTIONALLY SOUND, WELL-BUILT RESIDENCE, standing on about Half an Acre, in an elevated and healthful position, overlooking the sea, and enjoying unsurpassed views. The rooms are large and lofty, and comprise, on first floor, drawingroom, about 22ft. by 16ft., with bay window looking to the sea; diningroom of equal dimensions (these rooms communicate), study or library, large cloakroom, with wash-hand basin; on second floor: four family bedrooms (all large apartments), spacious bathroom, with hot and cold, and separate w.c. There are three servants' rooms, tiled kitchen with choc range, scullery, pantry, etc. The position leaves little to be desired. There is a short way to the railway station. Held for an unexpired residue of term of 439 years, subject to £10 10s. 0d. per annum.

WHITE and WHITE, Solicitors, 13 Upper Ormond quay.

THIS DAY (MONDAY), AT FOXROCK.

HANDSOME DETACHED RESIDENCE,
AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, BILLIARD TABLE, &c.

CREEVE-HILL, FOXROCK.

CREEVE-HILL, FOXROCK, is an attractive Detached Residence, with garden, tennis ground, motor house, etc. Close to railway station. Non-basement, two-storeyed House, containing 3 reception rooms, billiard room, 5 bedrooms, bathroom, box-room, servant's room, w.c., etc. In first-class order, and not requiring any outlay. The grounds are pretty; there is a good garden, with greenhouse. Lease, 997 years, subject to £10 per annum. Stands in nearly one acre.

ARTHUR COX and CO., Solicitors, 5 Stephen's Green:

ALSO THE ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE, BILLIARD TABLE, &C

Full-sized Billiard Table, with accessories, by Burroughes and Watts; Pianoforte in inlaid walnut case, by Chalien and Son; Gramophone and Records; Chippendale Table, Ladies' Inlaid Mahogany Escritoire, Sheraton Corner Cabinet, Chippendale Bookcase on stand; Chesterfield Settee, Lounge and Occasional Inlaid Mahogany Chairs and Tables, Set of Trio Tables, pierced Brass Fenders and Coal Helmets, Oval Inlaid and other Mirrors, high-class Turkey, Axminster, and other Carpets; Mahogany Antique Card Tables, Antique Music Stand, Screen, Grandfather Clock; Oak Modern Sideboard, Telescope Dining Table and Sets of Chairs to match, &c., &c.; four-part Mahogany Wardrobe, Antique Cheval Mirror, Sheraton Inlaid and Single Mahogany Beds, with Spring and Hair Mattresses, Bedding and Linen; Antique Corner Cupboard, Chests Drawers, Half-round Toilet Tables, Antique Knaehole Toilet Table and Mirrors, Oak and other Bedroom Suites, Kitchen Furniture and Utensils, Garden Roller, Wheelbarrow, Ladders, Plants, Garden Tools, Forcing Frames, Hen Houses, &c. SALE 11.30. LEASEHOLD INTEREST will be Sold at 1.30. Trains for Foxrock (from Harcourt street)—10.25 a.m., 11.15 a.m., 12.15 p.m.

ON VIEW TO-MORROW (TUESDAY).
SALE WEDNESDAY NEXT, 29TH NOVEMBER.

6 AILESBURY ROAD.

SUPERIOR FURNITURE AND EFFECTS.

JAMES H. NORTH and CO. have received instructions to SELL THE VERY SUPERIOR AND HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE

Including: Inlaid Mahogany Drawingroom Suite, in stamped velvet; Buhl-shaped Oval Table, Inlaid China Cabinet; Queen Anne pattern Mahogany Sideboard, with mirror-back; Set of Chippendale Chairs, with two Carvers; Mahogany Telescope Dining Table; massive Four-door Mahogany Bookcase and Cabinet, exceptional Chesterfield Settee, with Lounge Chairs, upholstered in leather; Gilt and other Overmantels, Mahogany Falling-leaf and Occasional Tables, Sheraton Overmantel, Mahogany Pedestal Writing Desk, Marble and Bronze Clocks, Electric Fires and Heater, Brass and Black Iron and Brass Fire Sets, Pair Gilt Cornices, Suites of high-class Curtains, Sets of Mahogany Chairs, high-class Turkey pattern Axminster and other Carpets, Stair Carpeting, Dinner Sets, China and Glass Ware, Interesting Pictures and Engravings, Music Box, Grandfather Hall Clock, Fireproof Iron Safe, etc.; very exceptional Mahogany Bedroom Suite, with Pedestal Toilet Tables and Washstand; Satin Walnut Bedroom Suite and Duchesse pairs; Mahogany Wardrobes, with Duchesse pairs to match; Towel Rails, Box Ottoman, Toilet Ware and the small Bedroom Furniture, and a small quantity of Linen; Kitchen Tables, Chairs and Culinary Utensils; Ballast Metal Roller, Garden Seats, Gavanised Bins, Lawn Mowers, and Garden Tools.

SALE 11 O'CLOCK SHARP.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS, 110 GRAFTON STREET.

ON VIEW TO-DAY.—SALE TO-MORROW (TUESDAY).
HOUSE and FURNITURE.

DUN LAOGHAIRE, 2 BREFFNI TERRACE, SANDYCOVE.

MESSRS. TALBOT COALL and SON WILL SELL BY AUCTION, ON THE ABOVE PREMISES, THIS DESIRABLE RESIDENCE

Held under Lease for a term of 150 years from 29th September, 1876, at annual rent of £6 5s. Od. Contains 3 reception rooms, 4 family bedrooms, servants' accommodation, bath (hot and cold), kitchen, pantries, &c. Vacant possession will be given to purchaser. ALSO THE SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Including: Electro-Plated Ware; Arm, Easy, and Occasional Chairs, Couches, Mahogany Inlaid Cabinet, Mahogany and Rosewood Falling-leaf End Tables, Mahogany Revolving Waiter, Mahogany Antique Sideboard, Walnut Mirror-back Sideboard, Mahogany Loo Tables; Dining Tables, Marble and Brass Clocks, Bronze and China Ornaments, Paintings, Mahogany Dinner Waggon; Oriental Carpets, Heavy and Lace Window Drapery; Oak Roll-top Desk, Revolving Study Chair, Butler's Tray and Stand, Ebonised Overmantels, Brass and Metal Fenders, Fire Brasses, Occasional and Sutherland Tables; Brass-mounted Bedsteads, Wire and Hair Mattress, Bedding, Walnut Mirror-door Suites; Mahogany, Walnut, and Satinwood Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Washstands, Chests of Drawers, Toilet Ware, Linen, and usual Bedroom Appointments; Oak Mirror-back Hall Stand and Chairs, Barometer; New Stair Carpeting, Linoleums; Kitchen Furniture, Servants' Tea Service; Vacuum Cleaner; Sewing Machine, Trunks, and numerous Miscellaneous Lots.—Messrs. HAYES & SONS, Solicitors, 41 and 42 Nassau street, Dublin. ON VIEW TO-DAY (MONDAY). SALE OF PREMISES, 1 O'CLOCK; FURNITURE, 12 O'CLOCK.

TALBOT COALL & SON, AUCTIONEERS, DUN LAOGHAIRE.

CONYNGHAM LODGE, CURRAGH.

HIGHLY ATTRACTIVE SALE OF A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
FIRST-CLASS SADDLERY, HORSE CLOTHING,

Stable Requisites, Oak Buckets, Corn Bins, "Parrish's" Cooker, specially constructed Movable Fowl-houses, Garden Requisites, 2-room Iron House, 20 x 10; "Skinner and Board" wire-tension Greenhouse, 20 x 12 x 9, complete; large quantity of Wire Netting and Posts, 7'.

ROBERT J. GOFF & CO. are instructed by CAPT. F. BALD (owing to lease having expired) to DISPOSE of the above CONYNGHAM LODGE,

ON TO-MORROW (TUESDAY), 28TH NOVEMBER,
STARTING AT 10.30 O'CLOCK.

ROBERT J. GOFF & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS,
NEWBRIDGE, COUNTY KILDARE.

SALE THIS DAY (IN CONTINUATION).
JAMES HILL & SON'S AUCTION, THIS DAY (MONDAY),
NOVEMBER 27, AT 10, 11, 12 BACHELOR'S WALK,
USEFUL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS,
HEARTH RUGS, CHINA, GLASS, AND ORNAMENTAL EFFECTS,
INCLUDING:
A LARGE QUANTITY OF ALMOST NEW SERVANTS' BEDROOM AND KITCHEN FURNITURE;
Twenty Combination Beds, complete, with Hair Mattresses, Bolsters and Pillows; thirty Bedroom and Kitchen Chairs; twenty Toilet Chests Drawers, Dressing Tables, Washstands, Towel Rails, Toilet Glasses, Sets of Toilet Ware, Meat Safes, two Ice Boxes, &c., &c. SALE STARTS 1 P.M. SHARP. Purchasers pay Five per cent. Fees.

JAMES HILL & SON, AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 10, 11, 12 Bachelor's Walk.

JAMES J. SCANNELL'S AUCTIONS.

TO-DAY (MONDAY), NOVEMBER 27TH, AT
CLONSILLA GRANGE, CLONSILLA
(CONCLUDING DAY).

SALE OF BLOODSTOCK, FARM IMPLEMENTS, & OUTSIDE EFFECTS,
CONTENTS OF WINTER GARDEN, CONSERVATORIES,
AND STORE-ROOM.

SALE STARTS AT 11.30.

FURNITURE AUCTION
AT SALEROOMS, 16 PARNELL (RUTLAND) SQUARE, DUBLIN,
WEDNESDAY NEXT, 29TH INST., AT 2 O'CLOCK P.M.

Embracing: SUPERB PIANO, by SCHIEDMAYER, in SPLENDID TONE and CONDITION; VERY FINE 8-day, by COLLARD and COLLARD; GRANDFATHER'S HALL CLOCK, DOME HEAD, BRASS DIAL, IN INLAID SHERATON CASE, A MAGNIFICENT SPECIMEN of the CLOCKMAKER'S ART; OLD ENGLISH BRACKET REPEATER CLOCK, and SEVERAL OTHER CLOCKS in MARBLE; a vast Collection of Household Furniture, embracing Dining and Dressing Tables, several handsome Wardrobes, Cabinets in Mahogany, three Sewing Machines, Hall Stand, several Double and Single Beds and Bedding, Bronze Group, several Pictures, Engravings, &c.; Milner and other Safes, choice lot of Carpets and Curtains, two superior Drawingroom Suites, Kitchen Utensils, and Miscellaneous Effects.—Pianos, Clocks, and Safes selling at 4 o'clock. Terms—Cash and Five per cent. Fees.

ON VIEW ALL DAY TO-MORROW.

WALSH, BECKETT, & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS & VALUERS, 16 PARNELL (RUTLAND) SQUARE, DUBLIN.

BELFAST.

FOR SALE as a Going Concern or LET on Long Lease,

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL,

in good position; large family and commercial connection; 5 Reception and 50 Bedrooms; ample Stock-rooms.

Principals only need apply,
W. B. McKEE, Estate Agent,
1 DONEGALL SQUARE, EAST, BELFAST.

KILFRUSH DISPERSAL SALE.

HIGHLY important and attractive Dispersal Sale of the Entire Herds of Fashionably Bred Pedigree SHORTHORN AND ABERDEEN ANGUS CATTLE, 80 HEAD, and 21 CLYDESDALE MARES, FILLIES, and GELDINGS,

the property of Francis J. B. Gubbins, Esq., Kilfrush, Knocklong, Co. Limerick.

The Sale will take place at the R.D.S. Bloodstock Paddocks, Ballsbridge, Dublin, on WEDNESDAY, 29th NOVEMBER, 1922, at 12 o'clock noon.

Catalogues may be had on application to

JOYCE, MACKIE & CO.,
Auctioneers and Live Stock Salesmen,
EYRE SQUARE, GALWAY,
or to
GAZE & JESSOP,
AUCTIONEERS, MARYBOROUGH;
And 10 BURGH QUAY, DUBLIN.

"ROCKLANDS," TRAMORE,
CO. WATERFORD.

ATTRACTIVE, SEMI-DETACHED TWO-STOREYED RESIDENCE, WITH EVERY MODERN REQUIREMENT, CHARMINGLY SITUATED, WITH UNBROKEN VIEWS OF TRAMORE BAY.

HELD FOR EVER FREE OF RENT.
IMMEDIATE VACANT POSSESSION.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, on the Premises, on THURSDAY, 14th DECEMBER, 1922, at 1 o'clock (if not previously disposed of by Private Treaty).

The beautifully situated compact Residence known as No. 2 Rocklands, Tramore, with garden, held for ever free of rent, in perfect condition, with all modern improvements, containing drawingroom, diningroom, breakfast room, four bedrooms, bathroom, with hot and cold water; linen press, 2 w.c.'s, servant's room, pantry, larder, kitchen, gas cooker, and new range. Five minutes' walk from station, church, and golf links.

Inspection any day by appointment.

For further particulars apply to
DOBBYN and McCOY, Solicitors, Colbeck street, Waterford, or to
THOMAS WALSH,
Auctioneer and Valuer,
80 and 81 QUAY, WATERFORD.

ON VIEW TO-DAY.
"NULLAMORE," GREYSTONES.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT SALE OF
ANTIQUE AND MODERN HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND APPOINTMENTS, OIL PAINTINGS, ENGRAVINGS, DRAWINGS, PLATED WARE, DECORATIVE CHINA.

WM. MONTGOMERY and SON are instructed TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
On the Premises, as above,
On WEDNESDAY NEXT, 29th INST.,
THE ENTIRE CONTENTS OF THE RESIDENCE,
As already fully advertised.

Wm. MONTGOMERY & SON
Auctioneers and Valuers,
GAINSBORO' HOUSE, 24 SUFFOLK STREET, DUBLIN.

STORE CATTLE SALES
AT 50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN,
EVERY THURSDAY.
GAVIN LOW, LTD.,

STORE CATTLE SALES
EVERY THURSDAY.
R. & J. WILKINSON,
40/41 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

GREENOGUE, KILSALLAGHAN.
(Eight miles from Cattle Market.)
150 ACRES.

Of above Prime Lands will be Let by Auction on Wednesday, 29th November, for Mrs. N. J. Kelly, in the following divisions: North Lands, 97a. 2r. Op.; Ballaghsweery, 42a. 1r. Op.; Seven Acres; 6a. 3r. 26p.

Sale to Commence at 12 noon in Farmyard.

ROBERT CRAIGIE,
37 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

EXECUTORS' SALE—ELIZABETH MARY RYAN, DECEASED.
SALE WEDNESDAY, 13TH DECEMBER.

MESSRS. CORRIGAN and CO. have been instructed by the Executors of above-named Deceased TO SELL BY AUCTION, on above date, at their SALEROOMS, 4 GRAFTON STREET, at the hour of 1.30 p.m., the following VALUABLE HOUSES AND WELL-SECURED CHIEF RENTS:—

20 & 21 EMORVILLE SQUARE

(Formerly known as 20 and 21 St. Kevin's Parade.)

ALSO 22 AND 23 ST. KEVIN'S PARADE (OFF STH. CIRCULAR ROAD)

At to 20 and 21 Emorville square, held under Lease for 900 years from 1879, and as to 22 and 23 St. Kevin's Parade, for a like term from 1879, subject to £6 each, or £12 for both lots.

RENTAL.

20 Emorville square, let to weekly tenant at	£0 14 10	Val. £13
21 Emorville square, let to weekly tenant at	0 15 0	Val. £14
22 St. Kevin's Parade. Vacant	0 15 0	Val. £14
23 St. Kevin's Parade, let to weekly tenant at	0 15 0	Val. £14
Total Weekly Rents	£2 19 10	Val. £55

These Houses show a Profit Rent of £37 15s. 0d. after paying Ground Rents and Taxes. Will be Sold in one or separate lots, to suit the convenience of intending purchasers.

The following WELL-SECURED RENTS will also be Sold in 6 Lots:—

LOT 1.—HEAD RENT of £15 per annum, payable out of Houses and Premises, 123 and 125 Parnell terrace, South Circular road. Held, with other premises, under Lease dated 2nd March, 1898, for 500 years.

LOT 2.—GROUND RENT of £6 per annum, payable out of House and Premises, No. 104 Phibsborough road. Held under Lease dated 22nd September, 1890, for 238 years, indemnified against rent.

LOT 3.—HEAD RENT of £8 per annum, out of House and Premises, 26 O'Connell avenue. Held, with other premises, under Lease dated 9th July, 1878, for a term of 350 years, at the yearly rent of £24, but indemnified against the residue of said rent by Premises, 25 and 25 O'Connell avenue.

LOT 4.—PROFIT RENT of £6, payable out of Houses and Premises, 50, 52 and 54 Mornington road, Ranelagh. Held under Lease dated 26th February, 1898, at the yearly rent of £6. Sub-let under 3 Leases at £12 yearly.

LOT 5.—PROFIT RENT of £17 7s. 4d., payable out of Houses and Premises, 3 and 4 Summerhill. Held under Lease dated 7th April, 1815, for 900 years, at the head rent of £10 (then currency), and a Lease dated 3rd October, 1821, for 300 years, subject to £6 (then currency) adjusted to £14 2s. 8d. Sub-let under Lease for 800 years from 8th November, 1821, at the yearly rent of £34 2s. 6d. (then currency), adjusted to £31 10s. Od.

Conditions of Sale are in course of preparation, and may be had in due course on application to SAMUEL KERR, Solicitor for Executors, 43 Dame street; or from

CORRIGAN & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS,
4 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

'PHONE 2259.

CARPETS. CARPETS. CARPETS.

AUCTION TO-MORROW (TUESDAY), 1 O'C.,
AT COX'S AUCTION ROOMS, 29 BACHELOR'S WALK,
A VALUABLE STOCK OF

EASTERN, CONTINENTAL, AND BRITISH CARPETS,

Comprising over 200 lots of Genuine Turkey, Anatolian, Indian, Malabar, Calcutta, Ellore, and Mirzapore Carpets; Anglo-Turkey, Super-Wilton, Seamless Axminster, and Brussels Squares, of beautiful design, and sizes from 6ft. x 6ft. to about 18ft. x 15ft.; also a large variety of beautiful Persian Rugs, Billiard Table Surrounds, Hall and Corridor Rugs, All-Wool Reversible Bedroom and other Rugs, and several Rolls of fine Axminster and Wilton Stair Carpeting, from 18in. to 36in. wide, sold in lengths as required. On View To-day. Catalogues free on application. Commissions executed. Telephone 2661.

JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER & VALUER.

ARDAGH HOUSE, ARDAGH, CO. LONGFORD.

UNDER INSTRUCTIONS FROM REV. SIR GEORGE RALPH FETHERSTON, BART.
ON TO-MORROW (TUESDAY) AND WEDNESDAY,
COMMENCING AT TWELVE O'CLOCK,
THE ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE
AND OTHER APPOINTMENTS OF THE MANSION.

Including: A Set of Mahogany Chippendale Chairs, with Morocco leather seats; Dining Tables on Economy Frames, Old Brass-bound Plate Buckets and Wine Coolers, Fire Screens, Turkey and Wilton Carpets, Chesterfield Couches and Easy Chairs, upholstered in saddlebags and other materials; Antique Mahogany Writing and Card Tables, Dwarf Bookcases and Cabinets, End-of-room, Musical, and Cheval Mirrors; Sheraton and Chippendale-style Bureaus, Revolving Bookstands, Satinwood Settee and 8 Pastedils, Carved Oak Hall Furniture, Barograph, Oil Paintings and Water-Colours, Ornamental China, Brass Fenders, Antique Mahogany Wardrobes and Drawers, Break-front Mirror-door Do., Oak and Satin Walnut Suites, Single and Double Brass Bedsteads and Bedding, a quantity of excellent Blankets, Eiderdowns, etc.; Sheraton Dressing Tables; Cretonne, Damask, and Lace Curtains; Toilet Ware, and other Bedroom Appointments; Table Glass and China, Plated and Ormolu Lamps, Brass Floor do.

MAY BE VIEWED ON TO-DAY by Card only, price 1/- each.

AND A SMALL LIBRARY OF BOOKS.

Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fees.

BENNETT & SON, LIMITED, Auctioneers and Valuers, 6 UP. ORMOND QUAY, DUBLIN.

74 RUSSELL AVENUE,

OFF JONES'S ROAD.
WEDNESDAY NEXT, 29th NOVEMBER.
AUCTION SALE OF MODERN FURNITURE, PIANO, ETC., ALL IN BRIGHT CLEAN CONDITION, and Comprising:—Collard Upright Grand Piano, rosewood case; Easy and Inlaid Occasional Chairs, Wheeler and Wilson Threadle Sewing Machine, Mah. Lonis and Occasional Tables, Mah. Revolving Bookcase, Oak Hall Table, Mah. Overmantels, Axmin. and Brussels Room and Stair Carpets, Fleece Rugs, Curtains, Pictures, Books, Brass Fenders, and Coal Boxes; Fumed Oak Mirror-back Sideboard, Walnut 8ft. Telescope Dinner Table, and 6 Dining Chairs, in Morocco; Clock, American Walnut Bedroom Suite, Walnut Duchess Chest Drawers, 3 B. and I. Bedsteads, Spring and Hair Mattresses, Blankets, and Bedding; Toilet Ware, Commode, Table Glass and China, Kitchen Furniture and Utensils, Good Mangle; Garden and Carpenter's Tools, Gent's Sunbeam Cycle, Lady's Cycle, etc. On View Morning of Sale, 10 till 12. Sale Wednesday Next, 29th November, at 12 o'clock. Delivery Immediately after Sale. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fees.

JAMES ADAM & SONS,
Auctioneers and Valuers,
17 MERRION ROW, & 19 STEPHEN'S GREEN.

TOWN OF BLESSINGTON,
COUNTY WICKLOW.
IMPORTANT SALE OF WELL-KNOWN
LICENSED PREMISES
AND
PRIME FARM OF FATTENING LANDS.

DENIS BRENNAN and SON have been favoured with instructions from Mr. Thomas Byrne, to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on the Premises, at BLESSINGTON, on WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 6th, 1922, at 2 o'clock punctually (in consequence of the detention of the Vendor by the military authorities):

LOT 1.—That Piece of Ground in the Town of Blessington, with the Licensed Premises and Buildings thereon, containing 1a. 0r. 27p., or thereabouts, S.M. (as lately in the occupation of Mr. John Wallace), situate in the Townsland of Blessington, Barony of Lower Talbotstown, and County of Wicklow, held under Lease for 31 years from the 1st day of November, 1920, subject to a yearly rent of £30, payable half-yearly. These Premises are situate in one of the best positions in this important business town, monthly fairs and weekly markets). The Owner and his predecessor in title carried on a most lucrative general business in said house for upwards of 30 years, and every proof of a very large turn-over can be given to prospective purchasers. There is good living accommodation, with private hall-door entrance, good garden, yard, and suitable, substantially-built slated out-offices, all in perfect repair, and do not require one penny outlay.

LOT 2.—Part of the Lands of Blessington Demesne, containing 30a. 1r. 9p., or thereabouts, S.M., situated in the Electoral Division of Blessington, Barony of Talbotstown Lower, and County of Wicklow, held in Fee-simple, subject to an annuity of £27 9s. 4d., commencing to run from the 1st December, 1910, and payable half-yearly to the Irish Land Commission, pursuant to Section 45 of the Irish Land Act, 1903, until an advance of £845 shall have been repaid. The Vendor is registered as Owner of the above Lands, which are comprised in Folio No. 2474 of the County Wicklow. Free from Rabbits.

This Desirable Farm is in a high state of cultivation, well fenced, and equally suitable for grazing and tillage. The Lands are at present in the very best condition, being in a high state of cultivation, nicely laid ont. There is good fence, shelter, and water throughout. There is a good Farmyard and extensive Out-offices and Cattle Sheds on the Farm.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to

DANIEL P. O'CONNOR, Esq., Solicitor, Naas, and 16 Henry street, Dublin; or to
DENIS BRENNAN & SON,
Auctioneers, etc.,
KILCULLEN, CO. KILDARE.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.
MILLTOWN, NEWBRIDGE,
CO. KILDARE.
SALE OF VALUABLE
LICENSED PREMISES AND
FARM OF LANDS.

DENIS BRENNAN and SON have been favoured with instructions from R. J. O'Connell, Esq. (who is retiring from business) to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION on an early date (if not previously disposed of by Private Treaty), his Interest in a Seven-day Retail Spirit and Grocery Business, with Dwellinghouse, etc., and 12 Acres somd Feeding Lands attached, all held subject to £32 per year.

The Premises are in full working order, and doing an extensive general business. The Buildings are in perfect repair, and do not require one penny outlay.

For full particulars and Orders to View apply to
DENIS BRENNAN & SON,
Auctioneers, etc.,
KILCULLEN, CO. KILDARE.

PRIVATE TREATY.

SEVERAL RESIDENTIAL FARMS of various sizes for Sale in Counties Kildare and Wicklow.

For full particulars apply to
DENIS BRENNAN & SON,
Auctioneers, etc.,
KILCULLEN, CO. KILDARE.

LARNE HARBOUR, COUNTY ANTRIM, IRELAND.
SUBSTANTIAL FACTORY
FOR SALE.

FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION, within the Central Hall, Rosemary street, Belfast, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th DECEMBER NEXT, at 12 o'clock noon, ALL and WHOLE that valuable new erection which was built for an Ice Factory, and is erected on that piece of ground situate at Larne Harbour, County Antrim, containing in front, towards Fleet street, 200 feet, more or less, at the rear 200 feet, and in front along Olderfleet road 75 feet, and at rear 75 feet. Held under lease from Larne Harbour, Limited, for the term of 5,000 years from 1st May, 1920, subject to the yearly rent of £100, and also subject to the covenants and conditions contained in said lease. The Building is well and substantially built and roofed with slates. The main portion is 56 feet 6 inches by 40 feet 6 inches, and the entire room is 52 feet by 27 feet. The upset price has been fixed at the ridiculously low sum of £500, to ensure competition. Immediate entry can be given.

The Premises can be inspected, and further particulars obtained by application to

JAMES WALKER,
AUCTIONEER, POINT STREET, LARNE.

For Title and Conditions of Sale apply to
THOMAS M. HUNTER, Solicitor, Stranraer, Liquidator, Irish Trawler Co., Ltd. (in liquidation); or to
HUGH TODD, Solicitor, Stranraer.

MONDAY, 4th DECEMBER, 1922.
RESIDUE OF FURNITURE
AND EFFECTS,

29 MOREHAMPTON ROAD, DONNYBROOK.

Principally comprising:—Screw Dining Table (3 loose leaves), Walnut Occasional Tables, Registered Writing Table; 2 Easy Chairs, in rupp and velvet; Wicker Armchair, Walnut Overmantel, Bordered Carpets, Ali-Brass Kerb and Brasses, 3 Bentwood Chairs, Dark Oak Hall Stand and 2 Hall Chairs, 2 Enamelled Bedroom Suites, Birch Bedroom Suite, number Painted and Stained Presses (some half hanging), Contents of Servant's Room, Kitchen Tables, Chairs, Dresser, Drainer, etc.; Large 2-Door Meat Safe, Double Ladder, etc.; Outdoor Effects including 3 Garden Seats, very fine Dog Kennel, Barrow, Materials for Bicycle Shed, including Galvanized Iron Roof, etc.

Sale at 11.30 sharp. Delivery after Sale.

W. J. HOLDEN,
Auctioneer,
SAINT ANDREW STREET, DUBLIN.

IMPORTANT AND ATTRACTIVE EXECUTOR'S SALE.
COMPACT TWO-STOREY COTTAGE RESIDENCE WITH CHOICE COLLECTION OF FURNITURE.
72 HEYTESBURY STREET.

PATRICK O'CONNOR and SON are favoured with instructions from the Executor of the late Margaret Behan, to SELL BY AUCTION, on the Premises, 72 HEYTESBURY STREET, ON
NEXT MONDAY, 4th DEC.,
ALL THE INTEREST IN THE ABOVE.
DESCRIPTIVE PARTICULARS.

THE RESIDENCE, which is a very neat and compact one, with plenty of light and air, is substantially built, with nice enclosed yard, and garden at side and rear, situate on the corner of Heytesbury and Grantham Streets, adjacent to the 14d. stage on four tram services, convenient to all places of worship, and schools; contains six large apartments. Held under lease for 999 years from 29th September, 1850, subject to a rent of £16 7s. 6d., but indemnified from 70 and 71 Heytesbury street against £10 13s. 4d. thereof, leaving the rent payable only £5 6s. 8d. Poor Law Valuation, £20 0s. 0d. Clear possession will be given to purchaser.

SALE AT 12 O'CLOCK SHARP.
IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE SALE OF THE PREMISES,
THE ENTIRE CONTENTS OF THE HOUSE
WILL BE OFFERED,

Comprising:—Mahogany Spiral-leg Sideboard, Round and Oval Tables, Mahogany Bureau Bookcase, Sheraton Rail-back Chairs, Mahogany Dining and Carved-back Chairs, Old Dublin-made Grandfather Clock, Walnut Mirror-back Sideboard, Brass and Iron Beds and Bedding, Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Bedroom Ware, Linen, Blankets, Curtains, etc.; Old French Cottage Piano, Engravings and Coloured Prints, Kitchen Utensils, Dinner and Tea Services, and Miscellaneous Lots.

Terms at Sale. The Premises will be open for inspection on the day preceding day fixed for Sale.

For all further particulars, Conditions of Sale, and Orders to View, apply to

Messrs. G. D. POTTRELL and SON, Solicitors for Executor, 46 Fleet street; or to THE AUCTIONEERS,
PATRICK O'CONNOR & SON,
Auctioneers and Salesmasters,
49 QUEEN STREET, DUBLIN.

SALES BY PRIVATE TREATY.

SAINTFIELD, CO. DOWN.

"THE TOWN OF SAINTS."
NINE MILES FROM BELFAST.
CLEAN, HEALTHY, PEACEFUL, HAPPY.

WE are instructed to OFFER FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY,

All those substantial, compact, extensive, up-to-date Farms, known as "CURRAGH'S" CORN AND FLAX MILLS,

CONVENIENT TO RAILWAY STATION.

Containing large, airy Lofting Accommodation, Electric Dynamo and Fittings throughout, powerful Lancashire Boiler, with Machinery and storage capacity, competent to clean 150 stones of flax and residue per day of 10 hours, all under cover. Grain Grinding, Drying, and Storage, equally commodious; large Water Dam and rights; together with

Eight Acres of rich old Pasture, 2 roods, 27 perches of which is fee-simple, and free of rent, the whole held for ever under Fee-Farm Grant, dated 11th November, 1918, at the low yearly rent of £6 16/6. Rateable valuation, £47.

Ideal situation, F. C. Roads. Land is specially situated for prospective villa sites for Belfast business gentlemen desiring a country residence. Buildings ample for converting into spinning, weaving, bleaching, or other purposes. Large loft, suitable for a hem-stitching factory, if desired. Labour supply ample in town adjacent.

The above offers a rare opportunity of securing a lucrative investment at a reasonable price. Signs of a flax revival are already in evidence, and will prove prophetic as time goes on. Farmers, spinners, and operatives have reason to deplore its scarcity. Immediate possession on completion of purchase.

Offers (in writing) will be received up to SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30th, by the Auctioneers, from whom arrangements to view, apply

RUSSELL 'Phone—Newtownards, 45.
AND
NIBLOCK,
2 REGENT STREET, NEWTOWNARDS.
For Title, etc., apply
Messrs. MOORHEAD and WOOD, Solicitors, Bora, Rosemary street, Belfast, having Carriage of Sale.

HOUSES AND LANDS.

FARMS IN ULSTER,
FOR SALE,
FROM 20 TO 100 ACRES.

Apply to
KYLE & YOUNG,
Auctioneers,
OMAGH, CO. TYRONE.

HOUSES AND LANDS, ENGLAND, SCOTLAND, AND WALES.

DAIRY AND GRAZING FARMS
FOR SALE IN THE WEST OF
ENGLAND.

Our Printed Register sent on receipt of sixpenny postal order.

Easy Terms of Purchase Arranged and Possession.

Also List of PRIVATE HOUSES AND BUSINESS PREMISES FOR SALE.

Send particulars of requirements to C. J. HOLE and SONS, Land Agents, Bark street, Bristol.

LIVERPOOL.

BELVIDERE Road, Princes Park—Very fine Town Residence for Sale, with vacant possession. Accommodation: 3 entertaining rooms, 6 bedrooms, bathroom, etc.; large ground floor kitchen, usual offices. Freehold. Price only £800. Apply to Messrs. W. F. Benson, 7 Union Court, Cook street, Liverpool.

HOUSES AND LANDS.

DOCKRELL LIMITED.

Clyde and Raglan Roads—(VICINITY)—A REALLY CHARMING HOUSE FOR SALE at Reduced price, with possession; perfect order, fine garden, motor house, electric light, fine hall, 4 delightful reception rooms, 4 bedrooms, 2 maids' rooms, bathroom, etc.; mountain views. Apply Dockrell Limited.

St. Catherine's Terrace, S.C.R.—ONE OF THESE POPULAR HOUSES. Price moderate. Immediate possession; 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, maid's room, hot bath, garden. Very well built.—Dockrell Limited, Agents.

Baggot Street, Lower—ATTRACTIVE, SELF-CONTAINED GROUND FLOOR FLAT TO LET, Unfurnished. Rent £90 and taxes; 2 sitting rooms, 2 bedrooms, maid's room, hot bath, kitchen, pantries, scullery, electric light; nice garden; telephone. Seen by appointment with Dockrell Limited, Agents, Dublin.

Glenageary—NICE MODERN HOUSE for Sale, £900; 4 bedrooms, 2 reception rooms, servant's room, hot bath, 2 w.c.'s, garden front and rear; ground rent £3 2s. 6d. Apply Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

Grafton Street—Upper part, containing 7 rooms; separate entrance; electric light; gas fires. Rent £200 and taxes.—Dockrell Limited, Agents.

DOCKRELL LIMITED,
HOUSE AGENTS,
38 & 39 STH. GT. GEORGE'S ST.

FOR SALE IN
NORTHERN IRELAND,

MODERN OATMEAL and MAIZE MILL, in town of 8,000 population, adjoining seaboard, having direct regular communication by steamer with cross-Channel ports.

Mill is situated in close proximity to railway station, and in first-class oat-growing district.

POWER—Modern Section Gas Plant and Water Power equal to 100 h.p.

PLANT—Walworth and Flathead Kilns H. and H. Oatmeal Grindery and Oatmeal Plant complete; also Greenhill Maize Grinder and Plant complete; own Electric Light.

Entirely re-built seven years ago, has old-established business connection, actively maintained to date.

Can be seen working, and further particulars can be obtained on application to

E. BUCKLEY,
53 DONEGALL PLACE,
BELFAST.

Delightful Dance Frocks

FOR

Christmas Festivities.

BEAUTIFUL MODEL GOWNS IN

Panne Velvet,
Crepe Marocain,
and Georgette,

Introducing the Newest Effects.

All-silk Chiffon Taffetas Frocks

Lovely All-silk Chiffon Taffetas Frocks, new shades of Peach, Rust, Gold, Azure, Copper, Flame, Lemon, new French Ruchings, brilliant side and waist effect,

25/6, 29/6, 39/6

Crepe-de-Chene Frocks

Charming Crepe-de-Chene Frocks, copies from exclusive models represent extraordinary value, lovely range of colours, including Tortoiseshell, Jade, Nattier, Coral, New Blue, Oyster, Cherry, Fuchsia, Ochre,

29/6, 39/6

Maids' Frocks

Young Ladies' Simple Dance Frocks, in Soft All-silk Merv or Pailette, pretty youthful colourings, very dainty - - -

21/-

Afternoon Frocks

Chiffon Velvet Afternoon Frocks, good quality velvet pile, rich soft colourings, embroidered contrasting shades

29/6, 39/6

Luxurious Fur Wraps, Coats, Stoles, and the fashionable Animal Shape Ties; beautiful specimens of Fox, Skunk, and Siberian Wolf, very deep in Fur and of exceptionally beautiful fineness.

W. Holmes
Dublin, Ltd.,
69, 70, 71
Sth. Gt. George's St.

(CONTINUED